STRUCTURAL GENERAL NOTES

DESIGN LOADS: International Building Code; IBC 2009 Edition, except as noted Occupancy Category, Table 1604.5 50 psf (used for drifting calculations) Ground Snow, Table 1608.3.1 Snow Exposure Factor Ce Table 1604.5 Snow importance Factor, Is Snow Thermal Factor, Ct Table 1608.3.2 Floors: Residential Corridors/Stairs Occupancy Served Assembly Space 100 psf Wind IBC 1603.1.4, ASCE 7-05 Analytic Method 3 Second Gust Velocity 90 mph Importance Factor Building Category and Internal Pressure Coefficient IBC 1609.2, ASCE Figure 6-5 Enclosed Exposure Components and Cladding Pressures DP 35 uno. Also see arch. Use Group Importance Factor Coefficient Spectral Response Acceleration 0.270 gSDS 0.285 g Short Period Ss 0.080 gSD1 0.128 g One Second Soils Site Class Table 1615.1.1 D Design Category Table 1616.3 B Basic Force Resisting System, Table 1617.6.2 Dual System, etc Seismic Response Coefficient Cs 0.044 Response Modification Coefficient R Analysis Procedure Equivalent Lateral Force

Refer to soils report prepared #15170 by Summit GeoEngineering Services; dated September 2015. Soils engineer shall verify soil conditions and types during excavation and prior to concrete placement.

Design of footings is based on

Maximum allowable bearing pressure Bear on crushed stone blanket on the natural undisturbed soil, bedrock, or compacted structural fill, below frost depth. Refer to Geotechnical Report, and Civil plans for details.

--Retaining Structures---

Earth Equivalent Fluid Lateral Pressure: Restrained Walls (at rest)

45 pcf Passive Resisting 250 pcf 0.40 Coefficient of Friction

CONCRETE AND REINFORCEMENT:

Concrete shall conform to applicable provisions of ACI-301 and 318. Minimum 28 day compressive strength (F'c) as follows:

Footings and Walls: 3,000 w/4-6% air entrainment Interior Slabs: psi w/ fibermesh

Cement Type:

Deformed reinforcement: ASTM A615 grade 60, except bars specified to be field_bent, stirrups, and ties which shall be grade 40. Fibermesh: 100% virgin polypropylene, fibrillated fibers as manufactured by Fibermesh Co. per ASTM C-1116 type 111 4.1.3 and ASTM C-1116 performance level one, 1.5 lb. per cubic yard. Welded Wire Fabric (WWF): ASTM A185. See also plan.

Typical minimum foundation reinforcing: 2 #5 top and bottom, (except as noted) continuous at corners and steps. Reinforcement shall be fabricated and placed per ACI Manual of Standard Practice (ACI_315). At splices, lap bars 50 diameters unless

Minimum 2 #5 around all four sides of all openings, extend min. 2'_0 beyond openings.

Concrete cover over reinforcing: 11/2" for concrete placed against forms; 3" for concrete placed against earth. See also drawings.

In continuous members, splice top bars at mid span and bottom bars over supports. Keep reinforcement clean and free of dirt, oil, and scale. Oil forms prior to placing reinforcement.

STRUCTURAL STEEL:

Structural steel shall be detailed, fabricated, and erected in accordance with latest AISC Specifications, and Code of Standard Practice. Structural steel wide flange beams shall conform to ASTM A992.

Except as noted, framed beam connections shall be bearing-type with 3/4" diameter, snug tight, A490-N bolts, detailed in conformance with Part 4, Tables II and III, for 0.6 times the allowable uniform loads tabulated in Part 2 of the AISC Manual, 9th Edition. Install bolts in accordance with AISC "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts".

All beams shall have full depth web stiffeners each side of webs above and below columns Anchor rods shall conform to ASTM F1554, Grade 55), with weldability supplement S1.

Headed anchor studs (HAS) shall be attached to structural steel with equipment approved by the stud manufacturer according to the stud manufacturer's recommendations.

