EROSION CONTROL

GENERAL:

THE DRAWINGS DEPICT THE REQUIRED SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IN SUCH A MANNER THAT:

1. SOIL EROSION IS KEPT TO A MINIMUM.

- 2. NO SEDIMENT LEAVES THE CONSTRUCTION SITE PROPER 3. ALL POSSIBLE MEASURES ARE EMPLOYED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING DRAINAGE COURSES AND WETLANDS EVEN BEYOND THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN IF NECESSARY.
- ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUAL: MAINE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS, PUBLISHED BY THE MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, MARCH 2003.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL FINES RESULTING FROM EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION FROM THE SITE TO SURROUNDING PROPERTIES, WATERBODIES, OR WETLANDS AS A RESULT OF THIS
- ANY DISTURBED SOIL BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE WILL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS. USE WINTER SEED RATES AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPROPRIATE.
- INSPECT SOIL EROSION MEASURES WEEKLY AND AFTER SIGNIFICANT STORM EVENTS. MAKE ALL NECESSARY REPAIRS TO FACILITIES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, BUT NO LONGER THAN 2 DAYS. CLEAN AND RESET SILT FENCES AND STONE CHECK DAMS WHICH ACCUMULATE SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS.
- PROTECT AND STABILIZE ALL AREAS NOT SCHEDULED FOR EROSION PREVENTION OR STABILIZATION BUT THAT SHOW SIGNS OF EROSION. NOTIFY OWNER OF ANY SIGNIFICANT EROSION PROBLEM.
- APPLY MULCH TO BARE SOILS WITHIN I DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE OF SOILS, PRIOR TO ANY RAIN EVENT AND PRIOR TO ANY WORK SHUTDOWN LASTING MORE THAN ONE DAY.
- TEMPORARILY SEED WITHIN I DAYS ANY AREA WHICH WILL BE LEFT DISTURBED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN 14 DAYS WITH THE TEMPORARY SEED MIX LISTED BELOW. PERMANENTLY SEED ANY AREA WHICH CAN BE LOAMED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE WITH THE PERMANENT SEED MIX LISTED BELOW. DO NOT USE PERMANENT SEED MIX AFTER
- MULCH ALL AREAS SEEDED SO THAT SOIL IS NOT VISIBLE THROUGH THE MULCH REGARDLESS OF THE APPLICATION RATE. DURING THE GROWING SEASON (APRIL 15 - SEPT. 30) USE MATS (OR MULCH AND NETTING) ON: -THE BASE OF GRASSED WATERWAYS

-SLOPES STEEPER THAN 15% -WITHIN 100 ft. OF STREAMS AND WETLANDS

BETWEEN OCT. I AND APRIL 14 USE MATS (OR MULCH AND NETTING) ON: -SIDE SLOPES OF GRASSED WATERWAYS -SLOPES STEEPER THAN 8%

INSTALL MATS (OR NETTING) IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS.

- INSTALL EROSION CONTROL MESH IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS, MESH TO BE EQUAL TO NORTH AMERICAN GREEN PRODUCT CI25BN.
- 10. FOLLOW SILT FENCE MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE. SECURE ENTIRE BOTTOM OF FENCE EITHER BY BURYING BOTTOM OF FENCE IN A TRENCH OR BERMING WITH SOIL OR CHIPPED GRUBBINGS. REFER TO SILT FENCE DETAIL.
- PLACE AND GRADE LOAM IN A REASONABLY UNIFORM MANNER. ALL BUT CLAY OR SILTY SOILS AND COARSE SANDS SHOULD BE ROLLED TO A FIRM SEED BED. REMOVE FROM SURFACE ALL STONES LARGER THAN 2" AND ALL OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL. LIME AND FERTILIZER SHOULD BE MIXED INTO SOIL PRIOR TO ROLLING EXCEPT IF INCLUDED IN HYDROSEED MIXTURE.
- ALL CULVERT OR PIPE OUTFALL PROTECTION MUST BE INSTALLED WITHIN 48 HOURS OF INSTALLING NEW PIPE OR CULVERT.
- PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN DUST CONTROL MEASURES AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT DUST FROM BLOWING ONTO NEIGHBORING PROPERTY OR BEING TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT STREETS BY PERIODIC APPLICATIONS OF WATER USING A WATER TRUCK EQUIPPED WITH A SPREADER BAR
- 14. IN DITCHES AND CHANNELS DESIGNATED TO BE LINED WITH RIPRAP AND/OR EROSION CONTROL MESH (ECM), INSTALL THE RIPRAP OR ECM LINER WITHIN 48 HOURS OF COMPLETING THE GRADING OF THAT SECTION OF DITCH OR CHANNEL.

