

# **Envelope Compliance Certificate**

## 2003 IECC

# **Section 1: Project Information**

Project Type: New Construction Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast

Construction Site:

568 Riverside Street Portland, Maine

Owner/Agent:

Prolerized New England Comapny, LLC Dennis Waters 69 Rover St

Everett, Massachusetts 02149

781-873-1662

Designer/Contractor:

Patco Construction 1293 Main Street Sanford, Maine 04073 207-324-5574 x24 dwaters@patco.com

## Section 2: General Information

Building Location (for weather data):

Portland, Maine

Climate Zone:

Heating Degree Days (base 65 degrees F):

Cooling Degree Days (base 65 degrees F):

7378 268

Vertical Glazing / Wall Area Pct.:

2%

Activity Type(s)

Floor Area

Other

8700

Office

3600

# Section 3: Requirements Checklist

# Envelope PASSES, Design 9% better than code. Climate-Specific Requirements:

| Component Name/Description                             | Gross Area<br>or Perimeter | Cavity<br>R-Value | Cont.<br>R-Value | Proposed<br>U-Factor | Budget<br>U-Factor(a) |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Roof: Metal, without Thermal Blocks                    | 12042                      | 19.0              | 0.0              | 0.101                | 0.053                 |
| Ext. Wall: Metal Wall w/o Thermal Blocks               | 14725                      | 13.0              | 0.0              | 0.123                | 0.075                 |
| Window: Vinyl Frame, 2 Pane w/ Low-E, Clear, SHGC 0.29 | 288                        |                   |                  | 0.330                | 0.526                 |
| Door: Solid  | 243                        |                   |                  | 0.140                | 0.122                 |
| Floor: Unheated Slab-On-Grade, Vertical 4 ft.          | 12000                      |                   | 7.0              |                      |                       |

<sup>(</sup>a) Budget U-factors are used for software baseline calculations ONLY, and are not code requirements.

#### Air Leakage, Component Certification, and Vapor Retarder Requirements:

- n 1. All joints and penetrations are caulked, gasketed or covered with a moisture vapor-permeable wrapping material installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- ☐ 2. Windows, doors, and skylights certified as meeting leakage requirements.
- ☐ 3. Component R-values & U-factors labeled as certified.
- n 4. Insulation installed according to manufacturer's instructions, in substantial contact with the surface being insulated, and in a manner that achieves the rated R-value without compressing the insulation.
- ☐ 5. Stair, elevator shaft vents, and other dampers integral to the building envelope are equipped with motorized dampers.
- ☐ 6. Cargo doors and loading dock doors are weather sealed.
- 7. Recessed lighting fixtures are: (i) Type IC rated and sealed or gasketed; or (ii) installed inside an appropriate air-tight assembly with a 0.5 inch clearance from combustible materials and with 3 inches clearance from insulation material.

Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast

Data filename:

Report date: 06/03/10

Page 1 of 9

| 8. Building entrance doors have a vest<br>Exceptions: | equipped with closing devices.   |   |
|---|--|---|
| Building entrances with revolving                     | doors.   |   |
| Doors that open directly from a sp                    | ace less than 3000 sq. ft. in area.  |   |
| <ul><li>9. Vapor retarder installed.</li></ul>        |  |   |
| Section 4: Compliance Stat                            | ement  |   |
| and other calculations submitted with this pe         | elope design represented in this document is cor<br>ermit application. The proposed envelope system<br>only with the mandatory requirements in the Rec | n has been designed to meet the 2003 IECC |
| Dennis Waters, Vi                                     | ~ .11  | L 6/3/10                                  |
| Name - Title  | Signature  | Date                                      |

Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast Data filename:

Report date: 06/03/10 Page 2 of 9



# Interior Lighting Compliance Certificate

#### **2003 IECC**

# Section 1: Project Information

Project Type: **New Construction**Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast

Construction Site: 568 Riverside Street Portland, Maine Owner/Agent:

Prolerized New England Comapny, LLC Dennis Waters
69 Rover St Patco Construc

Everett, Massachusetts 02149

781-873-1662

Designer/Contractor:

