EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF ANY CONSTRUCTION SEDIMENT BARRIERS (SILT FENCE) WILL BE STAKED/INSTALLED ACROSS THE SLOPE(5) ON THE CONTOUR AT OR JUST BELOW THE LIMITS OF CLEARING OR GRUBBING, AND/OR JUST ABOVE ANY ADJACENT PROPERTY LINE OR WATERCOURSE TO PROTECT AGAINST CONSTRUCTION RELATED EROSION. THE PLACEMENT OF SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED IN BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND DETAILS IN THIS PLAN SET THIS NETWORK IS TO BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL ALL EXPOSED SLOPES HAVE AT LEAST 85%-90% VIGOROUS PERENNIAL YEGETATIVE COVER TO FREVENT EROSION, TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER FERMANENT STABILIZATION IS

PRIOR TO ANY CLEARING OR GRUBBING A CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE PROPOSED ENTRANCES AND EXISTING ROADWAY TO AVOID TRACKING OF MUD, DUST AND DEBRIS FROM THE SITE.

PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE A DETAILED SCHEDULE AND MARKED UP PLAN INDICATING AREAS AND COMPONENTS OF THE WORK AND KEY DATES SHOWING DATE OF DISTURBANCE AND COMPLETION OF THE WORK THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE'A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE MUNICIPAL STAFF THREE COPIES OF THE SCHEDULE AND MARKED UP PLAN SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE MUNICIPALITY THREE DAYS PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING SPECIAL ATTENTION SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE 14 DAY LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE IN THE SCHEDULE ADDRESSING TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT VEGETATION MEASURES.

CONSTRUCTION AND POST-CONSTRUCTION PHASE

AREAS UNDERGOING ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION SHALL ONLY EXPOSE THAT AMOUNT OF MINERAL BOIL NECESSARY FOR PROGRESSIVE AND EFFICIENT CONSTRUCTION AN AREA CONSIDERED OPEN IS ANY AREA NOT STABILIZED WITH PAVEMENT, VEGETATION MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL MATS RIPRAP OR GRAVEL BASE ON A ROAD OPEN AREAS SHALL BE ANCHORED WITH TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL AS SHOUN ON THE DESIGN PLANS AND AS DESCRIBED WITHIN THIS EROSION CONTROL PLAN WITHIN 14-DAYS OF DISTURBANCE AREAS LOCATED WITHIN 100' OF STREAMS SHALL BE ANCHORED WITH TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL WITHIN SEVEN (1) DAYS REFER TO WINTER EROSION CONTROL NOTES FOR THE TREATHENT OF OPEN AREAS AFTER OCTOBER IST OF THE CONSTRUCTION YEAR

THE CONTRACTOR MUST INSTALL! ANY ADDED MEASURES WHICH MAY BE NECESSARY TO CONTROL EROSION/SEDIMENTATION FROM THE SITE DEPENDENT UPON THE ACTUAL SITE AND WEATHER CONDITIONS CONTINUATION OF EARTHLORK OPERATIONS ON ADDITIONAL AREAS SHALL NOT BEGIN UNTIL THE EXPOSED SOIL SURFACE ON THE AREA BEING WORKED HAS BEEN STABILIZED, IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE AREAS WITHOUT EROSION CONTROL PROTECTION.

EROSION CONTROL APPLICATIONS / MEASURES THE PLACEMENT OF EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED IN BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND DETAILS IN THE PLAN SET

I, TEMPORARY MULCHING:

ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE MULCHED WITH MATERIALS SPECIFIED BELOW PRIOR TO ANY STORM EVENT. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT FINAL GRADED WITHIN IA DAYS SHALL BE MULCHED ALSO AREAS, WHICH HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY OR FERMANENTLY SEEDED SHALL BE MULCHED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING SEEDING. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ARE RECONTENDED TO BE USED AT THE BASE OF GRASSED WATERWAYS AND ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 15%. MULCH ANCHORING

SHOULD BE USED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5% AFTER SEPTEMBER 15TH OF THE CONSTRUCTION YEAR (SEE WINTER EROSION CONTROL NOTES). TYPES OF MULCH HAY OR STRAW SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 15 LB3/1/000 SF (15 TONS PER ACRE) EROSION CONTROL MIX: SHALL BE PLACED EVENLY AND MUST PROVIDE 100% SOIL COVERAGE EROSION CONTROL MIX SHALL BE APPLIED SUCH THAT THE THICKNESS ON SLOPES 3:1 OR LESS 15 2 INCHES PLUS 1/2 INCH PER 2/0 FEET OF SLOPE UP TO 10/0

FEET THE THICKNESS ON SLOPES BETWEEN 31 AND 21 SHALL BE 4 INCHES PLUS 1/2 INCH FER 20 FEET OF SLOPE UP TO 100 FEET THIS SHALL NOT BE USED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 2.1 EROSION CONTROL BLANKETI, SHALL BE INSTALLED SUCH THAT CONTINUOUS CONTACT BETWEEN THE MAT AND THE SOIL IS OBTAINED INSTALL BLANKETS AND STAPLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS,

