APPLICATION FOR PERMIT	PER	MIT ISSUED
B.O.C.A. USE GROUP	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	AUG 20 1885
B.O.C.A. TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION		1, 20 6 3
ZONING LOCATION IR-2 PERTLAND, VAINE Oct.	304. T. GH	Of Portland.
To the CHIEF OF BUILDING & INSPECTION SERVICES, PORTLAND, MAINE The undersigned hereby applies for a permut to erect, alter, repair, demolish, move o equipment or change use in accordance with the Laws of the State of Maine, the Portle Ordinance of the City of Portland with plans and specifications, if any, submitted he LOCATION 87-II- 38 A Street Peaks Island 1. Owner's name and address .John Martin - same. 2. Lessee's name and address 3. Contractor's name and address 3. Contractor's name and address	erewith and the form of the fire I Tele Tele Tele Tele Tele Tele Tele	ollowing specifications:- District #1 [], #2 [] phone 744:59.95 phone
		NO. OI SHECKS
Proposed use of building dwelling Last use same		lo. families
Mr rial	Kooi	mg
Other buildings on same lot	Appeal Fees	\$
Estimated comments of \$ 1000	Base Fee	35.00
FIELD INSPECTOR—Mr@ 775-5451	Late Fee	
•	TOTAL "	
To construct addition to existing dwelling	10176	
as perplans, I sheet of plans. addition is for	Stamp of	Special Conditions
bathroom send rermit to # 3 04108- 1199	;	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	4.	
NOTE TO APPLICANT: Separate permits are required by the installers and subco	ntractors of heat	ing, piumbing, eiectricai
and mechanicals.		
	-	- N
DETAILS OF NEW WORK		
Is any plumbing involved in this work? . yes Is any electrical work in	volved in this wo	ork?yes
Is connection to be made to public sewer? If not, what is proposed Has septic tank notice been sent? Form notice sent?		
Height average grade to top of plate Height average grade to	highest point of	roof
Size, front depth No. stories solid or filled land	?eai	rth or rock?
Size, front depth No. stories solid or filled land Material of foundation Thickness, top bottom Kind of roof Roof Roof Cover No. of chimneys Material of chimneys of lining Framing Lumber—Kind Dressed or full size? Corner processes of the control of the contr	ring	The state of the s
No. of chimneys	Kind of heat	fuel
Framing Lumber-Kind Dressed or full size? Corner	oosts	Sills
Stide Girder	and flat roof spa	n over 8 feet.
The floor and affective of the floor	d	1001
On centers: Ist floor	[Q	height?
Charles of the filters that the state of the control of the contro		
Con No cars now accommodated on sait e lot to be accommodated number c	ommercial cars to	be accommodated
Will automobile repairing be done other than minor repairs to cars habitually stor	ed in the propos	ed outlings
APPROVALS BY ABUILDING INSPECTION—PLAN EXAMINER Will work require dis	turping of any tre	e on a public street?
ZONING OF MATE: aug 20, 1986	A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH	
BUILDING CODE.	ge of the above	york a person competent
BUILDING INSPECTION—PLAN EXAMINER ZONING BUILDING CODE Will there be in char to see that the State Health Dept.	and Ciry require	ments pertaining therefore
Others:		
Signature of Applicant	A Ph	one # Same
Type Name of above Jackson & Casey C	orp.	₩ D 2 D 3 Q x 4 C
Health Dept. are observed? Others: Signature of Applicant. Type Name of above Jackson & Casey Of Applicant and Addatother a	ne in the feet of the	
and /	\ddress	
	FFICE FILE COP	
FIELD INSPECTOR'S COPY APPLICANT'S COPY	FFICE FILE COP	YN WEST THE STATE OF THE STATE

NOTES Alteration l ocation CITY OF PORTLAND, MAINE

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS



MERRILL S. SELTZER Chairman

MICHAEL E. WESTORT

ROBERT J. GAUDREAU THOMAS F. JEWELL EUGENE S. MARTIN DAVID L. SILVERNAIL

John C. Knox

August 22, 1986

RE: 87-II-38 A Street - Peaks Island

766-5005

Mr. John C. Martin

A Street

Peaks Island, Maine 04108

A building permit has been issued and mailed to Jackson and Casey for your bathroom addition on your residence at A 3treet on Peaks Island.

The variance appeal has therefore been withdrawn from the August 21st agenda of the Board of Appeals.

Sincerely,

Harren J. Turner

Zoning Enforcement Inspector

/el

cc: Merrill Seltzer, Chairman, Board of Appeals
Joseph E. Gray, Jr., Director of Planning and Urban Development
Alexander Jaegerman, Chief Planner
P. Samuel Hoffses, Chief of Inspection Services
Arthur Addato, Code Enforcement Officer

389 CONGRESS STREET . PORTLAND, MAINE 04101 . TELEPHONE (207) 775-5451

(C) - - - - (1) 1 - - - - - (1) CITY OF PORTLAND, MAINE

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS



MERRILL S. SELTZER Chairman

MICHAEL E. WESTORT Secretary

ROBERT J. GAUDREAU THOMAS F. JEWELL EUGENE S. MARTIN DAVID L. SILVERNAIL

John C. Knox

AFTERNOON APPEAL AGENDA

The Board of Appeals will hold a public hearing in Room 209, Gity Hall, Portland, Maine Thursday afternoon, August 21, 1986 at 4:00 P.M. to hear the following appeals:

1. Unfinished Business

Variances:

Space and Bulk: (Section 14-473(c)) of the Ordinance must be met by the following requests:

87-II-38 A Street, Peaks Island, John C. Martin To permit construction of an 973" X 5" addition to be used for a shower and hot water heater. This lot contains 2666 square feet of land area and the proposed side yard is 10 feet instead of the required 20 feet in width. The Board questioned whether Section 14-436 Building Extensions might offer some relief in this matter.

Conditi nal Use Appeal:

70-76 Summit Street AKA 68 Summit Street - Leslie Newton - This applicant is petitioning the Board of Appeals to grant a conditional use to enable im to construct a sunroom, deck, preezeway and garage with a Mother-in-La apartment in the R-2 single family zone not allowed because such a use is a conditional use in the R-2 Residence Zone as provided in Section 14-78(1)b. and Section 14-474(3)c(1) of the Zoning Ordinance. The Board postponed this item in order to allow for additional consideration and possible redesign of the proposal by the applicant, who was represented by John Carr, his son-in-law.

The Board will recess for winner until 7 p.m. August 21, 1986.

Jackson & Casey Corporation GENERAL CONTRACTING - PLUMBING & HEATING ISLAND AVENUE PEAKS ISLAND, MAINE 04108 CATHERINE B CASEY VICE PRESIDENT 766-2817 - 766 5537 ZDWARD L CASEY, PRESIDENT 786-2817 - 766-3537 87-II-38 15+12cf October 24, 1985 Mr. Arthur Addato, Bldg. Insp. City of Portland 389 Congress St. Portland, Maine 04101 Dear Arthur: Enclosed you will find a drawing for a small addition on John Martin's nouse, A St., Peaks

Please look it over and submit the necessary documercation to obtain a permit for us. The cost pll be \$3,000.00.

If you need any more information please call.

Edward L. Jasey

ELC/dm

Island.

DEM. OF BUILDING HICC.

Jo whom it may concien:

We the underign age suith

granting John C. Matter, owner of

puperty 87-11-18 A Sts., a variance
to allow him to build the

9'3" × 5' addition to the side of

Sustail-Karlen Ann Karlson Upper A St. Peaks Island

his cottage.

Upper & St. Perks, Col N. Porch : 0

CITY OF FORTLAND, MAINE

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS



MERRILL S. SELTZER Chairman

MICHAEL E. WESTORT Secretary

ROBERT J. GAUDREAU THOMA: F. JEWELL EUGENE 3. MARTIN: DAVIO L. SILVERNAIL

John C. Knox

87-II-38 A Street, Peaks Island

All persons interested either for or against this Space & Bulk Variance Appeal will be heard at a public hearing in Room 209, City Hall, Portland, Maine on Thursday acternoon, August 21, 1986 at 4:00 p.m. This notice of required public hearing has been sent to the owners of property directly abutting and directly across a street or alley from the property as required by the Ordinance.