Patco Construction 1293 Main Street Sanford, Maine 04073 207-324-5574 x24 dwaters@patco.com

#### Section 2: General Information

Building Use Description by: Activity Type

Activity Type(s)
Other

Office

Floor Area

8700 3600

# Section 3: Requirements Checklist

| ln. | teric | Nr I I | เสษา | ๚ทศ • |
|-----|-------|--------|------|-------|
| 111 | ים וע | "      | чи   | ana.  |

|  | 1. | Total proposed | watts must b | oe less thar | ı or equal to | total allowed watts. |
|--|----|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|
|--|----|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|

Allowed Watts 12660 Proposed Watts

Complies

YES

2. Exit signs 5 Watts or less per sign.

#### **Exterior Lighting:**

3. Efficacy greater than 45 lumens/W.

Exceptions:

Specialized lighting highlighting features of historic buildings; signage; safety or security lighting; low-voltage landscape lighting.

#### Controls, Switching, and Wiring:

4. Independent controls for each space (switch/occupancy sensor). Exceptions:

Areas designated as security or emergency areas that must be continuously illuminated.

Lighting in stairways or corridors that are elements of the means of egress.

- 5. Master switch at entry to hotel/motel guest room.
- ☐ 6. Individual dwelling units separately metered.
- 7. Each space provided with a manual control to provide uniform light reduction by at least 50%.
  Exceptions:

Only one luminaire in space;

An occupant-sensing device controls the area;

The area is a corridor, storeroom, restroom, public lobby or guest room;

Areas that use less than 0.6 Watts/sq.ft.

8. Automatic lighting shutoff control in buildings larger than 5,000 sq.ft.

Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast Data filename:

Report date: 06/03/10

Page 3 of 9

| Exceptions:   |                                |                                     |          |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Areas with only one lum                                       | inaire, corridors, storerooms, | restrooms, or public lobbies.       |          |
| <ol><li>Photocell/astronomical time<br/>Exceptions:</li></ol> | switch on exterior lights.     |                                     |          |
| Lighting intended for 24                                      | hour use.                      |                                     |          |
| 10.Tandem wired one-lamp an<br>Exceptions:                    | d three-lamp ballasted lumina  | iires (No single-lamp ballasts).    |          |
| Electronic high-frequenc                                      | v hallasts: Luminaires on em   | ergency circuits or with no availal | hle nair |

# **Section 4: Compliance Statement**

Compliance Statement: The proposed lighting design represented in this document is consistent with the building plans, specifications and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed lighting system has been designed to meet the 2003 IECC, Chapter 8, requirements in COMcheck-Web and to comply with the mandatory requirements in the Requirements Checklist.

DemM. A Vice Pres. Dennis Waters Date

Signature Dennis Waters



# Interior Lighting Application Worksheet

## 2003 IECC

# **Section 1: Allowed Lighting Power Calculation**

|        | A<br>Area Category | B<br>Floor Area<br>(ft2) | C<br>Allowed<br>Watts / ft2 | D<br>Allowed Watts<br>(B x C) |
|--------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Other  | ·                  | 8700                     | 1                           | 8700                          |
| Office |                    | 3600                     | 1.1                         | 3960                          |
|        |                    | To                       | tal Allowed Watts           | = 12660                       |

# **Section 2: Proposed Lighting Power Calculation**

| A<br>Fixture ID:Description / Lamp / Wattage Per Lamp / Ballast | B<br>Lamps/<br>Fixture | C<br># of<br>Fixtures | D<br>Fixture<br>Watt. | (C X D) |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| Other (87,00 sq.ft.)  |                        |                       |                       |         |
| Compact Fluorescent: Other / Electronic                         | 6                      | 12                    | 54                    | 648     |
| Office (3600 sq.ft.)  |                        |                       | Listerania.           |         |
| Compact Fluorescent: Other / Electronic                         | 3                      | 30                    | 32                    | 960     |
|   | Tot                    | tal Propose           | ed Watts =            | 1608    |

# **Section 3: Compliance Calculation**

If the Total Allowed Watts minus the Total Proposed Watts is greater than or equal to zero, the building complies.