2 SOIL STOCKPILES:

STOCKPILES OF SOIL OR SUBSOIL SHALL BE MULCHED WITH HAY OR STRAW AT A RATE OF 15 LBS/1000 SF (15 TONS PER ACRE) OR WITH A FOUR-INCH LAYER OF WOOD WASTE EROSION CONTROL MIX. THIS WILL BE DONE WITHIN 24 HOURS OF STOCKING AND RE-ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO ANY RAINFALL, ANY SOIL STOCKPILE WILL NOT BE PLACED (EVEN COVERED WITH HAY OR STRAW) WITHIN 1000 FEET FROM ANY NATURAL RESOURCES

3. NATURAL RESOURCES PROTECTION:

ANY AREAS WITHIN 1000 FEET FROM ANY NATURAL RESOURCES IF NOT STABILIZED WITH A MINIMUM OF 15% MATURE VEGETATION CATCH SHALL BE MULCHED USING TEMPORARY MULCHING (AS DESCRIBED IN PART LOF THIS SECTION) WITHIN 1 DAYS OF EXPOSURE OR PRIOR TO ANY STORM EVENT SEDIMENT BARRIERS (AS DESCRIBED IN PART 4, OF THIS SECTION) SHALL BE PLACED BETWEEN ANY NATURAL RESOURCE AND THE DISTURBED AREA.

FROJECTS CROSSING THE NATURAL RESOURCE SHALL BE PROTECTED A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF 1000 FEET ON EITHER BIDE FROM THE RESOURCE.

4 SEDIMENT BARRIERS:

PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF ANY CONSTRUCTION SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE STAKED ACROSS THE SLOPE(S) ON THE CONTOUR AT OR JUST BELOW THE LIMITS OF CLEARING OR GRUBBING, AND/OR JUST ABOVE ANY ADJACENT PROPERTY LINE OR WATERCOURSE TO PROTECT AGAINST CONSTRUCTION RELATED EROSION, SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL ALL EXPOSED SLOPES HAVE AT LEAST 85%-90% VIGOROUS FERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER TO PREVENT

SILT FENCE, SHALL BE INSTALLED FER THE DETAIL ON THE PLANS THE EFFECTIVE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE SHALL NOT EXCEED 36 NCHES IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT SILT FENCE BE REMOVED BY CUTTING THE FENCE MATERIALS AT GROUND LEVEL SO AS TO AVOID ADDITIONAL SOIL DISTURBANCE.

HAY BALES! SHALL BE INSTALLED PER THE DETAIL ON THE PLANS BALES SHALL BE WIRE-BOUND OR STRING-TIED AND THESE BINDINGS MUST REMAIN PARALLEL WITH THE GROUND SURFACE DURING INSTALLATION TO PREVENT DETERIORATION OF THE INDINGS, BALES SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN A MINIMUM 4 INCH DEEP TRENCH LINE WITH ENDS OF ADJACENT BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER

EROSION CONTROL MIX: SHALL BE INSTALLED FER THE DETAIL ON THE PLANS. THE MIX SHALL CONSIST PRIMARILY OF ORGANIC. 12 EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PLACED MATERIAL AND CONTAIN A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE OF PARTICLE SIZES AND MAY CONTAIN ROCKS LESS THAN 4 INCHES IN DIAMBTER. THE MIX COMPOSITION SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS DESCRIBED WITHIN THE MIDEP BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES NO TRENCHING IS REQUIRED FOR INSTALLATION OF THIS BARRIER.

5 STORMORAIN INLET PROTECTION:

NLET PROTECTION SHALL BE PLACED AROUND A STORMDRAIN DROP INLET OR CURB INLET PRIOR TO PERMANENT STABILIZATION 5 LITILITY IMPROVEMENTS AND OF THE IMPEDIATE AND UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREAS THEY SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL FACILITATE CLEAN-OUT AND DISPOSAL OF TRAPPED SEDIMENTS AND MINIMIZE INTERFERENCE WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ANY RESULTANT PONDING OF WATER FROM THE PROTECTION METHOD MUST NOT CAUSE EXCESSIVE INCONVENIENCE OR DAMAGE TO

HAY BALE DROP INLET PROTECTION: WE DO NOT RECOMMEND THE USE OF HAY BALES AS INLET PROTECTION.

CONCRETE BLOCK AND STONE INLET SEDIMENT FILTER (DROP OR CURB INLET), SHALL BE INSTALLED FER THE DETAIL ON THE PLANS, THE HEIGHT OF THE CONCRETE BLOCK BARRIER CAN VARY BUT MUST BE BETLEEN 12 AND 24 INCHES TALL. A MINIMUM OF I INCH CRUSHED STONE SHALL BE USED

MANUFACTURED SEDIMENT BARRIERS AND FILTER (DROP OR CURB INLET), MANUFACTURED FILTERS, AS SPECIFIED IN THE DETAIL ON THE PLANS MAY BE USED IF INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS

6 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT:

PRIOR TO CLEARING AND/OR GRUBBING THE SITE A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WHEREVER TRAFFIC WILL EXIT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ONTO A PAVED ROADWAY IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE THE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ONTO PUBLIC ROADWAYS THE ENTRANCES AND ADJACENT ROADWAY AREAS SHALL BE PERIODICALLY SUEPT OR WASHED TO FURTHER MINIMIZE THE TRACKING OF MUD DUST OR DEBRIS FROM THE CONSTRUCTION AREA STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXITS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN AREAS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS AND AS DETAILED ON THE PLANS

1 DUST CONTROL:

DUST CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE ACHIEVED BY THE USE OF A WATERING TRUCK TO PERIODICALLY BPRINKLE THE EXPOSED ROADWAY AREAS AS NECESSARY TO REDUCE DUST DURING THE DRY MONTHS APPLYING OTHER DUST CONTROL PRODUCTS SUCH AS CALCIUM CHLORIDE OR OTHER MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS ARE ALLOWED IF AUTHORIZED BY THE PROFER LOCAL, STATE AND/OR FEDERAL REGULATING AGENCIES HOWEVER, IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY TO MITIGATE DUST AND SOIL LOSS FROM THE SITE.