John C. Martin, owner of the property at 87-II-38 A Street, under the provisions of Section 14-473(c)1 of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Portland, Maine hereby respectfully petitions the Board of Appeals to permit construction of 9'3" X 5' addition to side of cottage to be used for a shower and hot water heater at the above location, not allowed because Section 14-145.11(3)c. requires 20 feet side yard instead of the 10 feet setback shown on the plot plan for this proposed bathroom addition:

LEGAL BASES OF APPEAL: Such permit may be granted only if the Board of Appeals finds that the conditions imposed by Section 14-473(c)1 of the Zoning Ordinance have been met.

Michael Westort Secretary

CITY OF PORTLAND, MAINE ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS



MERRILL S. SELTZER Chairman

MICHAEL E. WESTORT

ROBERT J. GAUDREAU
THOMAS F. JEWELL
EUGENE S. MARTIN
DAVIO L. SILVERNALL
MICHAEL E. WESTORT
John C. Knox

June 16, 1986

RE: 87-11-38

Mr. John Martin 74 Washington Avenue Natick, Mass. 01760

Dear Mr. Martin:

A building permit can not be issued for your proposed bathroom addition on your cottage at A Street, Peaks Island, because the setbacks from the side and rear property lines are only 11 feet instead of 20 feet for the s_de yard and 25 feet for the rear yard setback.

We understand you way wish to petition the Board of Appeals for variances to allow your building addition to be built. The necessary application for a variance and relating materials are enclosed for your information.

Sincerely,

٠,

Warren J. Turner

Zoning Enforcement Inspector

WJT/el

Enclosures: As stated above

cc: Merrill Seltzer, Chairman, Board of Appeals
Joseph E. Gray, Jr., Director of Planning and Urban Development
P. Samuel Hoffses, Chief of Building Inspections
Arthur Addato, Code Enforcement Officer.

389 CONGRESS STREET, FORTLAND, MAINE 04101 TELEPHONE (207) 775.54515

Proposed Bathroom Addition for John Martin Lot #87-II-38, A. St. Peaks Island, Maine Property line 11' shwr 32" Existing Building .2" x 8" Floor joists
2" x 4" Studs in walls
2" x 6" Rafters
4" x 6" Posts on Sonotubes for foundation
Roof to be shed type Existing Blog APVITION NOTE: NOT DRAWN TO SCALE .ICT 2 8 1985 SITY OF PORTLAND





CITY OF PORTLAND

	,`
Peaks, Gl. REQUEST VARIANCE	F FOR APPEAL
Applicant's name and address: Jos	
74 Washington live Nat	Teh 2 0/760
Applicant's interest in property (e.g., owner, purchaser, etc.):
Owner's name and address (if diffe	exent):
Address of property (or Assessor's	
A ST. PEAKS ISLAND	# 87 11 LOT 18
Char	ent use: <u>SUMMER RESIDENCE</u> ge of use applicable)
Variance from: Section 14-	•
Relief requested from Board:	regiven
3	JUL 1 6 1986
 -	DEPT OF BUILDING INSPICTIONS CITY OF POPTLAND
NOTE: If site plan approval is require plan.	uired, attach preliminary or final
The undersigned hereby requestioned certifies that all information and correct to the best of his kn	sts a variance as above-described, on herein supplied by him is true, owledge and belief.
Dated: Luly 3-1914, 19	John Chartie St.

A lot in the IR-1 and IR-2 zones that was described in a subdivision plat approved by the planning board after July 15, 1982, shall be considered a buildable lot, provided that the applicable yard dimensions can be met (Code at 62, \$ 602.19.L.) Ord. No. 539-84, 5-7-84; Ord. No. 32-85, \$ 1, 7-15-85)

Sec. 14-434. Corner clearance.