Welding shall be done by a certified welder in accordance with AISC and AWS specifications and recommendations using E70electrodes. Where not specifically noted, minimum weld shall be 3/16" fillet by length of contact edge. All post-installed anchors shall have current ICC evaluation, and shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements.

Expansion anchors shall be approved "wedge" type unless specifically noted to be "sleeve" type. Chemical anchors shall be approved epoxy or similar adhesive type and shall have current ICC evaluation Report. Where base material is not solid, approved screen tubes shall be used.

Grout beneath column base and beam-bearing plates shall be minimum 28-day compressive strength of 7,500 psi, approved pre-bagged, non-metallic, non-gaseous, bleed free, non-shrink, when tested in accordance with ASTM C1107 Grade B or C at a flow cone fluid consistency of 20 to 30 seconds STRUCTURAL WOOD FRAMING:

In-Grade Base Values have been used for design. 2x framing shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better unless noted.

All lumber shall be 19% maximum moisture content, unless noted.

Solid timber beams and posts shall be Douglas Fir-Larch No. 1. Studs shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better. Top and bottom plates shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better.

Wood in contact with concrete shall be pressure-treated Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 or Southern Yellow Pine.

Conventional light framing shall comply with IBC Section 2308. Except as noted otherwise, minimum nailing shall be provided as specified in IBC Table 2304.9.1 "Fastening Schedule." ALL PLYWOOD SHEATHING SHALL BE OSB SHEATHING AND SHALL BE APA GRADED WITH PANEL

IDENTIFICATION INDEX, THICKNESS, AND NAILING AS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS, Nail wall sheathing with 8d commons at 6" o.c. at panel edges, and 12" o.c. at intermediate framing except as noted. SHEATH ALL EXTERIOR WALLS. SHEATH INTERIOR WALLS AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. BLOCK AND NAIL ALL EDGES BETWEEN STUDS.

Sheathing shall be continuous from bottom plate to top plate. Cut in "L" and "T" shapes around openings. Lap sheathing over rim joists min. 4" at all floors to tie upper and lower stud walls together. Minimum height of sheathing panels shall be 16" to assure that plates are tied to studs. Minimum 3-8d per stud and nail plates with "edge nail" spacing.

Sole plate at all perimeter walls and at designated shear walls shall be nailed as for braced panels with 3-16d x 3 1/2" long box nails (coated or deformed shank) per 16". 12d nails are not acceptable. Provide solid blocking between joists under jamb studs of openings.

Pre-engineered, prefabricated trusses shall be designed for the fabricator by a Professional Engineer Registered in the State of construction, and shall comply with Code Requirements

Truss to truss connections specified shall be by truss supplier, unless specifically noted on the drawings. Lower chord of gable end trusses shall be anchored to wall plate with framing anchors at 4'-0 spacing and laterally braced to

Truss supplier shall specify all floor and roof truss bracing and bridging. All roof rafters, joists, trusses, and beams shall be anchored to supports with metal framing anchors. Light gage framing anchors shown or required, shall be Simpson "Strong Tie" or equal Code approved connectors and installed with the number and type of nails recommended by the manufacturer to develop the rated capacity.

Note that heavy-duty hangers and skewed hangers may not be stocked locally and require special order from the factory. All beams and trusses shall be braced against rotation at points of bearing. Unless otherwise indicated, install two lengths of solid blocking x joist depth x 12 inches long in floor framing under column loads. Columns must have a continuous load path to foundation. Lead holes for lag screws shall be drilled in accordance with Table 6.23 of the AITC Timber Construction Manual, 3rd edition.

PLANT FABRICATED / PRE-ENGINEERED WOOD FRAMING:

Trussed floor joists and roof joists shall be designed and stamped by a registered engineer to support the full dead loads and the superimposed design loads noted on the drawings.

Stresses shall not exceed those listed in the current NDS. 15% stress increase may not be used. Web arrangement and member forces shall be determined by the fabricator.

Manufacture and installation of trusses shall comply with

ANSI/TPI 1 "National Design Standard for Metal-Plate-Connected Wood Truss Construction", TPI HIB "Commentary and Recommendations for Handling Installing and Bracing Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses", TPI DSB "Recommended Design Specification for Temporary Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses".

Calculations and shop drawings, including member sizes, lumber species and grades, and substantiating data for connector capacities, shall be submitted to the Architect and Engineer for review prior to fabrication. Manufactured "I"-series roof and floor joists shall be by TJI/ILevel, LPI, BCI, NJI, OJ with structural wood flanges and webs, and carry Code approval for the composite section.

Bridging and blocking shall be installed according to the fabricator's requirements.

Shop drawings shall be submitted to the Architect for review prior to fabrication. Beams noted as LVL on plan shall be 1-3/4" wide Laminated Veneer Lumber beams of the depth noted on plan Shall be plant-fabricated and manufactured by I Level,

Shall have the following minimum allowable design stresses: Fb = 2600 psi Fv = 285 psiFc (| |) = 2460 psi Fc($^{\circ}$) = 750 psi Beams noted as PSL on plan shall be plant-fabricated

Manufactured by I Level, and have the following minimum allowable design stresses:

Construction Documents are copyrighted and shall not be copied for use as erection plans or shop details.

Use of SI Inc.'s electronic files as base for shop drawings requires prior approval by SI Inc, signed release of liability by subcontractor,

payment of an administration fee of \$100 per drawing sheet to SI Inc, and

deletion of SI Inc's name and Logo from all sheets so used. The General Contractor and his subcontractors shall submit in writing any requests to modify the plans or specifications.

All shop and erection drawings shall be checked and stamped by the General Contractor prior to submission for Engineer's review. Unchecked submittals will be returned without review. Furnish one (1) reproducible and two (2) prints of shop and erection drawings to the Structural Engineer for review prior to fabrication for reinforcing steel, structural steel, and wood trusses.

Submit in a timely manner to permit ten (10) working days for review. Shop drawings submitted for review do not constitute "in writing" unless specific suggested changes are clearly marked. In any event, such changes by means of the shop drawing submittal process become the responsibility of the one initiating such

STRUCTURAL ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS:

The structural drawings illustrate the completed structure with elements in their final positions, properly supported and braced. These construction documents contain typical and representative details to assist the contractor.

All work shall be accomplished in a workmanlike manner and in accordance with the applicable code and local ordinances.

Unless otherwise specifically indicated, the drawings do not describe methods of construction.

Details shown apply at all similar conditions unless otherwise indicated. Although due diligence has been applied to make the drawings as complete as possible, not every detail is illustrated, nor is every exceptional condition addressed. All proprietary connections shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations.

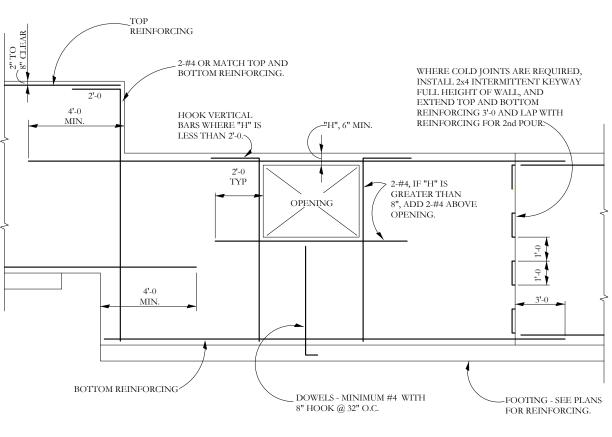
The general contractor is responsible for coordination of all work, including layout and dimension verification, materials coordination, shop drawing review, and the work of subcontractors. Any discrepancies or omissions discovered in the course of the work shall be immediately reported to the architect for resolution.