8 TEMPORARY VEGETATION

TEMPORARY VEGETATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO DISTURBED AREAS THAT WILL NOT RECEIVE FINAL GRADING FOR PERIODS UP TO 12 MONTHS. THIS PROCEDURE SHOULD BE USED EXTENSIVELY IN AREAS ADJACENT TO NATURAL RESOURCES SEEDBED PREPARATION AND APPLICATION OF SEED SHALL BE CONDUCTED AS INDICATED IN THE PERMANENT VEGETATION SECTION OF THIS NARRATIVE SPECIFIC SEEDS (FAST GROWING AND SHORT LIVING) SHALL BE SELECTED FROM THE MAINE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMP MANUAL DATED 3/2003 OR LATER. ALTERNATIVE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHOULD BE USED IF SEEDING CAN NOT BE DONE BEFORE SEPTEMBER 15TH OF THE CONSTRUCTION YEAR.

9. PERMANENT VEGETATION:

REVEGETATION MEASURES SHALL COMMENCE IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF FINAL GRADING OF AREAS TO BE LOAMED AND SEEDED THE APPLICATION OF SEED SHALL BE CONDUCTED BETWEEN APRIL 1ST AND OCTOBER IST OF THE CONSTRUCTION YEAR. FLEASE REFER TO THE WINTER EROSION CONTROL NOTES FOR MORE DETAIL. REVEGETATION MEASURES SHALL CONSIST OF THE

SEEDBED PREPARATION:
A. FOUR (4) INCHES OF LOAM SHALL BE SPREAD OVER DISTURBED AREAS AND SMOOTHED TO A UNIFORM SURFACE. LOAM SHALL BE FREE OF SUBSOIL, CLAY LUMPS STONES AND OTHER OBJECTS OVER 2 INCHES OR LARGER IN ANY DIMENSION, AND WITHOUT WEEDS, ROOTS OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL

B. SOILS TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN AT THE TIME OF SOIL STRIPPING TO DETERMINE FERTILIZATION REQUIREMENTS, SOILS TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN PROMPTLY AS TO NOT INTERFERE WITH THE 14-DAY LIMIT ON SOIL EXPOSURE. BASED UPON TEST RESULTS, SOIL AMENDMENTS SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SOIL PRIOR TO FINAL SEEDING. IN LIEU OF SOIL TESTS SOIL AMENDMENTS MAY BE APPLIED AS FOLLOUS

APPLICATION RATE

IO-20-20 FERTILIZER (N-P2Ø5-K2Ø OR EQUAL) 18.4 LB9/1*000* 5F

GROUND LIMESTONE (50% 138 LB9*1,00*0 8F CALCIUM # MAGNESIUM OXIDE)

C. WORK LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE SOIL AS NEARLY AS PRACTICAL TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES WITH PROPER EQUIPMENT ROLL THE AREA TO FIRM THE SEEDBED EXCEPT ON CLAY OR SILTY BOILS OR COARSE SAND

A SEEDING: SHALL BE CONDUCTED BETWEEN APRIL IST AND OCTOBER IST OF THE CONSTRUCTION YEAR GENERALLY A SEED MIXTURE MAY BE APPLIED AS FOLLOWS: (MDEP SEED MIX 2 IS DISPLATED)

APPLICATION RATE 046 LB9/1000 8F (20 LB9/ACRE) CREEPING RED FEBCUE 0.05 LB\$/1,000 SF (2 LB\$/ACRE) TALL FESCUE Ø46 LB9/IØØØ 5F. (20 LB9/ACRE)

NOTE: A SPECIFIC SEED MIXTURE SHOULD BE CHOSEN TO MATCH THE SOILS CONDITION OF THE SITE YARROUS AGENCIES CAN RECONTIEND SEED MIXTURES. MDEP RECONTIENDED SEED MIXTURES ARE IN THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BYP MANUAL DATED 3/2003 OR LATER.

B HYDROSEEDING! SHALL BE CONDUCTED ON PREPARED AREAS WITH SLOPES LESS THAN 211. LIME AND FERTILIZER MAY BE PPLIED SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THE SEED RECOMMENDED SEEDING RATES MUST BE INCREASED BY 10% WHEN HYDROSEEDING

C. MULCHING, SHALL COMMENCE INMEDIATELY AFTER SEED IS APPLIED. REFER TO THE TEMPORARY MULCHING SECTION OF THIS NARRATIVE FOR DETAILS