No obstruction higher than three and one-haif (t) feet above the lowest elevation at the curbline shall be permuted on a corner lot with. The area of a triangle formed by a line intersecting the street lines of the intersecting streets at points twenty-five (25) feet from the corner. For the purpose of this section, the word "obstruction" shall mean any shrub, wall, fence, temporary building, sign, a pile of resterial, but shall not include permanent buildings or structures where permitted elsewhere in this article. (Cods 1938, § 602.19.M)

Sec. 14-425. Unsewered residential districts.

Where a lot in a residence zone is not served by public sewers and septic tank disposal systems are required, the minimum lot area required shall be determined from the following table, except that on the islands in Case. Bay, such variation as shall be approved by the hallh officer may be permitted in the minimum required lot areas:

Standard Percolation

Per	Rate of clution inutes)	Lot Arca Required (square fee	i
	3 4 5 10	8,400 8,500 0,100	
· .	30.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	11,800	,

Sec. 14-16. Enlitting expandional fe

A hullding existing on June 5, 1957, the height, yards and other open spaces of which confirmed with the provisions of the zoning redinance then in effect for new buildings may be writtened upward throughout its area to the full height per mitted herein for new buildings and year the extended horizontally provided the width and the depth of no yard or other open space which is less than that permitted herein is thereby reduced to less than the minimum width or depth of such yard or open space as existing on June 1, 1957. (Code 1968, \$ 602.19.0)

Surp. No. in

. .

yours of

PORTLAND CODE

§ 14-432

Sec. 14-432. Garages or accessory uses to dwelling, apartment or tenement houses.

The width of a side yard adjoining a garage need not be greater than the minimum side yard required for a building of its height. In addition, the following encroachments upon rear and side yards shall be permitted:

- (1) Detached garages or accessory structures not more than fifteen (15) feet in height which serve dwellings, apartment or tenement houses shall be permitted in required rear yards when occupying not more than thirty (30) per cent of the area of such yards or in required side yards if they do not extend from the rear wall of the principal building toward the front lot line more than twenty (20) per cent of the depth of that building. In no case shall any portion of such a garage of accessory structure be located closer to any lot line than as provided elsewhere in this article.
- (2) Garages or accessory structures attached to dwelling, apartmen' or tenement houses, or portions of such buildings for garage use only, may encroach upon required rear and side yards as provided for detached garages, but no such encroachment shall be located less than five (5) feet from any lot line.
- (3) Outdoor swimming pools accessory to dwellings, apartment houses, hotels or motels, shall be permitted on lots provided the following conditions are met:
 - n. No swimming pool shall be sited between a building and the street line.
 - b. No part of any swimming pool shall be located closer than ten (10) feet from the principal structure, nor closer than ten (10) feet from the side or rear lot lines. (Code 1968, § 602.19.K; Ord. No. 271-77, 5-16-77)

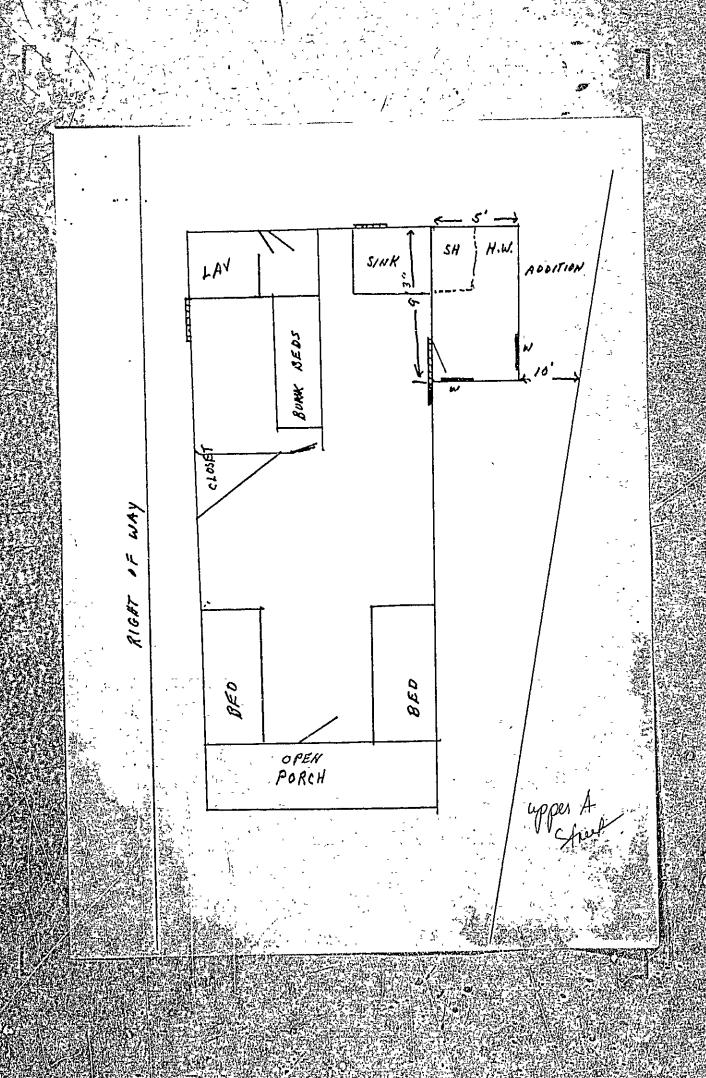
Sec. 14-433. Lots of record.

Any lot of record as of June 5, 1957, and held under separate and distinct ownership from adjacent lots and having a street frontage of forty (40) feet, or to which a means of access has been previously approved by the city council as provided elsewhere in this article, may be considered a buildable lot in any residential zone except as provided below for island residential zones, with a minimum lot size of five thousand (5,000) square feet except that a lot in the R-6 zone may have a minimum lot size of three thousand (3,000) square feet, provided that the applicable yard dimensions can be mez.

A lot in the R-1, R-2 or R-3 zone that was described in a subdivision plat approved by the planning board after June 5, 1981 or a lot of record that conformed to the applicable lot size requirement, lot width and street frontage as of June 5, 1984, shall be considered a buildable lot, provided that the applicable yard dimensions can be met.

Any lot of record as of July 15, 1985, and held under separate and distinct ownership from adjacent lots and meeting the applicable street frontage requirements of that time, may be considered a buildable lot in the IR-1 and IR-2 zones, provided that the applicable yard dimensions can be met, and provided further that a lot in the IR-1 zone shall have a minimum area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet and a lot in the IR-2 zone shall have a minimum area of six thousand five hundred (6,500) square feet unless it is served by a public sewer, in which case it shall have a minimum area of five thousand (5,000) square feet.

Supp. No. 10



June 20, 1956 Brand of appealer as the abutters (on the south side) of the property owned by John C. Martin (on Perfectioned) we have no objection what so ever to his execting said addition (on the west side) to his cottage We use that area as our drive (entrance) To our cottage; and said addition would not be coming as far out as the bush what is growing there now. upper ASt. William R. Martin Hair & martin