The contractor, in the proper sequence, shall perform or supervise all work necessary to achieve the final completed structure, and to protect the structure, workmen, and others during construction. Such work shall include, but not be limited to, bracing, shoring for construction equipment, shoring for excavation, formwork,

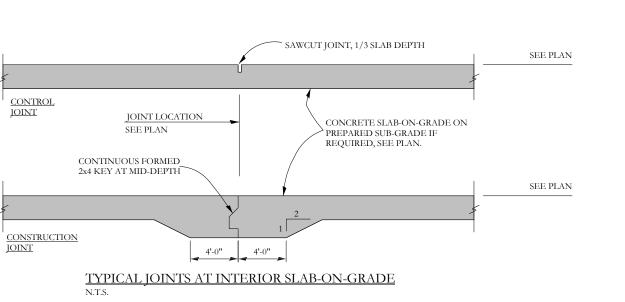
Continuation of work without notification of discrepancies relieves the architect and engineer from all consequences.

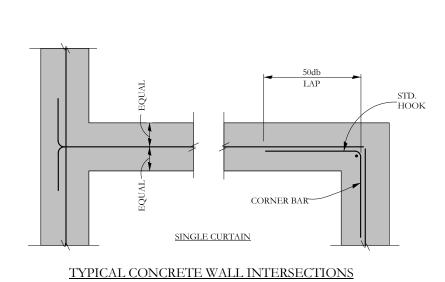
scaffolding, safety devices and programs of all kinds, support and bracing for cranes and other erection equipment. Do not backfill against basement or retaining walls until supporting slabs and floor framing are in place and securely anchored, unless adequate bracing is provided.

Temporary bracing shall remain in place until all floors, walls, roofs and any other supporting elements are in place. The architect and engineer bear no responsibility for the above items, and observation visits to the site do not in any way include inspection of them.



TYPICAL REINFORCING AT STEPS AND OPENINGS





S1.0	GENERAL NOTES
S1.1a	FOUNDATION PLAN 'A'
S1.1b	FOUNDATION PLAN 'B'
S1.1c	FOUNDATION PLAN 'C'
S1.2a	SECOND FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'A'
S1.2b	SECOND FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'B'
S1.2c	SECOND FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'C'
S1.3a	THIRD FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'A'
S1.3b	THIRD FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'B'
S1.3c	THIRD FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'C'
S1.4a	FOURTH FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'A'
S1.4b	FOURTH FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'B'
S1.4c	FOURTH FLOOR FRAMING PLAN 'C'
S1.5a	ROOF FRAMING PLAN 'A'
S1.5b	ROOF FRAMING PLAN 'B'
S1.5c	ROOF FRAMING PLAN 'C'
S1.6	PORTE COCHERE PLANS
S2.1	SECTIONS
S2.2	SECTIONS

AB<u>BREVIATIONS KEY</u>

MACH | Machine

MASY Masonry

MATL | Material

MAX Maximum

MB Machine bolt

MECH | Mechanical

MEZZ Mezzanine

MIN Minimum

MTL Metal

NF Near Face

NS Near Side

NIC Not In Contract

N-S North to South

OCJ OSHA Column Joist

OD Outside Diameter

NTS Not to Scale

OF Outside Face

OPNG Opening

OPP Opposite

PC Precast

PEN Penetration

PERP Perpendicular

PP Panel Point

PTN Partition

PWD Plywood

QTY Quantity

R Radius

RECT Rectangle

REQ Required

RET Retaining

RM Room

REQMT Requirement

RO Rough Opening

Prestressed

(generic term)

Post Tensioned

RE Reference (refer to)

REINF Reinforce, -ed, -ing

RMO Rough Masonry Opening

Pressure Treated

PNL Panel

PS

PT

(2)

PL Property Line

OH ___Opposite Hand_

ML

MO

MFR Manufacture, -er, -ed

Masonry Opening

(Trus-joist brand LVL)

PCF | Pounds Per Cubic Foot | THD | Thread

PLF Pounds per Linear Foot TPG Topping

PSF | Pounds per Square Foot | ULT | Ultimate

PSL Parallel Strand Lumber | VERT | Vertical

Microllam

SC Slip Critical

SDST Self Drilling Self Tapping

SLH Short Leg Horizontal

SLV Short Leg Vertical

Spaces

SCH Schedule

SECT Section

SHT Sheet

SIM Similar

SQ Square

ST Snug Tight

STD Standard

STIFF Stiffener

SUPT Support

TRANS Transverse

TYP Typical

WT Weight

New

Remove

(N)

STL Steel

SP

SF Square Feet

SHTG Sheathing

Each Face

ELEC Electric (Electrical)

EJ Expansion Joint

ELEV Elevation

ENGR Engineer

EQUIP Equipment

EQUIV Equivalent

ES Each Side

EXC Excavate

EXP Expansion

FND Foundation

F-F Face to Face

FIG Figure

FL Flush

FLG Flange

FLR Floor

FO Face of

FS Far Side

FTG Footing

FP Full Penetrati

GA Gage (Gauge)

GALV Galvanized

GEN General

GND Ground

GTP Girder Truss

HORIZ Horizontal

HT

BD Gypsum Board

Height

ID Inside Diameter

Joist

LD Load

LOC Location

LSL

LVL

Joint

HAS Headed Anchor Stud

Inside Face

INT Interior (Intermediate)

Joist Bearing

Kip (1,000 lbs.

Live Load

LLH Long Leg Horizontal

Laminated Strand

Laminated Veneer

Lumber (generic term)

Lumber (generic term)

LLV Long Leg Vertical

Light

GR Grade

GC General Contractor

GL Glue laminated (Glulam)

FF Far Face, Finished Floo

EXT Exterior

E-W East to West

EST Estimate

EQ Equal

EF

Anchor Rod

AFF Above Finished Floor

ANCH | Anchor, Anchorage

(Bolt)

ADDL Additional

ADJ Adjustable

ALT Alternate

AMT Amount

AVG Average

BLK Block

BM

CB

CM

BLKG Blocking

BOT Bottom

BRG Bearing

CLG Ceiling

CLR Clear

COL Column

COM Common

CONC | Concrete

COMB Combination

CONN Connection

CS Countersink

CTR Center

DET Detail

DN

DP

DT

DEV Develop

DIAG Diagonal

DWG Drawing

DWL Dowel

ECC Eccentric

E-E End to End

Each

DIM Dimension

Beam

APPROX Approximate

ARCH Architect, -ural

ATR All Thread Rod

Bottom of Concret

Brick Ledge

Bottom of Wall

Counterbore

Cubic Foot

Cast in Place

Center of Gravity

Construction Joint

Construction Manager

(Control Joint)

(Management)

CMU | Concrete Masonry Unit |

CONT | Continue (Continuous)

COORD | Coordinate, -tion

Cubic Yard

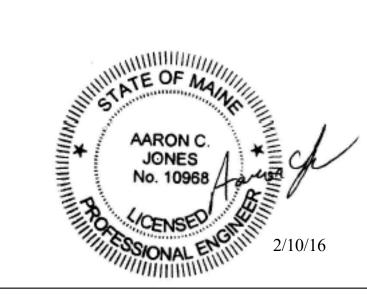
Dead Load

Drilled Pier

Double Tee

Down

DAB Deformed Anchor Bar



AND SOG Slab on Grade SPEC Specifications PORTL, HOTEL STRUCT Structure, -al SY Square Yard SYM Symmetrical T&B Top and Bottom T&G Tongue and Groove OSB Oriented Strand Board | TB Top of Beam PAF Powder Actuated Fast'nt TC Top of Concrete TD Top of Deck THK Thick, -ness TJ Top of Joist TL Total Load TW Top of Wall PSI Pounds per square Inch UNO Unless Noted Otherwise VIF Verify in Field WA Wedge Anchor WP Work Point WWF Welded Wire Fabric XS Extra Strong XSECT | Cross-section XXS Double Extra Strong **HAMPTON**

PERMIT SET