FOLLOWING BEEDBED PREPARATION BOD CAN BE APPLIED IN LIEU OF BEEDING IN AREAS WHERE IMMEDIATE VEGETATION IS MOST BENEFICIAL SUCH AS DITCHES, AROUND STOR WATER DROP INLETS AND AREAS OF AESTHETIC VALUE, SOD SHOULD BE LAID AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE DIRECTION OF FLOW, STARTING AT THE LOWEST ELEVATION, SOD SHOULD BE ROLLED OR TAMPED DOWN TO EVEN OUT THE JOINTS ONCE LAID DOWN, WHERE FLOW IS PREVALENT THE GOD MUST BE PROFERLY ANCHORED DOWN, IRRIGATE THE SOD IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLATION. IN MOST CASES SOD CAN BE ESTABLISHED BETWEEN APRIL IST AND NOVEMBER 19TH OF THE CONSTRUCTION YEAR, HOLLEVER, REFER TO THE WINTER EROSION CONTROL NOTES FOR ANY ACTIVITIES AFTER

TRENCH DEWATERING AND TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION:

WATER FROM CONSTRUCTION TRENCH DEWATERING OR TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION WILL PASS FIRST THROUGH A FILTER BACK OR SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE (E.G. HAY BALE LINED POOL) PRIOR TO DISCHARGE THE DISCHARGE SITE SHALL BE SELECTED TO AVOID FLOODING AND SEDIMENT DISCHARGES TO A PROTECTED RESOURCE. IN NO CASE SHALL THE FILTER BAG OR CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE BE LOCATED WITHIN 1000 FEET OF A PROTECTED NATURAL RESOURCE.

STANDARDS FOR TIMELY STABILIZATION:

TOTAL: Ø91 LB9/1000 9F

STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SLOPES -- THE CONTRACTOR WILL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE STONE-COVERED SLOPES BY NOVEMBER IS THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED AND MULCH ALL SLOPES TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER IS THE MIDER WILL CONSIDER ANY AREA HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 15% (10H/IV) TO BE A SLOPE. IF THE CONTRACTOR FAILS TO STABILIZE ANY SLOPE TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER 15, THEN THE CONTRACTOR WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SLOPE FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER.

ASTABILIZE THE SOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION AND EROSION CONTROL MATS -- BY OCTOBER I THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET AND APPLY FROSION CONTROL MATS OVER THE MULCHED SLOPE. THE CONTRACTOR WILL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS IF THE RYE FAILS TO GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 15% OF THE DISTURBED SLOPE BY NOVEMBER I THEN THE APPLICANT WILL COVER THE SLOPE WITH A LAYER OF WOOD WASTE COMPOST AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM

2(C) OF THIS STANDARD OR WITH STONE RIPRAP AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 2(D) OF THIS STANDARD BSTABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH SOD -- THE CONTRACTOR WILL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER 1, PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SLOPE WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL AND WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL. THE APPLICANT WILL NOT USE LATE-SEASON SOD INSTALLATION TO STABILIZE

SLOPES HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 33% (3HIV). CSTABILITE THE SLOPE WITH WOOD WASTE COMPOST -- THE CONTRACTOR WILL PLACE A SIX-INCH LAYER OF WOOD WASTE COMPOST ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER IS PRIOR TO PLACING THE WOOD WASTE COMPOST THE APPLICANT WILL REMOVE ANY SHOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED SLOPE. THE APPLICANT WILL NOT USE WOOD WASTE COMPOST TO STABILIZE SLOPES HAVING GRADES GREATER THAN 50% (2H IV) OR HAVING GROUNDWATER SEEPS ON THE SLOPE FACE

DISTABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH STONE RIPRAP -- THE CONTRACTOR WILL PLACE A LAYER OF STONE RIPRAP ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL HIRE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE THE STONE SIZE NEEDED FOR STABILITY AND TO DESIGN A FILTER LAYER FOR UNDERNEATH THE RIPRAP

STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SOILS -- BY SEPTEMBER IS THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED AND MULCH ALL DISTURBED SOILS ON AREAS HAVING A SLOPE LESS THAN ISS. IF THE CONTRACTOR FAILS TO STABILIZE THESE SOILS BY THIS DATE, THEN THE CONTRACTOR WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SOIL FOR LATE FALL AND

ASTABILIZE THE BOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION -- BY OCTOBER I THE CONTRACTOR WILL SEED THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET, LIGHTLY MULCH THE SEEDED SOIL WITH HAY OR STRAW AT 115 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET AND ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING. THE APPLICANT WILL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS IF THE RYE FAILS TO GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 15% OF THE DISTURBED BOIL BEFORE NOVEMBER IS THEN THE APPLICANT WILL MULCH THE AREA FOR OVER-WINTER PROTECTION AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 3(C) OF THIS STANDARD

BISTABILIZE THE SOIL WITH SOD -- THE AFPLICANT WILL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER I. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOID ONTO THE SOIL WITH WIRE PINS ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL AND WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL

CSTABILIZE THE SOIL WITH MULCH -- BY NOVEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL MULCH THE DISTURBED SOIL BY SPREADING HAY OR STRAW AT A RATE OF AT LEAST 150 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET ON THE AREA SO THAT NO SOIL IS VISIBLE THROUGH THE MULCH PRIOR TO APPLYING THE MULCH, THE APPLICANT WILL REMOVE ANY SNOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED AREA INVIEDIATELY AFTER APPLYING THE MULCH THE APPLICANT WILL ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING TO PREVENT WIND FROM MOVING THE MULCH OFF THE DISTURBED SOIL