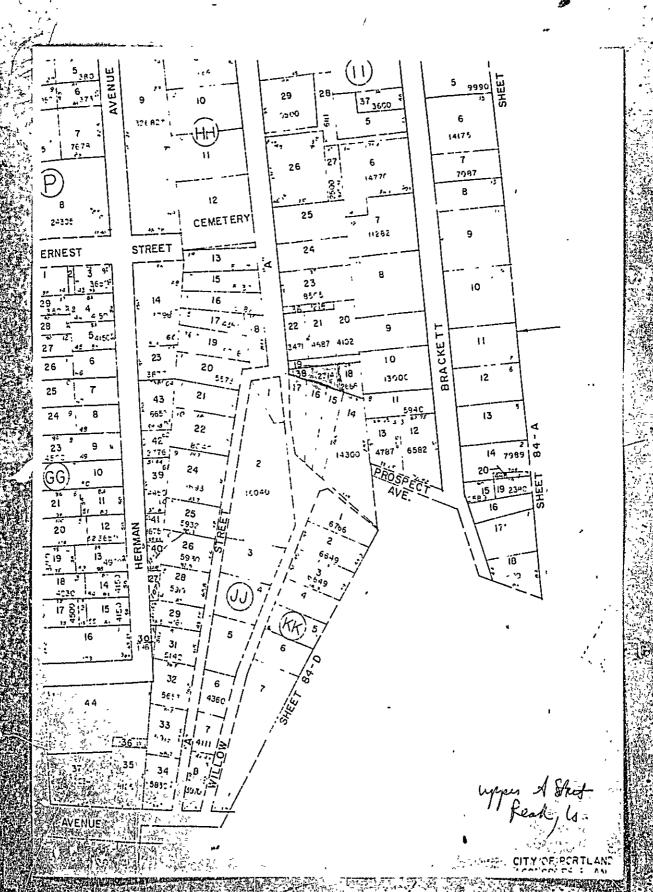
Upper A Street Peaks, Lol.

I John Martin am applying for a variance for an adollion to my cottage on Peaks Island. #97 Lot 18

- . The land and building are practically worthless with-
- I he land is a right triongle with approx 10 ft front
- 3 The variance will not after the character of the locality as the addition will face the back of adjoining cottoges.
- 4 The hardship is not the result of any previous action taken.

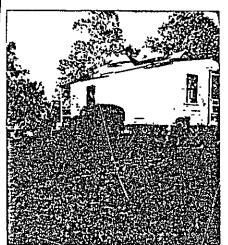
all summer, as it is now my wife and I have to go home after a week to shower. By wy' and I both have artheretis and it is very hard to take a spinger

John & Martin St.



.... **a**





upper A St.

CITY OF PORTLAND, MAINE

MEMORANDUM

To: Chairman and Members of the Board of Appeals

From: Christine Foster, Associate Corporation Counsel

Date: July 21, 1986

Subject: Findings of Fact and Final Vote

I enclose for your information a copy of the recent Law Court Decision, Marchi, et al v. the Town of Scarborough, et al, Decision No. 4186, decided July 11, 1986. In that case, the Court vacated a Superior Court judgment affirming the decision of the Town of Scarborough's Zoning Board of Appeals which denied an application for a set-back variance. The Court did so by reviewing the necessary findings of fact underlying the final tie vote denying the hardship variance. In doing so, the Court found that one of the Board members who denied the variance did so based upon a finding that the lot could yield a reasonable return, a finding that the Court found to be unsupported by the evidence. What the case suggests is a willingness on the part of the Court to review individual votes on independent necessary findings rather than simply relying on the final vote on the overall issue. The difficulty which this raises for our Board was identified in an earlier memo by David Lourie, Corporation Counsel, to the Mayor, Members of the City Council, Members of the Board of Appeals, and Members of the Planning Board, a copy which I have attached for your information. The scenario which Mr. Lourie posited in that earlier memo ha, been confirmed by the Marchi case. Therefore, it is even more urgent than before that the Board address this problem. It seems to me there are a variety of options available. They include the possibility that in the final . vote all Board members must adhere to the individual findings of fact made by the Board as a whole throughout their deliberation or the use of an administrative tally of those independent findings made by the Board in the form of the vote of at least four of its members and the declaration of the outcome based on that tally. Either approach would require, in my mind, an ordinance amendment.

I would be more than happy to discuss this matter with the Board at a time which they find convenient. In the interim, if you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me directly.

Chris

Christine Foster
Associate Corporation Counsel
Cridh

Co. Clark Neily, Acting City Manager
David A. Lourie, Corporation Counsel
Joseph E. Gray, Director of Planning
and Urban Development

gar i laye i i Marie e MAINE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

Reporter of Decisions Decision No. 4186 Lrw Docket No. Cum-85-502

PAUL AND JOANNE-MARCHI, et al.

. TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, et al. 1 ...

Argued May 6, 1986 Decided July 11, 1986

Before McKusick, C.J., and Nichols, Roberts, Wathen, Glassman, and Scolnik, JJ.

SCOlnik, J.

Plaintiffs Paul and Joanne Marchi and Francisca Hamilton appeal from a judgment of the Supe ior Court (Cumberland County) affirming a decision of the Town of Scarborough Zoning Board of Appeals (the Board) that denied the plaintiffs' application for a setback variance. The plaintiffs contend, inter alia, that they met their burden of proving that they would suffer "undue hardship" if the variances were not issued. We agree and vacate the judgment.

In February, 1985, the Marchis signed an agreement to purchase from Hamilton for \$16,000 a corner lot located in a residential zone in Scarborough, conditioned upon receiving a variance from the setback requirements of the Carborough Zoning Ordinance that would make the parcel a buildable lot. If the setback requirements for such a corner lot are strictly applied, the buildable portion of the lot would be limited to an area measuring five feet by nineteen feet. One of Hamilton's neighbors has indicated that he

Faul Tempicki is named as a defendant in his capacity as building inspector for the Town of Scarborough, along with the municipal corporation.

would be willing to pay \$3500 for the lot if unbuildable. After the Scarborough building inspector denied the Marchis a permit, they filed a variance appeal with the Board, as required by the town zoning ordinance. The Board denied the variance request by a tie vote of two to two. Pursuant to Rule 80B of the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure and 30 M.R.S.A. § 2411(3)(F) (1978), the plaintiffs appealed to the Superior Court. That court affirmed the Board's action. This appeal followed.

When the Superior Court acts as an intermediate appellate court reviewing the action of a Board of Appeals, as here, no presumption of validity attaches to its judgment and the Law Court vill directly examine the record as developed before the Board. Curtis v. Main, 482 A.2d 1253,1255 (Me. 1984); Mack v. Municipal Officers, 463 A.2d 717,719-20 (Me. 1983). We must determine whether the decision of the Board was unlawful, arbitrary, capricious, or unreasonable. Penobscot Area Hous. Dev. Corp. v. City of Brewer, 404 A.2d 14,21 (Me. 1981); Lippoth v. Zoning Bd. of Appeals, 311 A.2d 552,557 (Me. 1973).

Section V(B)(3) of the Scarborough Zoning Ordinance gives the Board the power to grant variances where "owing to special cond tions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of [the] Ordinance would result in undue hardship." A variance may be granted only by majority vote of those members present and voting. The Ordinance requirements with respect to undue hardship comport with the statutory prerequisites of 30 M.R.S.A. § 4963(3) (Supp. 1985-1986), which reads in pertinent part:

by the board only where strict application of the ordinance, or a provision the reof, to the petitioner and his property would: cause undue hardship. The words "undue hardship" as used in this subsection mean:

A. That the land in question cannot yield a reasonable return unless a variance is granted;
B. That the need for a variance is due to the unique circumstances of the property and not to the general conditions in the neighborhood;
C. That the granting of a variance will not alter the essential character of the locality; and
D. That the hardship is not the result of action taken by the applicant or a prior owner.

The Board unanimously found that the plaintiffs met statutory requirements C and D: that the variance approval would not alter the essential character of the locality and the hardship was not the result of the applicant's action. However, in support of his vote denying the variance, one of the Board members found that the Hamilton lot could yield a reasonable return in the absence of a variance, although in his view the three other criteria of "undue hardship" were met.² We conclude that because the evidence does not support this finding, the decision of the Board is unreasonable.³ See Lippoth, 311 A.2d at 557.

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We focus on this finding, and review it in the same manner as a finding of the Board, because if it is unsupportable, the work of this member, when corrected, must be deemed to provide the granting the variance.

Because only a majority vote is required for a variance approval, we do not address the negative finding of another Board member with respect to the unique circumstances requirement of the Ordinance. Cf. Curtis, 482 A.2d at 1258 n.6 (court not required to test Board's negative finding as to one of statutory.

This court has repeatedly recognized that reasonable return is not maximum return. See, e.g., Leadbetter, 485 A.2d at 227; Curtis, 482 A.2d at 1257; Barnard v. Zoning Bd. of Appeals, 313 A.2d 741,749 (Me. 1974). The standard for measuring reasonable return is whether "strict compliance with the terms of the Ordinance would result in the practical loss of substantial beneficial use of the land." Leadbetter, 485 A.2d at 228; see also Driscoll, 441 A.2d at 1029. Here, the record reveals, inter alia, that the property is strictly confined to residential use, is unbuildable unless the variance is granted, and the applicant is not an abutting own er. This record fully establishes the absence of any other beneficial use for this substandard lot. As in Driscoll, it clearly appears that literal adherence to the relevant setback restrictions, which would limit the size of the home to five feet by nineteen feet, would deprive the applicants of a reasonable return, and absent the variance, would result in the practical loss of the substantial beneficial use of the land. Compare Driscol? 441 A.2d at 1029 (proposed home limited to seventeen feet by : enty feet); see also Makel v. Zoning Bd. of Appeals, 2 Ill. App. 3d. 360, 276 N.E.2d 485 (1971) (seventeen feet wide residence on corner lot would yield reasonable return); BCL, Inc. V. West Bradford Township, 36 Pa. Commw. 96, 387 A.2d 970 (1978) (where lot too small to conform to minimum area requirements. enforcement of ordinance will sterilize the land creating necessary

criterion when Board's denial sustained absent proof of another of the requirements).

5

hardship to justify variance); Dentch v. Zoning Ed. of Review, 86 R.I. 219, 133 A.2d 718 (1957) (denial of variance rendering small lot unbuildable deprives owner of all beneficial use of land); cf. Cushing v. Smith, 457 A.2d 816,822 (Me. 1983) (where zoning restrictions would narrow the permitted uses of the property to single or two family residence, Board reasonably concluded that property would not yield a reasonable return because it was best suited to use as a multi-family residence)

The defendants contend, however, that the finding of reasonable return was supported by evidence of the potential and substantially lower offer made by a neighboring property owner. We disagree.

A variance to permit development of a substandard parcel may not be denied solely on the ground that the applicant had an offer of purchase. A landowner has the right to develop his land; he is not required to sell it.

3 Anderson, American Law of Zoning § 18.54, at 292 (2d ed. 1977). The fact that the property has a potential for sale to an abutting owner does not in and of itself derrogate from the applicants' clear showing that this parcel is not susceptible to a beneficial use. See Gougeon v. Board of Adjustment, 54 N.J. 136. 253 A.2d 806 (1969); Kent County Land Co. v. Zoning Bd. of Review, 100 R.I. 418, 216 A.2d 511 (1966); (opportunity to sell his land does not provide owner with a "land use" within the zoning concept); cf. Chirichello v. Zoning Bd. of Adjustment, 78 N.J. 544, 397 A.2d 646 (1979) (salability of Jand for fair price constitutes only one yardstick by which to measure undue hardship).

A CHARLES

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Because the Board could not reasonably find that the denial of the variance would not result in the practical loss of substantial beneficial use of the land, a majority of the Board must be deemed to have concluded that all four undue hardship criteria have been met. Accordingly, the plaintiffs are entitled to a variance. We find it unnecessary to address the plaintiffs' remaining arguments on appeal.

The entry is:

Judgment vacated.

Remanded to Superior Court with instructions to reverse the Board's decision denying the variance.

All concurring.

Attorney for Plaintiff:

MURRAY, PILMB & MURRAY John C. Bannon, Esq. (orally) 75 Pearl Street Portland, Maire 04101 Attorney for Defendant:

RERNSTEIN, SHUR, SAWYER & NELSON Christopher L. Vaniotis, Esq. (orally) One Monument Square Portland, Maine 04101

NOTICE: This opinion is subject to formal revision before publication in the Maine Reporter. Readers are requested to notify the Reporter of Decisions, Box 368, Portland, Me. 04112, of any typographical or other formal errors before the opinion goes to press.