Total Allowed Watts = 12660
Total Proposed Watts = 1608
Project Compliance = 11052

Interior Lighting PASSES: Design 37% cetter than code:



# **Mechanical Compliance Certificate**

## 2003 IECC

# **Section 1: Project Information**

Project Type: **New Construction**Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast

Construction Site: 568 Riverside Street Portland, Maine Owner/Agent:

Prolerized New England Comapny, LLC Dennis Waters 69 Rover St Patco Construc

Everett, Massachusetts 02149

781-873-1662

Designer/Contractor:

Patco Construction 1293 Main Street Sanford, Maine 04073 207-324-5574 x24 dwaters@patco.com

## **Section 2: General Information**

Building Location (for weather data):

Portland, Maine

Climate Zone:

15

Heating Degree Days (base 65 degrees F): Cooling Degree Days (base 65 degrees F): 7378 268

# **Section 3: Mechanical Systems List**

#### Quantity System Type & Description

- 1 HVAC: Heating: Unit Heater, Gas, Capacity 125000 kBtu/h, Efficiency: 80.00 / Cooling: Split System, Capacity 80000 kBtu/h, Efficiency: 9.00, Air-Cooled Condenser
- Water Heating: Service Water Heater, Efficiency: 0.62

# Section 4: Requirements Checklist

## Requirements Specific To: HVAC:

- 1. Equipment minimum efficiency: Unit Heater (Gas): 80.0 % Ec
- ☐ 2. Minimum one temperature control device per zone
- ☐ 3. Equipment minimum efficiency: Split System: 9.0 EER (9.2 IPLV)
- 1 4. Systems serving more than one zone must be VAV systems
  - Exception: Where pressure relationships must be maintained
  - Exception: Zones or supply air systems with at least 75% of reheating/recooling energy site recovered or site solar
  - Exception: Zones with humidity requirements for special processes
  - Exception: Zones with cfm <300 and flow rate <10% of total design flow rate</li>
  - Exception: Outside air needed to meet IMC Chapter 4

#### Requirements Specific To: Water Heating:

- 1. Heat traps in inlet/outlet fittings
- 2. 1/2-in. insulation on 8 ft of inlet/outlet piping if no integral heat traps
- 3. Gas Instantaneous Water Heater efficiency: 0.6 EF

#### Generic Requirements: Must be met by all systems to which the requirement is applicable:

- 1. Load calculations per ASHRAE Fundamentals
- 2. Plant equipment and system capacity no greater than needed to meet loads
  - Exception: Standby equipment automatically off when primary system is operating

| - Exception: Multiple units controllé sequence operation as a function of load  3. Minimum one temperature control device per system  4. Minimum one humidity control device per installed humidification/dehumidification system  5. Automatic Controls: Setback to 55 degrees F (heat) and 85 degrees F (cool); 7-day clock, 2-hour occupant override, 10-hour backup  - Exception: Continuously operating zones   |
|--|
| <ul> <li>Exception: 2 kW demand or less, submit calculations</li> <li>6. Automatic shut-off dampers on exhaust systems and supply systems with airflow &gt;3,000 cfm</li> <li>7. Outside-air source for ventilation; system capable of reducing OSA to required minimum</li> <li>8. R-5 supply and return air duct insulation in unconditioned spaces R-8 supply and return air duct insulation outside the building R-8 insulation between ducts and the building exterior when ducts are part of a building assembly</li> <li>Exception: Ducts located within equipment</li> </ul> |
| - Exception: Ducts with interior and exterior temperature difference not exceeding 15 degrees F.  9. Ducts sealed - longitudinal seams on rigid ducts; transverse seams on all ducts; UL 181A or 181B tapes and mastics  |
| <ul> <li>Exception: Continuously welded and locking-type longitudinal joints and seams on ducts operating at static pressures less than 2 inches w.g. pressure classification</li> <li>10.Mechanical fasteners and sealants used to connect ducts and air distribution equipment</li> <li>11.Hot water pipe insulation: 1 in. for pipes &lt;=1.5 in. and 2 in. for pipes &gt;1.5 in. Chilled water/refrigerant/brine pipe insulation: 1 in. for pipes &gt;1.5 in. Steam pipe insulation: 1.5 in. for pipes &gt;1.5 in. and 3 in. for pipes &gt;1.5 in.</li> </ul>                    |
| - Exception: Piping within HVAC equipment.   |
| - Exception: Fluid temperatures between 55 and 105 degrees F.  |
| - Exception: Fluid not heated or cooled with renewable energy.   |
| <ul> <li>Exception: Runouts &lt;4 ft in length.</li> <li>12. Operation and maintenance manual provided to building owner</li> <li>13. Balancing devices provided in accordance with IMC 603.15</li> <li>14. Newly purchased service water heating equipment meets the efficiency requirements</li> <li>15. Water heater temperature controls: 110 degrees F for dwelling units or 90 degrees F for other occupancies</li> <li>16. Thermostatic controls have 5 degrees F deadband</li> </ul>   |
| - Exception: Thermostats requiring manual changeover between heating and cooling   |
| <ul> <li>Exception: Special occupancy or special applications where wide temperature ranges are not acceptable and are approved by the authority having jurisdiction.</li> <li>17. Stair and elevator shaft vents are equipped with motorized dampers</li> </ul>   |
| Section 5: Compliance Statement  |
| Compliance Statement: The proposed mechanical design represented in this document is consistent with the building plans, specifications and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed mechanical systems have been designed to meet the 2003 IECC requirements in COMcheck-Web and to comply with the mandatory requirements in the Requirements Checklist.  Dennis Waters Vice Pres.  Signature  Signature  |

Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast Data filename:



# Mechanical Requirements Description

## 2003 IECC

The following list provides more detailed descriptions of the requirements in Section 4 of the Mechanical Compliance Certificate.

#### Requirements Specific To: HVAC:

- 1. The specified heating and/or cooling equipment is covered by the ASHRAE 90.1 Code and must meet the following minimum efficiency: Unit Heater (Gas): 80.0 % Ec
- 2. Each zone of a multiple-zone system must have its own temperature control device.
- 3. The specified heating and/or cooling equipment is covered by ASHRAE 90.1 Code and must meet the following minimum efficiency: Split System: 9.0 EER (9.2 IPLV)
- 4. Systems serving multiple thermostatic control zones must be variable-flow systems. Zone terminal controls must reduce the flow of primary supply air before reheating, recooling, or mixing air streams to one of the following: a) 30% of the maximum supply air to each zone, b) 300 cfm or less where the maximum flow rate is less than 10% of the total fan system supply airflow rate, or c) minimum ventilation requirements of Chapter 4 of the International Mechanical Code.
  - Exception: VAV controls are not required for zones with special pressurization or cross-contamination requirements. These zones must be called out in the construction documents for easy identification during field inspection.
  - Exception: VAV controls are not required for zones or supply air systems where at least 75% of the reheating and recooling energy is
    made available through the use of site-recovered or site solar energy. These zones must be called out in the construction documents
    for easy identification during field inspection.
  - Exception: VAV controls are not required for zones with special humidity control requirements for specialized processes. These zones
    must be called out in the construction documents for easy identification during field inspection.
  - Exception: VAV controls are not required for zones that require less than 300 cfm of supply air provided the total airflow to these
    zones does not exceed 10% of the total design flow rate for the system.
  - Exception: VAV controls are not required where constant volume supply air is necessary to meet the minimum outside air requirements of Chapter 4 of the International Mechanical Code. These zones must be called out in the construction documents for easy identification during field inspection.

#### Requirements Specific To: Water Heating:

- 1. Heat traps are required on noncirculating water heating systems on both inlet and outlet connections. Heat traps may be purchased or field-fabricated by creating a loop or inverted U-shaped arrangement on the inlet and outlet pipes.
- 2. Pipe insulation for the specified noncirculating service hot water system is required for all piping in the following categories: a) the first 8 ft of outlet piping from any constant-temperature, noncirculating storage system b) the inlet piping between the storage tank and a heat trap in a noncirculating storage system Pipe insulation must be at least 1/2 in. and have a conductivity no >0.28 Btu-in/(h-ft2-degrees F).
- 3. Service water heating equipment used solely for heating potable water, pool heaters, and hot water storage tanks must meet the following miniumum efficiency: Gas Instantaneous Water Heater efficiency: 0.6 EF