ITE IMPROVEMENTS WILL MOST LIKELY BEGIN IN APRIL 2012 DEPENDING UPON FINAL PROJECT APPROVAL. THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE IS ANTICIPATED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE ROADWAY IMPROVEMENTS

SUPPLER 2012

SCHEDULE

ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION TIME: 8 MONTHS BITE CLEARING AND GRUBBING WEEK (- WEEK 2 WEEK 2 - WEEK 5 4 CONSTRUCTION OF ROAD BUBBASE

FOR ACCESS WEEK 3 - WEEK 8 PARKING LOT CONSTRUCTION

JANUARY OF MULCH SPREAD FOR WINTER EROSION CONTROL. CONSTRUCTION YEAR

START FINAL SEEDING ON PREPARED AREAS (DURING GROWING SEASON)

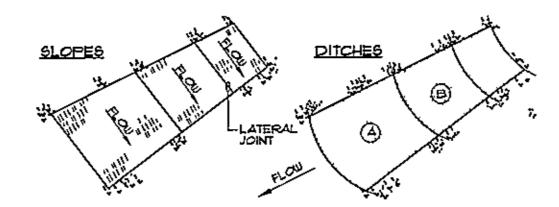
BILEEKLY MONITORING OF VEGETATIVE GROWTH FALL 2012 IND RE-SEEDING OF AREAS IF NEEDED

"IL REMOVAL OF EROSION CONTROL

COMPLETION " DATES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENGINEER, DEFENDING ON CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

. MAINTENANCE MEASURES SHALL BE APPLIED AS NEEDED DURING THE ENTIRE CONSTRUCTION CYCLE AFTER EACH RAINFALL ENOU STORM OR FERIOD OF THAWING AND RUNOFF OR AT LEAST EVERY SEVEN (1) DAYS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM A VISUAL INSPECTION OF ALL INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM REPAIRS AS NEEDED TO ALLOW CONTINUED PROPER FUNCTIONING OF THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE NECEBBARY REGULATING AGENCIES WITH WRITTEN DOCUMENTATION DESCRIBING DATES OF INSPECTIONS AND NECESSARY FOLLOW-UP WORK TO MAINTAIN EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PLAN.

FOLLOWING THE TEMPORARY AND/OR FINAL SEEDINGS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT THE WORK AREA SEMIMONTHLY UNTIL THE SEEDINGS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED ESTABLISHED MEANS A MINIMUM OF 85%-90% OF AREAS VEGETATED WITH VIGOROUS GROUTH, RESEEDING SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BY THE CONTRACTOR WITH FOLLOW-UP INSPECTIONS IN THE EVENT OF ANY FAILURES UNTIL VEGETATION IS ADEQUATELY ESTABLISHED



19" ON CENTER

L BURY THE TOP END OF THE MESH MATERIAL IN A 6" TRENCH AND BACKFILL AND TAMP TRENCHING SECURE END WITH STAPLES AT 6" SPACING 4" DOWN FROM EXPOSED END

2 FLOW DIRECTION JOINTS TO HAVE UPPER END OF LOUER STRIP

BURIED WITH UPPER LAYERS OVERLAPPED 4" AND STAPLED 3 LATERAL JOINTS TO HAVE 4" OVERLAP OF STRIPS STAPLE

4, STAPLE OUTSIDE LATERAL EDGE 2' ON CENTER. 5 WIRE STAPLES TO BE MIN. OF "II WIRE 6" LONG AND I-I/2" WIDE.

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET 3:1 OR SHALLOUER NORTH AMERICAN GREEN DS 150 3:1 TO 2:1 NORTH AMERICAN GREEN SC250 SEE RIPRAP SIDE SLOPE DETAIL OR APPROVED EQUAL

WINTER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

THE WINTER CONSTRUCTION FERIOD IS FROM OCTOBER 1 THROUGH APRIL 15 IF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IS NOT STABILIZED WITH PAVEMENT, A ROAD GRAVEL BASE 15% MATURE VEGETATION COVER OR RIPRAP BY NOVEMBER IS THEN THE SITE NEEDS TO BE PROTECTED WITH OVER-WINTER STABILIZATION. AN AREA CONSIDERED OPEN IS ANY AREA NOT STABILIZED WITH PAVEMENT, VEGETATION MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL MATS, RIPRAP OR GRAVEL BASE ON A

WINTER EXCAVATION AND EARTHWORK SHALL BE COMPLETED SUCH THAT NO MORE THAN I ACRE OF THE SITE IS WITHOUT STABILIZATION AT ANY ONE TIME LIMIT THE EXPOSED AREA TO THOSE AREAS IN WHICH WORK IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDER TAKEN DURING THE PROCEEDING IS DAYS AND THAT CAN BE MULCHED IN ONE DAY PRIOR TO ANY SNOW EVENT ALL AREAS SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE DENUDED UNTIL THE SUBBASE GRAVEL IS INSTALLED

N ROADWAY AREAS OR THE AREAS OF FUTURE LOAM AND SEED HAVE BEEN LOAMED SEEDED AND MULCHED HAY AND STRAIL MULCH RATE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 180 LESS/1000 SF (3 TONS/ACRE) AND SHALL BE PROPERLY ANCHORED THE CONTRACTOR MUST INSTALL ANY ADDED MEASURES WHICH MAY BE NECESSARY TO CONTROL