SUGGESTED SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION TO CONTROL **EROSION:**

THIS SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION IS A GENERAL GUIDE TO THE CONTRACTOR. ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES WILL DICTATE VARIATIONS IN THE ORDER OF MAJOR EVENTS.

- 1. INSTALL ALL PERIMETER EROSION CONTROL BERM AND HAY BALE PROTECTION.
- 2. INSTALL SILTATION BASINS. (PRIOR TO ANY STRIPPING OF TOPSOIL OR OTHER EARTHWORK)
- 3. CLEAR AND GRUB WORK AREAS, TEMPORARILY SEED AREAS NOT TO BE WORKED ON WITHIN 14 DAYS.
- 4. STRIP AND STOCKPILE ON-SITE TOPSOIL. SEED STOCKPILES WITH TEMPORARY SEED MIX.
- 5. SUBMIT SAMPLES OF TOPSOIL/LOAM FOR LAB WORK. ADJUST LIME AND FERTILIZER ACCORDINGLY.
- 6. BEGIN EARTHWORK FOR PARKING.
- 7. STABILIZE AREAS DRAINING TO STORMDRAIN SYSTEM. 8. INSTALL AND PROTECT STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM.
- 9. ROUGH GRADE PARKING AREAS, AND ROADWAY SIDE SLOPES. 10. FINE GRADE PARKING AREAS, WALKWAYS AND DRIVEWAY SIDE SLOPES AND ROUGH GRADE REMAINDER OF SITE.
- RESEED OR TEMPORARILY SEED ANY AREA WHICH WILL BE LEFT
- UNDISTURBED FOR MORE THAN 14 DAYS. 12. COMPLETE FINE GRADING AND PAYING OF WALKS AND PARKING AREAS.
- 13. CLEAN SILTATION BASINS, LEVEL SPREADERS, TREATMENT POND, AND STORM DRAIN SYSTEM OF CONSTRUCTION SEDIMENTATION.
- 14. FINE GRADE, LOAM SEED AND FERTILIZE REMAINDER OF SITE. 15. REMOVE TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION MEASURES.

TOPSOIL:

- SCREENED, LOOSE AND FRIABLE SANDY LOAM OR LOAM AS DEFINED BY THE USDA SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM, FREE FROM ADMIXTURE OF SUBSOIL, REFUSE, LARGE STONES, CLODS ROOTS, WEEDS, RHIZOMES OR OTHER UNDESIRABLE FOREIGN MATTER AS DETERMINED BY THE INSPECTING AUTHORITY, CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT REPORTS OF LOAM TEST RESULTS PERFORMED BY AN INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY FOR TOPSOIL FROM DIFFERENT SOURCES PRIOR TO PLACING TO THE OWNER. THE COST OF TESTING SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO THE COST OF TOPSOIL. TOPSOIL SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS:
- 2. MATERIAL

SAND - 0.08 IN. TO 0.002 IN. DIAMETER (% BY VOLUME)

ORGANICS (SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF MOOT STANDARD SPECIFICATION 111.09 PEAT HUMUS) (% BY VOLUME) 10 - 20

NUTRIENTS:	
CALCIUM (CA) (% SATURATION)	.60 - 80
MAGNESIUM (MG) (% SATURATION)	
POTASSIUM (K) (% SATURATION)	. 2.1 - 3.0
PHOSPHORUS (P) (POUNDS/ACRE)	. 10 - 40
PH	60-65
PERMEABILITY (INCHES PER HOUR)	3 - 10

USE PERMANENT SEED MIXES AND RATES BETWEEN 5/15 AND 9/30. USE TEMPORARY SEED MIXES FOR PERIODS LESS THAN 12 MONTHS. IF USING TEMPORARY SEED MIXES AND RATES BETWEEN 10/1 AND 5/14, RE-SEED WITH PERMANENT SEED MIX AFTER 5/15.

MAXIMUM STONE SIZE (INCHES).

APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY BY HAND, CYCLONE SEEDER, DRILL OR HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDING SEED AND FERTILIZER). HYDROSEEDINGS, WHICH INCLUDE MULCH, MAY BE LEFT ON THE SOIL SURFACE INCREASE SEEDING RATE 10% IF HYDROSEEDING, USE THE FOLLOWING SEED

SEED MIXTURE	LBS / ACRE	LBS / 1000 SF
CREEPING RED FESCUE (PENNLAWN, ENSYLYA, WINTERGREEN)	20	.46
RED TOP	2	<i>.</i> Ø5
TALL FESCUE (KENTUCKY 31)	20	*****
	TOTAL: 42	<u>.46</u> .97
TEMPORARY SEED:		
OATS8	<i>0.00</i> LBS/ACRE 4/1 - 7	/1
ANNUAL RYEGRASS 4		
SUDANGRASS 4		
WINTER RYE	12.00 LBS/ACRE 8/15 -	10/1

MULCH NETTING

ASPHALT EMULSION

WINTER RYE (W/ MULCH COVER)...

LIME AND FERTILIZER:
LIMING AND FERTILIZER RATES WILL BE BASED ON FIELD SOIL TESTING OF ON-SITE TOPSOILS BY A CERTIFIED LABORATORY. SUBMIT TEST RESULTS TO THE OWNER

130.00 LBS/ACRE 10/1 - 3/31

IO IFIL OWILL		
MULCH:		
STRAW OR HAY (ANCHORED)	• •	PROTECTED AREAS
STRAW OR HAY (ANCHORED)		WINDY AREAS
SHREDDED OR CHOPPED	. 185 - 275 LBS	
JUTE MESH	, AS REQUIRED	MODERATE TO HIGH
		VELOCITY AREAS \$
EXCELSIOR MAT	. AS REQUIRED	STEEP SLOPES
MILLOU ANCHODING		
MULCH ANCHORING	Laulin tanitum	
PEG AND TWINE	LIQUID ASPHALT	

2" CRUSHED STONE OR RECYCLED

CONCRETE OF EQUIVALENT SIZE.

GEOTEXTILE MIRAFI

600X OR EQUAL -

WATERWAYS, DITCHES OR STORM DRAINS.

CHEMICAL TACK

50' MIN.

WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER

EX. BASE #

SUBBASE .

SECTION

STANDARDS FOR STABILIZING SITES FOR THE WINTER:

- STANDARD CONDITIONS REQUIRING THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DITCHES AND CHANNELS THE CONTRACTOR WILL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL STONE-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS ON THE SITE BY NOVEMBER I. THE CONTRACTOR WILL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL GRASS-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS ON THE SITE BY SEPTEMBER 15. IF THE CONTRACTOR FAILS TO STABILIZE A DITCH OR CHANNEL TO BE GRASS-LINED BY SEPTEMBER 15, THEN THE CONTRACTOR WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE DITCH FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER:
- a. INSTALL A SOD LINING IN THE DITCH THE CONTRACTOR WILL LINE THE DITCH WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER I. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE CONTRACTOR PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SOIL WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL, WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL, AND ANCHORING THE SOD WITH JUTE OR PLASTIC MESH TO PREVENT THE SOD STRIPS FROM SLOUGHING DURING FLOW CONDITIONS.
- b. INSTALL A STONE LINING IN THE DITCH THE CONTRACTOR WILL LINE THE DITCH WITH STONE RIPRAP BY NOVEMBER I. THE CONTRACTOR WILL HIRE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE THE STONE SIZE AND LINING THICKNESS NEEDED TO WITHSTAND THE ANTICIPATED FLOW YELOCITIES AND FLOW DEPTHS WITHIN THE DITCH. IF NECESSARY, THE CONTRACTOR WILL REGRADE THE DITCH PRIOR TO PLACING THE STONE LINING SO TO PREVENT THE STONE LINING FROM REDUCING THE DITCH'S CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA.
- 2. STANDARD CONDITIONS REQUIRING THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SLOPES THE CONTRACTOR WILL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE STONE-COVERED SLOPES BY NOVEMBER ! THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED AND MULCH ALL SLOPES TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER IS. ANY AREA HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 15% (10H:1V) IS A SLOPE. IF THE CONTRACTOR FAILS TO STABILIZE ANY SLOPE TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER 15, THEN THE CONTRACTOR WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SLOPE FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER:
- a. STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION AND EROSION CONTROL MATS BY OCTOBER I THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET AND APPLY EROSION CONTROL MATS OVER THE MULCHED SLOPE. THE CONTRACTOR WILL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS. IF THE RYE FAILS TO GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 15% OF THE DISTURBED SLOPE BEFORE NOVEMBER I, THEN THE CONTRACTOR WILL COVER THE SLOPE WITH A LAYER OF WOODWASTE COMPOST AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM C OF THIS CONDITION OR WITH STONE RIPRAP AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM D OF THIS CONDITION.
- b. STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH SOD THE CONTRACTOR WILL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER I. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE CONTRACTOR PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SLOPE WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL, AND WATERING TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL. THE CONTRACTOR WILL NOT USE LATE-SEASON SOD INSTALLATION TO STABILIZE SLOPES HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 33% (3H:IV).
- C. STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH WOODWASTE COMPOST THE CONTRACTOR WILL PLACE A SIX-INCH LAYER OF WOODWASTE COMPOST ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER 1. PRIOR TO PLACING THE WOODWASTE COMPOST, THE CONTRACTOR WILL REMOVE ANY SNOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED SLOPE. THE CONTRACTOR WILL NOT USE WOODWASTE COMPOST TO STABILIZE SLOPES HAVING GRADES GREATER THAN 50% (2H:IV) OR HAVING GROUNDWATER SEEPS ON THE
- d. STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH STONE RIPRAP THE CONTRACTOR WILL PLACE A LAYER OF STONE RIPRAP ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER I. THE CONTRACTOR WILL HIRE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE THE STONE SIZE NEEDED FOR DRAINAGE AND SOIL SEPARATION.
- 3. STANDARD CONDITIONS REQUIRING THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SOILS BY SEPTEMBER IS THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED AND MULCH ALL DISTURBED SOILS ON AREAS HAVING A SLOPE LESS THAN 15%. IF THE CONTRACTOR FAILS TO STABILIZE THESE SOILS BY THIS DATE, THEN THE CONTRACTOR WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SOIL FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER:
- a. STABILIZING THE SOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION BY OCTOBER I THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 130 POUNDS PER ACRE, AND ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING. THE CONTRACTOR WILL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS. IF THE RYE FAILS TO GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 75% OF THE DISTURBED SOIL BEFORE NOVEMBER 1, THEN THE CONTRACTOR WILL MULCH THE AREA FOR OVER-WINTER PROTECTION AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM C OF THIS STANDARD
- b. STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH SOD THE CONTRACTOR WILL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER I. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE CONTRACTOR PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SOIL WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL.
- C. STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH MULCH BY NOVEMBER I THE CONTRACTOR WILL MULCH THE DISTURBED SOIL BY SPREADING HAY OR STRAW AT A RATE OF AT LEAST 150 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET ON THE AREA SO THAT NO SOIL IS VISIBLE THROUGH THE MULCH. PRIOR TO APPLYING THE MULCH, THE CONTRACTOR WILL REMOVE ANY SNOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED AREA. IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLYING THE MULCH, THE CONTRACTOR WILL ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING TO PREVENT WIND FROM MOVING THE MULCH OFF THE DISTURBED SOIL.

SECTION

NOTE: SILT FENCE TO BE USED TO CONTROL SHEET FLOW IN AREAS LESS THAN 1/2 ACRE. SILT FENCE FABRIC HARDWOOD STAKES SPACED AT JØ FT. APART ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE. LOAM AND SEED -TOP OF STAKES BELTECH 158 OR 151 OR MIRAFI "ENVIROFENCE" SILT FENCE OR EQUIVALENT FLOW Y ANCHOR BOTTOM OF FENCE IN EXCAYATED TRENCH, THEN BACKFILL. EROSION CONTROL MIX BARRIER CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF SILT FENCE. NOT TO SCALE