#### Generic Requirements: Must be met by all systems to which the requirement is applicable:

- Design heating and cooling loads for the building must be determined using procedures in the ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals or an approved equivalent calculation procedure.
- 2. All equipment and systems must be sized to be no greater than needed to meet calculated loads. A single piece of equipment providing both heating and cooling must satisfy this provision for one function with the capacity for the other function as small as possible, within available equipment options.
  - Exception: The equipment and/or system capacity may be greater than calculated loads for standby purposes. Standby equipment
    must be automatically controlled to be off when the primary equipment and/or system is operating.
  - Exception: Multiple units of the same equipment type whose combined capacities exceed the calculated load are allowed if they are
    provided with controls to sequence operation of the units as the load increases or decreases.
- 3. Each heating or cooling system serving a single zone must have its own temperature control device.
- 4. Each humidification system must have its own humidity control device.
- 5. The system or zone control must be a programmable thermostat or other automatic control meeting the following criteria: a) capable of setting back temperature to 55 degrees F during heating and setting up to 85 degrees F during cooling, b) capable of automatically setting back or shutting down systems during unoccupied hours using 7 different day schedules, c) have an accessible 2-hour occupant override, d) have a battery back-up capable of maintaining programmed settings for at least 10 hours without power.

Project Title: Schnitzer Northeast Data filename:

Report date: 06/03/10

Page 8 of 9

- g areas that operate continuously.
- Exception: A setback or shutoff control is not required on systems with total energy demand of 2 kW (6,826 Btu/h) or less.
- 6. Outdoor-air supply systems with design airflow rates >3,000 cfm of outdoor air and all exhaust systems must have dampers that are automatically closed while the equipment is not operating.
- 7. The system must supply outside ventilation air as required by Chapter 4 of the International Mechanical Code. If the ventilation system is designed to supply outdoor-air quantities exceeding minimum required levels, the system must be capable of reducing outdoor-air flow to the minimum required levels.
- 8. Air ducts must be insulated to the following levels: a) Supply and return air ducts for conditioned air located in unconditioned spaces (spaces neither heated nor cooled) must be insulated with a minimum of R-5. Unconditioned spaces include attics, crawl spaces, unheated basements, and unheated garages. b) Supply and return air ducts and plenums must be insulated to a minimum of R-8 when located outside the building, c) When ducts are located within exterior components (e.g., floors or roofs), minimum R-8 insulation is required only between the duct and the building exterior.
  - Exception: Duct insulation is not required on ducts located within equipment.
  - Exception: Duct insulation is not required when the design temperature difference between the interior and exterior of the duct or plenum does not exceed 15 degrees F.
- 9. All joints, longitudinal and transverse seams, and connections in ductwork must be securely sealed using weldments; mechanical fasteners with seals, gaskets, or mastics; mesh and mastic sealing systems; or tapes. Tapes and mastics must be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 181A or UL 181B.
  - Exception: Continuously welded and locking-type longitudinal joints and seams on ducts operating at static pressures less than 2 inches w.g. pressure classification.
- 10. Mechanical fasteners and seals, mastics, or gaskets must be used when connecting ducts to fans and other air distribution equipment, including multiple-zone terminal units.
- 11. All pipes serving space-conditioning systems must be insulated as follows: Hot water piping for heating systems: 1 in. for pipes <=1 1/2-in. nominal diameter, 2 in. for pipes >1 1/2-in. nominal diameter. Chilled water, refrigerant, and brine piping systems: 1 in. insulation for pipes <=1 1/2-in. nominal diameter, 1 1/2 in. insulation for pipes >1 1/2-in. nominal diameter. Steam piping: 1 1/2 in. insulation for pipes <=1 1/2-in. nominal diameter.
  - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for factory-installed piping within HVAC equipment.
  - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for piping that conveys fluids having a design operating temperature range between 55 degrees F and 105 degrees F.
  - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for piping that conveys fluids that have not been heated or cooled through the use of fossil fuels or electric power.
  - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for runout piping not exceeding 4 ft in length and 1 in. in diameter between the control valve and HVAC coil.
- 12. Operation and maintenance documentation must be provided to the owner that includes at least the following information: a) equipment capacity (input and output) and required maintenance actions b) equipment operation and maintenance manuals c) HVAC system control maintenance and calibration information, including wiring diagrams, schematics, and control sequence descriptions; desired or field-determined set points must be permanently recorded on control drawings, at control devices, or, for digital control systems, in programming comments d) complete narrative of how each system is intended to operate.
- 13. Each supply air outlet or diffuser and each zone terminal device (such as VAV or mixing box) must have its own balancing device. Acceptable balancing devices include adjustable dampers located within the ductwork, terminal devices, and supply air diffusers.
- 14. Service water heating equipment must meet minimum Federal efficiency requirements included in the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act and the Energy Policy Act of 1992, which meet or exceed ASHRAE 90.1 Code. New service water heating equipment can be assumed to meet these requirements.
- 15. Water-heating equipment must be provided with controls that allow the user to set the water temperature to 110 degrees F for dwelling units and 90 degrees F for other occupancies. Controls must limit output temperatures of lavatories in public facility restrooms to 110 degrees F.
- 16. Thermostats controlling both heating and cooling must be capable of maintaining a 5 degrees F deadband (a range of temperature where no heating or cooling is provided).
  - Exception: Deadband capability is not required if the thermostat does not have automatic changeover capability between heating and cooling.
  - Exception: Special occupancy or special applications where wide temperature ranges are not acceptable and are approved by the authority having jurisdiction.
- 17. Stair and elevator shaft vents must be equipped with motorized dampers capable of being automatically closed during normal building operation and interlocked to open as required by fire and smoke detection systems. All gravity outdoor air supply and exhaust hoods, vents, and ventilators must be equipped with motorized dampers that will automatically shut when the spaces served are not in use.
  - Exception: Gravity (non-motorized) dampers are acceptable in buildings less than three stories in height above grade.
  - Exception: Ventilation systems serving unconditioned spaces.

| 9   |  |
|---|--|
| Certificate of Designation:  Car W. Walker  5/12/10  Schnitzer Northe  Address of Construction:  560 Riverside St   |  |
| 2003 International Buil<br>Construction project was designed to the build   |  |
| Building Code & Year 2003 TBC Use Group Classification (s)  | n 903.3.1 of the 2003 IRC  |
| Structural Design Calculations  Submitted for all structural members (106.1 – 106.11)  Design Loads on Construction Documents (1603)  Uniformly distributed floor live loads (7603.11, 1807)  Floor Area Use  Loads Shown  TOCESS  OND  Characteristics  Design Loads on Construction Documents (1603)  Uniformly distributed floor live loads (7603.11, 1807)  Floor Area Use  OND  OND  OND  OND  OND  OND  OND  ON | N/A Live load reduction  20 pof Roof live loads (1603.1.2, 1607.11)  37.80 pof Roof snow loads (1603.7.3, 1608)  60 pof Ground snow load, Pg (1608.2)  1 FE (.90) If Pg > 10 psf, flat-roof snow load properties of the properties o |
| Wind loads (1603.1.4, 1609)  ———————————————————————————————————  | If $P_g > 10$ psf, snow load importance factor, If the first of the factor, If the factor of the factor, If the factor of the factor o |

table 1604.5, 1609.5)
Wind exposure category (1609.4) E.L.F. Analysis procedure (1616.6, 1617.5) Internal pressure coefficient (ASCE 7) Design base shear (1617.4, 16175.5.1) Component and cladding pressures (1609.1.1, 1609.6.2.2) Flood loads (1803.1.6, 1612) Main force wind pressures (7603.1.1, 1609.6.2.1) Flood Hazard area (1612.3) Earth design data (1603.1.5, 1614-1623) Elevation of structure Design option utilized (1614.1) Other loads
3psf col Seismic use group ("Category") teral concentrated loads (1607.4) Spectral response coefficients, SDs & SD1 (1615.1)

Sire class (1615.1.5)

Partition loads (1607.5)

Misc. loads (Table 1607.8, 1607.6.1, 1607.7, 1607.12, 1607.13, 1610, 1611, 2404