EROSION/SEDIMENTATION FROM THE SITE DEFENDENT UPON THE ACTUAL SITE AND MEATHER CONDITIONS. CONTINUATION OF EARTHWORK OPERATIONS ON ADDITIONAL AREAS SHALL NOT BEGIN UNTIL THE EXPOSED SOIL SURFACE ON THE AREA BEING WORKED HAS BEEN STABILIZED IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE AREAS WITHOUT EROSION CONTROL PROTECTION

L SOIL STOCKPILES

STOCKPILES OF SOIL OR SUBSOIL WILL BE MULCHED FOR OVER WINTER PROTECTION WITH HAY OR STRAW AT TWICE THE NORMAL RATE OR AT 150 LBS/1,000 SF (3 TONS FER ACRE) OR WITH A FOUR-INCH LATER OF WOOD WASTE EROSION CONTROL MIX THIS WILL BE DONE WITHIN 24 HOURS OF STOCKING AND RE-ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO ANY RAINFALL OR SNOWFALL ANY SOIL STOCKPILE WILL NOT BE PLACED (EVEN COVERED WITH HAY OR STRAW) WITHIN 100 FEET FROM ANY NATURAL RESOURCES

2 NATURAL RESOURCES PROTECTION

ANY AREAS WITHIN 100 FEET FROM ANY NATURAL RESOURCES IF NOT STABILIZED WITH A MINIMUM OF THE MATURE VEGETATION CATCH SHALL BE MULCHED BY DECEMBER I AND ANCHORED WITH PLASTIC NETTING OR PROTECTED WITH EROSION CONTROL MATS DURING WINTER CONSTRUCTION, A DOUBLE LINE OF SEDIMENT BARRIERS (I.E. SILT FENCE BACKED WITH HAY BALES OR EROSION CONTROL MIX) WILL BE PLACED BETWEEN ANY NATURAL RESOURCE AND THE DISTURBED AREA. PROJECTS CROSSING THE NATURAL RESOURCE SHALL BE PROTECTED A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF

100 FEET ON EITHER SIDE FROM THE RESOURCE, EXISTING FROJECTS NOT STABILIZED BY DECEMBER I SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH THE SECOND LINE OF SEDIMENT BARRIER TO ENSURE PUNCTIONALITY DURING THE SPRING THAW AND RAINS.

3 SEDIMENT BARRIERS

DURING FROZEN CONDITIONS SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL CONSIST OF WOOD WASTE FILTER BERMS AS FROZEN SOIL PREVENTS THE PROFER INSTALLATION OF HAY BALES AND SEDIMENT SILT

ALL AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE DENUDED UNTIL AREAS OF FUTURE LOAM AND SEED HAVE BEEN LOAMED, SEEDED AND MULCHED HAY AND STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 150 LB. FER 1,000 SQUARE FEET OR 3 TONS/ACRE (TWICE THE NORMAL ACCEPTED RATE OF 15-LB9/1000 SF OR IS TONS/ACRE) AND SHALL BE PROPERLY ANCHORED MULCH SHALL NOT BE SPREAD ON TOP OF SNOW, THE SNOW WILL BE REMOVED DOWN TO A ONE-INCH DEPTH OR LESS PRIOR TO APPLICATION.

AFTER EACH DAY OF FINAL GRADING, THE AREA WILL BE PROPERLY STABILIZED WITH ANCHORED HAY OR STRAW OR EROSION CONTROL MATTING. AN AREA BHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE BEEN STABILIZED WHEN EXPOSED SURFACES HAVE BEEN EITHER MULCHED WITH STRAW OR HAY AT A RATE OF 50 LB PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (STONS/ACRE) AND ADEQUATELY ANCHORED THAT GROUND SURFACE IS NOT VISIBLE THOUGH THE

BETWEEN THE DATES OF SEPTEMBER I AND APRIL IS, ALL MULCH SHALL BE ANCHORED BY EITHER FEG LINE, MULCH NETTING ASPHALT EMILSION CHEMICAL, TRACK OR WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WHEN GROUND BURFACE IS NOT VISIBLE THOUGH THE MULCH THEN COVER IS SUFFICIENT AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, MULCH AND ANCHORING OF ALL BARE SOIL SHALL OCCUR AT THE END OF EACH FINAL GRADING WORK DAY

5 MULCHING ON SLOPES AND DITCHES

BLOPES SHALL NOT BE LEFT EXPOSED FOR ANY EXTENDED TIME OF WORK BUSPENSION UNLESS FULLY MULCHED AND ANCHORED WITH PEG AND NETTING OR WITH EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS. MILCHING SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 230 LBS/1,000 BF ON ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN MULCH NETTING SHALL BE USED TO ANCHOR MULCH IN ALL DRAINAGE WAYS WITH A SLOPE

GREATER THAN 3% FOR BLOFES EXPOSED TO DIRECT WINDS AND FOR ALL OTHER BLOFES GREATER THAN 8%. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHALL BE USED IN LIEU OF MULCH IN ALL DRAINAGE WAYS WITH SLOFES 8% EROSION CONTROL MIX CAN BE USED TO BUBSTITUTE EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON ALL SLOPES EXCEPT DITCHES.

BETHEEN THE DATES OF OCTOBER IS AND AFRIL 1ST LOAM OR SEED WILL NOT BE REQUIRED DURING FERIODS OF ABOVE FREEZING TEMPERATURES FINISHED AREAS SHALL BE FINE GRADED AND EITHER PROTECTED WITH MULCH OR TEMPORARILY SEEDED AND MULCHED UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE FINAL TREATMENT CAN BE APPLIED IF THE DATE IS AFTER NOVEMBER IST AND IF THE EXPOSED AREA HAS BEEN LOOMED FINAL GRADED WITH A UNIFORM SURFACE THEN THE AREA MAY BE DORMANT SEEDED AT A RATE OF 3 TIMES HIGHER THAN SPECIFIED FOR PERMANENT

CATCH BASIN

<u>EXISTING BASIN</u>

DORMANT SEEDING MAY BE SELECTED TO BE PLACED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF MULCH AND FABRIC NETTING ANCHORED WITH STAPLES. IF DORMANT SEEDING IS USED FOR THE SITE, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL RECEIVE 4" OF LOAM AND SEED AT AN APPLICATION RATE OF SLBS/1000 SF ALL AREAS SEEDED DURING THE WINTER WILL BE INSPECTED IN THE SPRING FOR ADEQUATE CATCH, ALL AREAS SUFFICIENTLY VEGETATED

SILT SACK PROTECTION

PRIOR TO FINAL GRADING AND PAVING OFERATIONS REGIN A CATCH BASIN INSERT (SUCH AS A SILT SACK® OR A DANDY BAG® 11) MUST BE

SHOULD BE REMOVED ONCE INSERTS ARE INSTALLED

(FOR PAVED AREAS)

NSTALLED IN EACH BASIN FER MANUFACTURES INSTRUCTIONS, HAY BALES

<u>CATCH BASIN PROTECTION DETAIL</u>

(LESS THAN 15% CATCH) SHALL BE REVEGETATED BY REPLACING LOAM SEED AND MULCH. IF DORMANT SEEDING IS NOT USED FOR THE SITE, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE REVEGETATED IN THE 6PRING.

T TRENCH DEWATERING AND TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION

WATER FROM CONSTRUCTION TRENCH DEWATERING OR TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION WILL PASS FIRST THROUGH A FILTER BAG OR SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE (E.G. HAY BALE LINED POOL) PRIOR TO DISCHARGE THE DISCHARGE SITE SHALL BE SELECTED TO AVOID FLOODING ICING, AND SEDIMENT DISCHARGES TO A PROTECTED RESOURCE. IN NO CASE SHALL THE FILTER BAG OR CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE BE LOCATED WITHIN 100 FEET OF A PROTECTED NATURAL RESCURCE

8. INSPECTION AND MONITORING

MAINTENANCE MEASURES SHALL BE APPLIED AS NEEDED DURING THE ENTIRE CONSTRUCTION SHASON, AFTER EACH RAINFALL SHOW STORM OR PERIOD OF THAWING AND RUNOFF, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM A VIBUAL INSPECTION OF ALL INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND PERFORM REPAIRS AS NEEDED TO INSURE THEIR CONTINUOUS FUNCTION. FOLLOWING THE TEMPORARY AND OR FINAL SEEDING AND MULCHING THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IN THE SPRING INSPECT AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGES AND/ OR INESTABLISHED SPOTS ESTABLISHED VEGETATIVE COVER MEANS A MINIMUM OF 85 TO 90% OF AREAS VEGETATED WITH VIGOROUS

STANDARDS FOR TIMELY STABILIZATION OF CONSTRUCTION SITES DURING WINTER

I STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DITCHES AND CHANNELS -- THE APPLICANT WILL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL STONE-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS ON THE SITE BY NOVEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL GRASS-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS ON THE SITE BY SEPTEMBER IS IF THE APPLICANT FAILS TO STABILIZE A DITCH OR CHANNEL TO BE GRASS-LINED BY SEPTEMBER IS THEN THE APPLICANT WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE DITCH FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER

INSTALL A SOD LINING IN THE DITCH -- THE APPLICANT WILL LINE THE DITCH WITH FROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER I, PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SOIL WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL, AND ANCHORING THE SOD WITH JUTE OR PLASTIC MESH TO PREVENT THE SOD STRIPS FROM SLOUGHING DURING FLOW CONDITIONS.

INSTALL A STONE LINING IN THE DITCH -- THE APPLICANT WILL LINE THE DITCH WITH STONE RIPRAP BY NOVEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL HIRE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE THE STONE SIZE AND LINING THICKNESS NEEDED TO WITHSTAND THE ANTICIPATED FLOW VELOCITIES AND FLOW DEPTHS WITHIN THE DITCH IF NECESSARY, THE APPLICANT WILL REGRADE THE DITCH PRIOR TO PLACING THE STONE LINING SO TO PREVENT THE STONE LINING FROM REDUCING THE DITCH'S CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA.

2 STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SLOPES -- THE APPLICANT WILL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE STONE-COVERED SLOPES BY NOVEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL SEED AND MULCH ALL SLOPES TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER IS THE DEPARTMENT WILL CONSIDER ANY AREA HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 15% (10Hily) TO BE A SLOFE IF THE APPLICANT FAILS TO STABILIZE ANY SLOPE TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER IS, THEN THE APPLICANT WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SLOFE FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER.

STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION AND EROSION CONTROL MATS -- BY OCTOBER I THE APPLICANT WILL, SEED THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET AND APPLY EROSION CONTROL MATS OVER THE MULCHED BLOPE. THE APPLICANT WILL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS IF THE RYE FAILS TO GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 15% OF THE DISTURBED SLOPE BY NOVEMBER I, THEN THE APPLICANT WILL COVER THE SLOPE WITH A LAYER OF WOOD WASTE COMPOST AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM III OF THIS CONDITION OR WITH STONE RIPRAP AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM IV OF THIS CONDITION. STABILIZE THE SLOFE WITH SOD -- THE APPLICANT WILL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH

PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER L PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SLOPE WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL, AND WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL. THE APPLICANT WILL NOT USE LATE-SEASON SOD INSTALLATION TO STABILIZE 6LOPES HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 33% (3HIV). STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH WOOD WASTE COMPOST -- THE APPLICANT WILL PLACE A SIX-INCH

AYER OF WOOD WASTE COMPOST ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER IS PRIOR TO PLACING THE WOOD WASTE COMPOST, THE APPLICANT WILL REMOVE ANY GNOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED SLOPE. THE APPLICANT WILL NOT USE WOOD WASTE COMPOST TO STABILIZE SLOPES HAVING GRADES GREATER THAN 50% (2H,IV) OR HAVING GROUNDWATER SEEPS ON THE SLOPE STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH STONE RIPRAP -- THE APPLICANT WILL PLACE A LAYER OF STONE RIPRAP ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL HIRE A REGISTERED

A FILTER LAYER FOR UNDERNEATH THE RIPRAP

INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL

CATCH BASIN

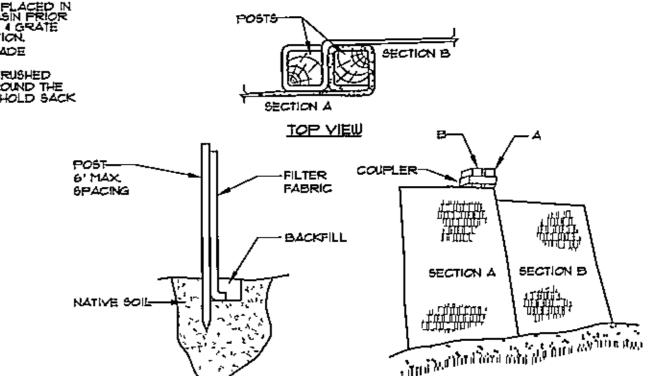
N PLACE

<u>New installation</u>

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE THE STONE SIZE NEEDED FOR STABILITY AND TO DESIGN

3 STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED COILS -- BY SEPTEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL SEED AND MULCH ALL DISTURBED SOILS ON AREAS HAVING A SLOFE LESS THAN 15% IF THE APPLICANT FAILS TO STABILIZE THESE SOILS BY THIS DATE THEN THE APPLICANT WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SOIL FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER. STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION -- BY OCTOBER I THE APPLICANT WILL, SEED THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS FER 1000 SQUARE FEET, LIGHTLY HILL OF THE SEEDED SOIL WITH HAY OR STRAW AT 15 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET AND ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING. THE APPLICANT WILL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS. IF THE RYE FAILS GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 75% OF THE DISTURBED SOIL BEFORE NOVEMBER IS THEN THE APPLICANT WILL MULCH THE AREA FOR OVER-WINTER PROTECTION AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM III OF THIS STAN STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH SOD -- THE APPLICANT WILL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER 1. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SOIL WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL AND WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH

STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH MULCH -- BY NOVEMBER IS THE APPLICANT WILL MULCH THE DISTURBED SOIL BY SPREADING HAY OR STRAW AT A RATE OF AT LEAST ISO POUNDS FER 1000 SQUARE FEET ON THE AREA 50 THAT NO SOIL IS VISIBLE THROUGH THE MULCH, PRIOR TO APPLYING THE MULCH, THE APPLICANT WILL REMOVE ANY SNOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED AREA. MEDIATELY AFTER APPLYING THE MULCH, THE APPLICANT WILL ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING TO PREVENT WIND FROM MOVING THE MULCH OFF THE DISTURBED SOIL



INSTALLATION:

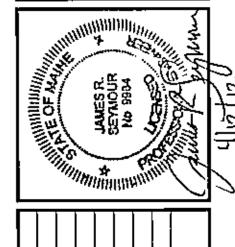
1 EXCAYATE A 6"x 6" TRENCH ALONG THE LINE OF PLACEMENT FOR THE FILTER BARRIER 2 UNROLL A SECTION AT A TIME AND POSITION THE POSTS AGAINST THE BACK (DOWNSTREAM)

WALL OF THE TRENCH 3 DRIVE POSTS INTO THE GROUND UNTIL APPROXIMATELY 2" OF FABRIC 15 LYING ON THE

4 LAY THE TOE-IN FLAP OF FABRIC ONTO THE UNDISTURBED BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH BACKFILL THE TRENCH AND TAMP THE SOIL. TOE-IN CAN ALSO BE ACCOMPLISHED BY LAYING THE FABRIC FLAP ON UNDISTURBED GROUND AND PILING AND TAMPING FILL AT THE BASE, BUT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN INTERCEPTION DITCH.

5 JOIN SECTION AS SHOWN ABOVE

6 BARRIER SHALL BE MIRAFI SILT FENCE OR EQUAL.



SCALE

AS NOTED SHEET 6 OF 9