- EROSION CONTROL MIX CAN BE MANUFACTURED ON OR OFF THE SITE. IT MUST CONSIST PRIMARILY OF ORGANIC MATERIAL SEPARATED AT THE POINT OF GENERATION, AND MAY INCLUDE: SHREDDED BARK, STUMP GRINDINGS, COMPOSTED BARK, OR FLUME GRIT AND FRAGMENTED WOOD GENERATED FROM WATER-FLUME LOG HANDLING SYSTEMS. WOOD CHIPS, GROUND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, REPROCESSED WOOD PRODUCTS OR BARK CHIPS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE AS THE ORGANIC COMPONENT OF THE MIX. EROSION CONTROL MIX SHALL CONTAIN A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE OF PARTICLE SIZES AND MAY CONTAIN ROCKS LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER, EROSION CONTROL MIX MUST BE FREE OF REFUSE, PHYSICAL CONTAMINANTS, AND MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH. THE MIX COMPOSITION SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:
- A. ORGANIC MATERIAL: BETWEEN 80% 100% (DRY WEIGHT BASIS) B. PARTICLE SIZE: BY WEIGHT, 100% PASSING 6" SCREEN, 70-85% PASSING 0.75" SCREEN C. THE ORGANIC PORTION NEEDS TO BE FIBROUS AND ELONGATED
- D. LARGE PORTIONS OF SILTS, CLAYS OR FINE SANDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE IN THE MIX. E. SOLUBLE SALTS CONTENT SHALL BE LESS THAN 4.0 MMHOS/CM. F. PH: 5.0 - 8.0
- ON SLOPES LESS THAN 5% OR AT THE BOTTOM OF SLOPES 2:1 OR LESS UP TO 20 FEET LONG, THE BARRIER MUST CONFORM TO THE ABOVE DIMENSIONS, ON THE LONGER OR 3. STEEPER SLOPES, THE BARRIER SHOULD BE WIDER TO ACCOMMODATE THE ADDITIONAL
- THE BARRIER MUST BE PLACED ALONG A RELATIVELY LEVEL CONTOUR. IT MAY BE 4. NECESSARY TO CUT TALL GRASSES OR WOODY VEGETATION TO AVOID CREATING VOIDS AND BRIDGES THAT WOULD ENABLE FINES TO WASH UNDER THE BARRIER THROUGH THE
- GRASS BLADES OR PLANT STEMS.
- LOCATIONS WHERE OTHER BMP'S SHOULD BE USED:
- A. AT LOW POINTS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW B. BELOW CULYERT OUTLET APRONS
- C. WHERE A PREVIOUS STAND-ALONE EROSION CONTROL MIX APPLICATION HAS FAILED 5. D. AT THE BOTTOM OF STEEP PERIMETER SLOPES THAT ARE MORE THAN 50 FEET FROM TOP TO BOTTOM (LARGE
- UPGRADIENT WATERSHED E. AROUND CATCH BASINS AND CLOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS.
- THE EROSION CONTROL MIX BARRIERS SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY AND AFTER EACH LARGE RAINFALL. REPAIR ALL DAMAGED SECTIONS OF BERM IMMEDIATELY BY 7. REPLACING OR ADDING ADDITIONAL MATERIAL PLACED ON THE BERM TO THE DESIRED HEIGHT AND WIDTH.
- 8. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO REINFORCE THE BARRIER WITH SILT FENCE OR STONE CHECKDAMS IF THERE ARE SIGNS OF UNDERCUTTING OR THE IMPOUNDMENT OF LARGE YOLUMES OF WATER.
- SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN THEY REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE-HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER.

REPLACE SECTIONS OF BERM THAT DECOMPOSE, BECOME CLOGGED WITH SEDIMENT OR OTHERWISE BECOME INEFFECTIVE. THE BARRIER SHOULD BE RESHAPED AS NEEDED.

EROSION CONTROL MIX BARRIERS CAN BE LEFT IN PLACE. ANY SEDIMENT DEPOSITS REMAINING IN PLACE AFTER BARRIER IS NO LONGER REQUIRED SHOULD BE SPREAD TO CONFORM TO THE EXISTING GRADE AND BE SEEDED AND MULCHED. WOODY VEGETATION CAN BE PLANTED INTO THE BARRIERS, OR THEY CAN BE OVER-SEEDED WITH LEGUMES. IF THE BARRIER NEEDS TO BE REMOVED, IT CAN BE SPREAD OUT INTO THE LANDSCAPE.

EROSION CONTROL MIX SEDIMENT BARRIER

NOT TO SCALE

IMP F. POF (a) <<

EERS

PINKHAM & C

MAP/LOT 377 / F / 029

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE DETAIL

<u>PLAN</u>

1. MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO

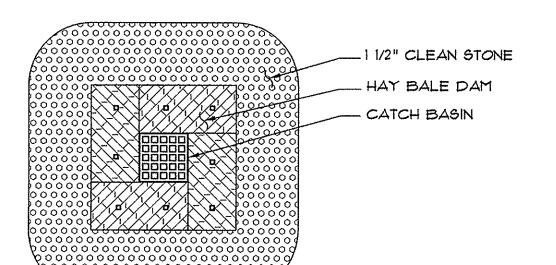
PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. IF WASHING IS REQUIRED, PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING

2. REMOVE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TO FINISH ROAD CONSTRUCTION & PAVEMENT.

NOT TO SCALE

EDGE OF EX.

PAVEMENT -



THAY BALE DAM

CATCH BASIN

STAKE AS REQ'D

-1 1/2" CLEAN STONE

FINISH GRADE

<u>PLAN</u>

3 CATCH BASIN PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE