14.3.5 EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND SITE STABILIZATION

THE PRIMARY EMPHASIS OF THE EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN, WHICH WILL BE IMPLEMENTED FOR THIS PROJECT, IS AS FOLLOWS:

- DEVELOPMENT OF A CAREFUL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE.
- RAPID REVEGETATION OF DENUDED AREAS TO MINIMIZE THE PERIOD OF SOIL EXPOSURE.
- RAPID STABILIZATION OF DRAINAGE PATHS TO AVOID RILL AND GULLY EROSION.
- THE USE OF ON–SITE MEASURES TO CAPTURE SEDIMENT (HAY BALES/ STONE CHECK DAMS/SILT FENCE, ETC.)

THE FOLLOWING TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AS PART OF THE SITE DEVELOPMENT. THESE DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS OR AS DESCRIBED WITHIN THIS REPORT. FOR FURTHER REFERENCE, SEE THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MAINE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS.

A. DEWATERING

WATER FROM CONSTRUCTION TRENCH DEWATERING SHALL PASS FIRST THROUGH A FILTER BAG OR SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE (E.G. HAY BALE LINED POOL) PRIOR TO DISCHARGE. THE DISCHARGE SITE SHALL BE SELECTED TO AVOID FLOODING, ICING, AND SEDIMENT DISCHARGES TO A PROTECTED RESOURCE. IN NO CASE SHALL THE FILTER BAG OR CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE BE LOCATED WITHIN 50 FEET OF A PROTECTED NATURAL RESOURCE.

B. INSPECTION AND MONITORING

MAINTENANCE MEASURES SHALL BE APPLIED AS NEEDED DURING THE ENTIRE CONSTRUCTION SEASON. AFTER EACH RAINFALL, SNOW STORM OR PERIOD OF THAWING AND RUNOFF, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM A VISUAL INSPECTION OF ALL INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND PERFORM REPAIRS AS NEEDED TO INSURE THEIR CONTINUOUS FUNCTION. FOLLOWING THE TEMPORARY AND/OR FINAL SEEDING AND MULCHING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IN THE SPRING INSPECT AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGES AND/OR UNESTABLISHED SPOTS. ESTABLISHED VEGETATIVE COVER MEANS A MINIMUM OF 90% OF AREAS VEGETATED WITH VIGOROUS GROWTH.

C. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

THE FOLLOWING MEASURES ARE PLANNED AS TEMPORARY EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES DURING CONSTRUCTION:

1. SILTATION FENCE OR WOOD WASTE COMPOST BERMS SHALL BE INSTALLED DOWNSTREAM OF ANY DISTURBED AREAS TO TRAP RUNOFF– BORNE SEDIMENTS UNTIL GRASS AREAS ARE REVEGETATED. THE SILT FENCE AND/OR WOOD WASTE COMPOST BERMS SHALL BE INSTALLED PER THE DETAILS PROVIDED IN THIS PACKAGE AND INSPECTED AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND BEFORE AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER A STORM EVENT OF 0.5 INCHES OR GREATER, AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL. REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE IF THERE ARE ANY SIGNS OF EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION BELOW THE FENCE OR BERM LINE. IF THERE ARE SIGNS OF UNDERCUTTING AT THE CENTER OR THE EDGES, OR IMPOUNDING OF LARGE VOLUMES OF WATER BEHIND THE FENCE OR BERM, THE BARRIER SHALL BE REPLACED WITH A STONE CHECK DAM. WOOD WASTE COMPOST BERMS ARE NOT TO BE USED ADJACENT TO WETLAND AREAS THAT ARE NOT TO BE DISTURBED.

2. STRAW OR HAY MULCH INCLUDING HYDROSEEDING IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE COVER FOR DENUDED OR SEEDED AREAS UNTIL REVEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED. MULCH PLACED BETWEEN APRIL 15TH AND OCTOBER 15TH ON SLOPES OF LESS THEN 15 PERCENT SHALL BE ANCHORED BY APPLYING WATER; MULCH PLACED ON SLOPES OF EQUAL TO OR STEEPER THAN 15 PERCENT SHALL BE COVERED BY A FABRIC NETTING AND ANCHORED WITH STAPLES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION. FABRIC NETTING AND STAPLES SHALL BE USED ON DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN 50' OF LAKES, STREAMS, AND WETLANDS REGARDLESS OF THE UPSTREAM SLOPE. MULCH PLACED BETWEEN OCTOBER 15TH AND APRIL 15TH ON SLOPES EQUAL TO OR STEEPER THAN 8 PERCENT SHALL BE COVERED WITH A FABRIC NETTING AND ANCHORED WITH STAPLES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1 AND EQUAL TO OR FLATTER THAN 2:1, WHICH ARE TO BE REVEGETATED, SHALL RECEIVE CURLEX BLANKETS BY AMERICAN EXCELSIOR OR EQUAL. SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 SHALL RECEIVE RIPRAP AS NOTED ON THE PLANS. THE MULCH APPLICATION RATE FOR BOTH TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING IS 75 LBS PER 1000 SF AS IDENTIFIED IN THE SEEDING PLAN. MULCH SHALL NOT BE PLACED OVER SNOW.

3. TEMPORARY STOCKPILES OF STUMPS, GRUBBINGS, OR COMMON EXCAVATION WILL BE PROTECTED AS FOLLOWS:

   a) TEMPORARY STOCKPILES SHALL NOT BE LOCATED WITHIN 100 FEET OF ANY WETLANDS WHICH WILL NOT BE DISTURBED AND SHALL BE LOCATED AWAY FROM DRAINAGE SWALES.

   b) STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 7 DAYS BY EITHER TEMPORARILY SEEDING THE STOCKPILE BY A HYDROSEED METHOD CONTAINING AN EMULSIFIED MULCH TACKIFIER OR BY COVERING THE STOCKPILE WITH MULCH, SUCH AS HAY, STRAW, OR EROSION CONTROL MIX.

   c) STOCKPILES SHALL BE SURROUNDED BY SEDIMENTATION BARRIER AT THE TIME OF FORMATION.

4. ALL DENUDED AREAS THAT ARE WITHIN 100 FEET OF AN UNDISTURBED WETLAND, WHICH HAVE BEEN ROUGH GRADED AND ARE NOT LOCATED WITHIN A BUILDING PAD, PARKING AREA, OR ACCESS DRIVE SUBBASE AREA, SHALL RECEIVE MULCH OR EROSION CONTROL MESH FABRIC WITHIN 48 HOURS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE OF SOIL. ALL AREAS WITHIN 100 FEET OF AN UNDISTURBED WETLAND SHALL BE MULCHED PRIOR TO ANY PREDICTED RAIN EVENT REGARDLESS OF THE 48 HOUR WINDOW. IN OTHER AREAS, THE TIME PERIOD MAY BE EXTENDED TO 7 DAYS.

5. FOR WORK, WHICH IS CONDUCTED BETWEEN OCTOBER 15TH AND APRIL 15TH OF ANY CALENDAR YEAR, ALL DENUDED AREAS, SHALL BE COVERED WITH HAY MULCH OR EROSION CONTROL MIX, APPLIED AT TWICE THE NORMAL APPLICATION RATE AND ANCHORED WITH A FABRIC NETTING. THE TIME PERIOD FOR APPLYING MULCH SHALL BE LIMITED TO 2 DAYS FOR ALL AREAS.

6. POWNAL ROAD SHALL BE SWEPT TO CONTROL MUD AND DUST AS NECESSARY. ADDITIONAL STONE SHALL BE ADDED TO THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TO MINIMIZE THE TRACKING OF MATERIAL OFF THE SITE AND ONTO THE SURROUNDING ROADWAYS.

7. DURING GRUBBING OPERATIONS STONE CHECK DAMS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT ANY EVIDENT CONCENTRATED FLOW DISCHARGE POINTS AND AS DIRECTED ON THE EROSION CONTROL PLANS.

8. SILT FENCING WITH A MINIMUM STAKE SPACING OF 6 FEET SHALL BE USED, UNLESS THE FENCE IS SUPPORTED BY WIRE FENCE REINFORCEMENT OF MINIMUM 14 GAUGE AND WITH A MAXIMUM MESH SPACING OF 6 INCHES, IN WHICH CASE STAKES MAY BE SPACED A MAXIMUM OF 10 FEET APART. THE BOTTOM OF THE FENCE SHALL BE ANCHORED.

9. WOOD WASTE COMPOST/BARK BERMS MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF SILTATION FENCING. BERMS SHALL BE REMOVED AND SPREAD IN A LAYER NOT TO EXCEED 3" THICK ONCE UPSTREAM AREAS ARE COMPLETED AND A 90% CATCH OF VEGETATION IS ATTAINED.

10. STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED THROUGH THE USE OF STONE SEDIMENT BARRIERS OR APPROVED SEDIMENT BAGS (SUCH AS SILT SACK). INSTALLATION DETAILS ARE PROVIDED IN THE PLAN SET. THE BARRIERS SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND REPAIRS MADE AS NECESSARY. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE BARRIER RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN THE SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO ½ THE DESIGN DEPTH OF THE BARRIER. THE BARRIER SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED.

11. WATER AND/OR CALCIUM CHLORIDE SHALL BE FURNISHED AND APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MDOT SPECIFICATIONS – SECTION 637 – DUST CONTROL.

12. LOAM AND SEED IS INTENDED TO SERVE, AS THE PRIMARY PERMANENT REVEGETATIVE MEASURE FOR ALL DENUDED AREAS NOT PROVIDED WITH OTHER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, SUCH AS RIPRAP. APPLICATION RATES ARE PROVIDED IN THE SEEDING PLAN. SEEDING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER SNOW.

D. PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

THE FOLLOWING PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES HAVE BEEN DESIGNED AS PART OF THE EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN:

1. ALL AREAS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION, BUT NOT SUBJECT TO OTHER RESTORATION (PAVING, RIPRAP, ETC.) WILL BE LOAMED, LIMED, FERTILIZED, MULCHED, AND SEEDED. FABRIC NETTING, ANCHORED WITH STAPLES, SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE MULCH IN AREAS AS NOTED IN TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PARAGRAPH 3 OF THIS REPORT. ALL AREAS WITHIN 100 FEET OF AN UNDISTURBED WETLAND SHALL BE MULCHED PRIOR TO ANY PREDICTED RAIN EVENT REGARDLESS OF THE 48 HOUR WINDOW. NATIVE TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED AND REUSED FOR FINAL RESTORATION WHEN IT IS OF SUFFICIENT QUALITY.

2. ALL STORM DRAIN PIPE OUTLETS SHALL HAVE RIPRAP APRONS AT THEIR OUTLET TO PROTECT THE OUTLET AND RECEIVING CHANNEL FROM SCOUR AND DETERIORATION. INSTALLATION DETAILS ARE PROVIDED IN THE PLAN SET. THE APRONS SHALL BE INSTALLED AND STABILIZED TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE PRIOR TO DIRECTING RUNOFF TO THE TRIBUTARY PIPE OR CULVERT.

3. CATCH BASINS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH SEDIMENT SUMPS AND INLET HOODS (THE SNOUT) FOR ALL OUTLET PIPES THAT ARE 18" IN DIAMETER OR LESS.

14.4 IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

THE FOLLOWING GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION TO INSURE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES ARE OPTIMIZED (CERTAIN ITEMS IN THE SEQUENCE SUCH AS CURBING, ETC. MAY NOT BE INCLUDED IN EACH PHASE, AND THEREFORE WOULD NOT APPLY AS THE CASE MAY BE):

NOTE: FOR ALL GRADING ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXERCISE EXTREME CAUTION NOT TO OVEREXPOSE THE SITE, THIS SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY LIMITING THE DISTURBED AREA.

1. INSTALL PERIMETER SILT FENCE AND/OR WOOD WASTE BERMS PRIOR TO GRUBBING RESPECTIVE AREAS.
2. CLEAR AND GRUB SITE. INSTALL STONE CHECK DAMS AT ANY EVIDENT CONCENTRATED FLOW DISCHARGE POINTS.
3. COMMENCE INSTALLATION OF DRAINAGE APPURTENANCES AND UTILITY SERVICES.
4. COMMENCE EARTHWORK AND GRADING TO SUBGRADE.
5. COMPLETE REMAINING EARTHWORK OPERATIONS.
6. COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF DRAINAGE SYSTEM AND APPURTENANCES.
7. INSTALL SUB–BASE AND BASE GRAVEL.
8. INSTALL BASE COURSE PAVING.
9. LOAM, LIME, FERTILIZE, SEED AND MULCH DISTURBED AREAS AND COMPLETE ALL LANDSCAPING.
10. INSTALL SURFACE COURSE PAVING.
11. ONCE THE SITE IS STABILIZED AND A 90% CATCH OF VEGETATION HAS BEEN OBTAINED, REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.
12. TOUCH UP LOAM AND SEED.

NOTE: ALL DENUDED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO FINAL PAVING, RIPRAP, OR GRAVEL SHALL BE REVEGETATED.

PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT TO THE OWNER A SCHEDULE FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE WORK, WHICH WILL SATISFY THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

1. THE ABOVE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SHOULD GENERALLY BE COMPLETED IN THE SPECIFIED ORDER; HOWEVER, SEVERAL SEPARATE ITEMS MAY BE CONSTRUCTED SIMULTANEOUSLY. WORK MUST ALSO BE SCHEDULED OR PHASED TO REDUCE THE EXTENT OF THE EXPOSED AREAS AS SPECIFIED BELOW. THE INTENT OF THIS SEQUENCE IS TO PROVIDE FOR EROSION CONTROL AND TO HAVE STRUCTURAL MEASURES SUCH AS SILT FENCE AND CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES IN PLACE BEFORE LARGE AREAS OF LAND ARE DENUDED.

2. THE WORK SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN SECTIONS WHICH SHALL:

   a) LIMIT THE AMOUNT OF EXPOSED AREA TO THOSE AREAS IN WHICH WORK IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDERTAKEN DURING THE PROCEEDING 30 DAYS.

   b) REVEGETATE DISTURBED AREAS AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE. ALL AREAS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED WITHIN 7 DAYS OF FINAL GRADING OR BEFORE A STORM EVENT; OR TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WITHIN 48 HOURS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE OF SOIL FOR AREAS WITHIN 100 FEET OF AN UNDISTURBED WETLAND AND 7 DAYS FOR ALL OTHER AREAS. AREAS WITHIN 100 FEET OF AN UNDISTURBED WETLAND SHALL BE MULCHED PRIOR TO ANY PREDICTED RAIN EVENT REGARDLESS OF THE 48 HOUR WINDOW.

   c) INCORPORATE PLANNED INLETS AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE INTO THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE. THE DITCHES SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY LINED OR REVEGETATED AS SOON AS THEIR INSTALLATION IS COMPLETE.

14.5 EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND STABILIZATION CONTROL PLAN

THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN IS INCLUDED IN THE PLAN SET.

14.6 DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS

THE EROSION CONTROL DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE INCLUDED IN THE PLAN SET.

14.7 WINTER STABILIZATION PLAN

THE WINTER CONSTRUCTION PERIOD IS FROM NOVEMBER 1 THROUGH APRIL 15. IF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IS NOT STABILIZED WITH PAVEMENT, A ROAD GRAVEL BASE, 75% MATURE VEGETATION COVER OR RIPRAP BY NOVEMBER 15 THEN THE SITE NEEDS TO BE PROTECTED WITH OVER–WINTER STABILIZATION. AN AREA CONSIDERED OPEN IS ANY AREA NOT STABILIZED WITH PAVEMENT; VEGETATION, MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL MATS, RIPRAP OR GRAVEL BASE ON A ROAD.

WINTER EXCAVATION AND EARTHWORK SHALL BE COMPLETED SUCH THAT ANY AREA LEFT EXPOSED CAN BE CONTROLLED BY THE CONTRACTOR. LIMIT THE EXPOSED AREA TO THOSE AREAS IN WHICH WORK IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDER TAKEN DURING THE PROCEEDING 15 DAYS AND THAT CAN BE MULCHED IN ONE DAY PRIOR TO ANY SNOW EVENT.

ALL AREAS SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE DENUDED UNTIL THE SUBBASE GRAVEL IS INSTALLED IN ROADWAY/PARKING AREAS OR THE AREAS OF FUTURE LOAM AND SEED HAVE BEEN LOAMED, SEEDED AND MULCHED. HAY AND STRAW MULCH RATE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 150 LBS./1,000 S.F. (3 TONS/ACRE) AND SHALL BE PROPERLY ANCHORED.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ANY ADDED MEASURES WHICH MAY BE NECESSARY TO CONTROL EROSION/SEDIMENTATION FROM THE SITE DEPENDENT UPON THE ACTUAL SITE AND WEATHER CONDITIONS. CONTINUATION OF EARTHWORK OPERATIONS ON ADDITIONAL AREAS SHALL NOT BEGIN UNTIL THE EXPOSED SOIL SURFACE ON THE AREA BEING WORKED HAS BEEN STABILIZED, IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE AREAS WITHOUT EROSION CONTROL PROTECTION.

1. SOIL STOCKPILES

STOCKPILES OF SOIL OR SUBSOIL SHALL BE MULCHED FOR OVER WINTER PROTECTION WITH HAY OR STRAW AT TWICE THE NORMAL RATE OR AT 150 LBS/1,000 S.F. (3 TONS PER ACRE) OR WITH A FOUR–INCH LAYER OF WOODWASTE EROSION CONTROL MIX. THIS SHALL BE DONE WITHIN 24 HOURS OF STOCKING AND RE–ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO ANY RAINFALL OR SNOWFALL. ANY SOIL STOCKPILE SHALL NOT BE PLACED (EVEN COVERED WITH HAY OR STRAW) WITHIN 100 FEET FROM ANY NATURAL RESOURCES.

2. NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION

ANY AREAS WITHIN 100 FEET FROM ANY NATURAL RESOURCES, IF NOT STABILIZED WITH A MINIMUM OF 75% MATURE VEGETATION CATCH, SHALL BE MULCHED BY DECEMBER 1 AND ANCHORED WITH PLASTIC NETTING OR PROTECTED WITH EROSION CONTROL MATS. DURING WINTER CONSTRUCTION, A DOUBLE LINE OF SEDIMENT BARRIERS (I.E. SILT FENCE BACKED WITH HAY BALES OR EROSION CONTROL MIX) SHALL BE PLACED BETWEEN ANY NATURAL RESOURCE AND THE DISTURBED AREA. PROJECTS CROSSING THE NATURAL RESOURCE SHALL BE PROTECTED A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF 100 FEET ON EITHER SIDE FROM THE RESOURCE. EXISTING PROJECTS NOT STABILIZED BY DECEMBER 1 SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH THE SECOND LINE OF SEDIMENT BARRIER TO ENSURE FUNCTIONALITY DURING THE SPRING THAW AND RAINS.

3. SEDIMENT BARRIERS

DURING FROZEN CONDITIONS, SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL CONSIST OF WOODWASTE FILTER BERMS AS FROZEN SOIL PREVENTS THE PROPER INSTALLATION OF HAY BALES AND SEDIMENT SILT FENCES.

4. MULCHING

AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED DENUDED UNTIL AREAS OF FUTURE LOAM AND SEED HAVE BEEN LOAMED, SEEDED AND MULCHED. HAY AND STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 150 LB. PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET OR 3 TONS/ACRE (TWICE THE NORMAL ACCEPTED RATE OF 75–LBS./1,000 S.F. OR 1.5 TONS/ACRE) AND SHALL BE PROPERLY ANCHORED. MULCH SHALL NOT BE SPREAD ON TOP OF SNOW. THE SNOW SHALL BE REMOVED DOWN TO A ONE–INCH DEPTH OR LESS PRIOR TO APPLICATION. AFTER EACH DAY OF FINAL GRADING, THE AREA SHALL BE PROPERLY STABILIZED WITH ANCHORED HAY OR STRAW OR EROSION CONTROL MATTING. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE BEEN STABILIZED WHEN EXPOSED SURFACES HAVE BEEN EITHER MULCHED WITH STRAW OR HAY AT A RATE OF 150 LB. PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET (3 TONS/ACRE) AND ADEQUATELY ANCHORED THAT GROUND SURFACE IS NOT VISIBLE THOUGH THE MULCH.

BETWEEN THE DATES OF NOVEMBER 1 AND APRIL 15, ALL MULCH SHALL BE ANCHORED BY PEG LINE, MULCH NETTING, ASPHALT EMULSION CHEMICAL, OR WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER. WHEN GROUND SURFACE IS NOT VISIBLE THROUGH THE MULCH THEN COVER IS SUFFICIENT. AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, MULCH AND ANCHORING OF ALL BARE SOIL SHALL OCCUR AT THE END OF EACH FINAL GRADING WORKDAY.

5. MULCHING ON SLOPES AND DITCHES

SLOPES SHALL NOT BE LEFT EXPOSED FOR ANY EXTENDED TIME OF WORK SUSPENSION UNLESS FULLY MULCHED AND ANCHORED WITH PEG AND NETTING OR WITH EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS. MULCHING SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 230 LBS/1,000 S.F. ON ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 8%.

MULCH NETTING SHALL BE USED TO ANCHOR MULCH IN ALL DRAINAGE WAYS WITH A SLOPE GREATER THAT 3% FOR SLOPES EXPOSED TO DIRECT WINDS AND FOR ALL OTHER SLOPES GREATER THAT 8%. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHALL BE USED IN LIEU OF MULCH IN ALL DRAINAGE WAYS WITH SLOPES 8%. EROSION CONTROL MIX CAN BE USED TO SUBSTITUTE EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON ALL SLOPES EXCEPT DITCHES.

6. SEEDING

BETWEEN THE DATES OF OCTOBER 15 AND APRIL 1ST, LOAM OR SEED WILL NOT BE REQUIRED. DURING PERIODS OF ABOVE FREEZING TEMPERATURES FINISHED AREAS SHALL BE FINE GRADED AND EITHER PROTECTED WITH MULCH OR TEMPORARILY SEEDED AND MULCHED UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE FINAL TREATMENT CAN BE APPLIED. IF THE DATE IS AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST AND IF THE EXPOSED AREA HAS BEEN LOAMED, FINAL GRADED WITH A UNIFORM SURFACE, THEN THE AREA MAY BE DORMANT SEEDED AT A RATE OF 3 TIMES HIGHER THAN SPECIFIED FOR PERMANENT SEED AND THEN MULCHED. DORMANT SEEDING MAY BE SELECTED TO BE PLACED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF MULCH AND FABRIC NETTING ANCHORED WITH STAPLES. IF DORMANT SEEDING IS USED FOR THE SITE, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL RECEIVE 4" OF LOAM AND SEED AT AN APPLICATION RATE OF 5 LBS/1,000 S.F. ALL AREAS SEEDED DURING THE WINTER SHALL BE INSPECTED IN THE SPRING FOR ADEQUATE CATCH. ALL AREAS INSUFFICIENTLY VEGETATED (LESS THAN 75% CATCH) SHALL BE REVEGETATED BY REPLACING LOAM, SEED AND MULCH. IF DORMANT SEEDING IS NOT USED FOR THE SITE, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE REVEGETATED IN THE SPRING.

STANDARDS FOR TIMELY STABILIZATION OF CONSTRUCTION SITES DURING WINTER

1. STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DITCHES AND CHANNELS –– THE APPLICANT SHALL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL STONE–LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS ON THE SITE BY NOVEMBER 15. THE APPLICANT SHALL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL GRASS–LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS ON THE SITE BY SEPTEMBER 1. IF THE APPLICANT FAILS TO STABILIZE A DITCH OR CHANNEL TO BE GRASS–LINED BY SEPTEMBER 1, THEN THE APPLICANT WILL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE DITCH FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER.

INSTALL A SOD LINING IN THE DITCH –– THE APPLICANT SHALL LINE THE DITCH WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY OCTOBER 1. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SOIL WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL, WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL, AND ANCHORING THE SOD WITH JUTE OR PLASTIC MESH TO PREVENT THE SOD STRIPS FROM SLOUGHING DURING FLOW CONDITIONS.

INSTALL A STONE LINING IN THE DITCH ––THE APPLICANT SHALL LINE THE DITCH WITH STONE RIPRAP BY NOVEMBER 15. THE APPLICANT SHALL HIRE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE THE STONE SIZE AND LINING THICKNESS NEEDED TO WITHSTAND THE ANTICIPATED FLOW VELOCITIES AND FLOW DEPTHS WITHIN THE DITCH. IF NECESSARY, THE APPLICANT SHALL REGRADE THE DITCH PRIOR TO PLACING THE STONE LINING SO TO PREVENT THE STONE LINING FROM REDUCING THE DITCH'S CROSS–SECTIONAL AREA.

2. STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SLOPES –– THE APPLICANT SHALL CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE STONE–COVERED SLOPES BY NOVEMBER 15. THE APPLICANT SHALL SEED AND MULCH ALL SLOPES TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER 1. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSIDER ANY AREA HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 15% TO BE A SLOPE. IF THE APPLICANT FAILS TO STABILIZE ANY SLOPE TO BE VEGETATED BY SEPTEMBER 1, THEN THE APPLICANT SHALL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SLOPE FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER.

STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION AND EROSION CONTROL MATS –– BY SEPTEMBER 1 THE APPLICANT SHALL SEED THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET AND APPLY EROSION CONTROL MATS OVER THE MULCHED SLOPE. THE APPLICANT SHALL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS. IF THE RYE FAILS TO GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 75% OF THE DISTURBED SLOPE BY NOVEMBER 1, THEN THE APPLICANT SHALL COVER THE SLOPE WITH A LAYER OF WOODWASTE COMPOST AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM III OF THIS STANDARD OR WITH STONE RIPRAP AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM IV OF THIS STANDARD.

STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH SOD –– THE APPLICANT SHALL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SLOPE WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY SEPTEMBER 1. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SLOPE WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL, AND WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL. THE APPLICANT SHALL NOT USE LATE–SEASON SOD INSTALLATION TO STABILIZE SLOPES HAVING A GRADE GREATER THAN 33% (3H:1V).

STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH WOODWASTE COMPOST –– THE APPLICANT SHALL PLACE A SIX–INCH LAYER OF WOODWASTE COMPOST ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER 15. PRIOR TO PLACING THE WOODWASTE COMPOST, THE APPLICANT SHALL REMOVE ANY SNOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED SLOPE. THE APPLICANT SHALL NOT USE WOODWASTE COMPOST TO STABILIZE SLOPES HAVING GRADES GREATER THAN 50% (2H:1V) OR HAVING GROUNDWATER SEEPS ON THE SLOPE FACE.

STABILIZE THE SLOPE WITH STONE RIPRAP –– THE APPLICANT SHALL PLACE A LAYER OF STONE RIPRAP ON THE SLOPE BY NOVEMBER 15. THE APPLICANT SHALL HIRE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE THE STONE SIZE NEEDED FOR STABILITY AND TO DESIGN A FILTER LAYER FOR UNDERNEATH THE RIPRAP.

3. STANDARD FOR THE TIMELY STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SOILS –– BY SEPTEMBER 15 THE APPLICANT SHALL SEED AND MULCH ALL DISTURBED SOILS ON AREAS HAVING A SLOPE LESS THAN 15%. IF THE APPLICANT FAILS TO STABILIZE THESE SOILS BY THIS DATE, THEN THE APPLICANT SHALL TAKE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO STABILIZE THE SOIL FOR LATE FALL AND WINTER.

STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH TEMPORARY VEGETATION –– BY SEPTEMBER 1 THE APPLICANT SHALL SEED THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH WINTER RYE AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET, LIGHTLY MULCH THE SEEDED SOIL WITH HAY OR STRAW AT 75 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET, AND ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING. THE APPLICANT SHALL MONITOR GROWTH OF THE RYE OVER THE NEXT 30 DAYS. IF THE RYE FAILS TO GROW AT LEAST THREE INCHES OR COVER AT LEAST 75% OF THE DISTURBED SOIL BEFORE NOVEMBER 1, THEN THE APPLICANT SHALL MULCH THE AREA FOR OVER–WINTER PROTECTION AS DESCRIBED BELOW.

STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH SOD –– THE APPLICANT SHALL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED SOIL WITH PROPERLY INSTALLED SOD BY SEPTEMBER 15. PROPER INSTALLATION INCLUDES THE APPLICANT PINNING THE SOD ONTO THE SOIL WITH WIRE PINS, ROLLING THE SOD TO GUARANTEE CONTACT BETWEEN THE SOD AND UNDERLYING SOIL, AND WATERING THE SOD TO PROMOTE ROOT GROWTH INTO THE DISTURBED SOIL.

STABILIZE THE SOIL WITH MULCH –– BY NOVEMBER 15 THE APPLICANT SHALL MULCH THE DISTURBED SOIL BY SPREADING HAY OR STRAW AT A RATE OF AT LEAST 150 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET ON THE AREA SO THAT NO SOIL IS VISIBLE THROUGH THE MULCH. PRIOR TO APPLYING THE MULCH, THE APPLICANT SHALL REMOVE ANY SNOW ACCUMULATION ON THE DISTURBED AREA. IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLYING THE MULCH, THE APPLICANT WILL ANCHOR THE MULCH WITH PLASTIC NETTING TO PREVENT WIND FROM MOVING THE MULCH OFF THE DISTURBED SOIL.

14.8 MAINTENANCE OF FACILITIES

THE STORMWATER FACILITIES WILL BE MAINTAINED BY THE CITY OF PORTLAND OR THEIR ASSIGNED HEIRS. THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS WILL REQUIRE THE CONTRACTOR TO DESIGNATE A PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SEDIMENTATION CONTROL FEATURES DURING CONSTRUCTION AS REQUIRED BY THE EROSION CONTROL REPORT. LONG–TERM OPERATION/MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDED FOR THE STORMWATER FACILITIES IS PRESENTED BELOW.

THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY MAY CONTRACT WITH SUCH PROFESSIONALS, AS MAY BE NECESSARY IN ORDER TO COMPLY WITH THIS PROVISION AND MAY RELY ON THE ADVICE OF SUCH PROFESSIONALS IN CARRYING OUT ITS DUTY HEREUNDER, PROVIDED, THAT THE FOLLOWING OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES ARE HEREBY ESTABLISHED AS A MINIMUM FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION. A MAINTENANCE LOG OF THE INSPECTIONS SHALL BE KEPT BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES:
THE FOLLOWING AREAS, FACILITIES, AND MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED AND THE IDENTIFIED DEFICIENCIES WILL BE CORRECTED. CLEAN–OUT MUST INCLUDE THE REMOVAL AND LEGAL DISPOSAL OF ANY ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS AND DEBRIS.

VEGETATED AREAS:
INSPECT SLOPES AND EMBANKMENTS EARLY IN THE GROWING SEASON TO IDENTIFY ACTIVE OR POTENTIAL EROSION PROBLEMS. REPLANT BARE AREAS OR AREAS WITH SPARSE GROWTH. WHERE RILL EROSION IS EVIDENT, ARMOR THE AREA WITH AN APPROPRIATE LINING OR DIVERT THE EROSIVE FLOWS TO ON–SITE AREAS ABLE TO WITHSTAND THE CONCENTRATED FLOWS. THE FACILITIES WILL BE INSPECTED AFTER MAJOR STORMS AND ANY IDENTIFIED DEFICIENCIES WILL BE CORRECTED.

DITCHES, SWALES AND OTHER OPEN STORMWATER CHANNELS:
INSPECT 2 TIMES PER YEAR (PREFERABLY IN SPRING AND FALL) TO ENSURE THEY ARE WORKING IN THEIR INTENDED FASHION AND THAT THEY ARE FREE OF SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS. REMOVE ANY OBSTRUCTIONS TO FLOW, INCLUDING ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS AND DEBRIS AND VEGETATED GROWTH. REPAIR ANY EROSION OF THE DITCH LINING. VEGETATED DITCHES WILL BE MOWED AT LEAST ANNUALLY OR OTHERWISE MAINTAINED TO CONTROL THE GROWTH OF WOODY VEGETATION AND MAINTAIN FLOW CAPACITY. ANY WOODY VEGETATION GROWING THROUGH RIPRAP LININGS MUST ALSO BE REMOVED. REPAIR ANY SLUMPING SIDE SLOPES AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE. IF THE DITCH HAS A RIPRAP LINING, REPLACE RIPRAP ON AREAS WHERE ANY UNDERLYING FILTER FABRIC OR UNDERDRAIN GRAVEL IS SHOWING THROUGH THE STONE OR WHERE STONES HAVE DISLODGED. CORRECT ANY EROSION OF THE CHANNEL'S BOTTOM OR SIDESLOPES. THE FACILITIES SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER MAJOR STORMS AND ANY IDENTIFIED DEFICIENCIES SHALL BE CORRECTED.

ROADWAYS AND PARKING SURFACES: CLEAR ACCUMULATIONS OF WINTER SAND IN PARKING LOTS AND ALONG ROADWAYS AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR, PREFERABLY IN THE SPRING. ACCUMULATIONS ON PAVEMENT MAY BE REMOVED BY PAVEMENT SWEEPING. ACCUMULATIONS OF SAND ALONG ROAD SHOULDERS MAY BE REMOVED BY GRADING EXCESS SAND TO THE PAVEMENT EDGE AND REMOVING IT MANUALLY OR BY A FRONT–END LOADER. REPAIR POTHOLES AND OTHER ROADWAY OBSTRUCTIONS AND HAZARDS. PLOWING AND SANDING OF PAVED AREAS SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN VEHICULAR TRAFFIC SAFETY.

HOUSEKEEPING

AS PART OF THE BASIC STANDARDS, THE APPLICANT IS REQUIRED TO MEET THE STANDARDS IN APPENDIX C OF THE CHAPTER 500 RULES. THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES ARE HEREBY ESTABLISHED AS A MINIMUM FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON THE PROCEDURES LISTED BELOW, REFER TO CHAPTER 500 RULES – APPENDIX C.

SPILL PREVENTION:
APPROPRIATE SPILL PREVENTION, CONTAINMENT, AND RESPONSE PLANNING/IMPLEMENTATION SHALL BE USED TO PREVENT POLLUTANTS FROM BEING DISCHARGED FROM MATERIALS ON SITE.

GROUNDWATER PROTECTION:
DURING CONSTRUCTION, HAZARDOUS MATERIALS WITH THE POTENTIAL TO CONTAMINATE GROUNDWATER SHALL NOT BE STORED OR HANDLED IN AREAS OF THE SITE WHICH DRAIN TO AN INFILTRATION AREA.

FUGITIVE SEDIMENT AND DUST:
APPROPRIATE MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT ACTIVITIES DO NOT RESULT IN NOTICEABLE EROSION OF THE SOILS AND WATER AND/OR CALCIUM CHLORIDE SHALL BE USED TO ENSURE THAT ACTIVITIES DO NOT RESULT IN FUGITIVE DUST EMISSIONS DURING OR AFTER CONSTRUCTION.

DEBRIS AND OTHER MATERIALS:
LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CHEMICALS EXPOSED TO STORMWATER MUST BE PREVENTED FROM BECOMING A POLLUTANT SOURCE.

TRENCH OR FOUNDATION DE–WATERING:
WATER COLLECTED THROUGH THE PROCESS OF TRENCHING AND/OR DE–WATERING MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE PONDED AREA, AND MUST BE SPREAD THROUGH NATURAL WOODED BUFFERS OR OTHER AREAS THAT ARE SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED TO COLLECT THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT POSSIBLE.

NON–STORMWATER DISCHARGES:
IDENTIFY AND PREVENT CONTAMINATION BY NON–STORMWATER DISCHARGES.

Project: Hillcrest Avenue

Site Location: Portland, ME

☐ Permanent Seeding ☒ Temporary Seeding

1. Instruction on preparation of soil: Prepare a good seed bed for planting method used.
2. Apply lime as follows: ______# / acres, OR 130 # /M Sq. Ft.
3. Fertilize with ______ pounds of ______ N-P-K/ac. OR 14 pounds of 10-10-10 N-P-K/M Sq. Ft.
4. Method of applying lime and fertilizer: Spread and work into the soil before seeding.
5. Seed with the following mixture:
   50% Annual Rye
   50% Winter Rye
6. Mulching instructions: Apply at the rate of ______per acre, OR 75 pounds per M. Sq. Ft.

	Amount	Unit # Tons. Etc.
7. TOTAL LIME	130	#/1000 sq. ft.
8. TOTAL FERTILIZER	14	#/1000 sq. ft.
9. TOTAL SEED	2	#/1000 sq. ft.
10. TOTAL MULCH	75	#/1000 sq. ft.
11. TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc.		
12. REMARKS		

Project: Hillcrest Avenue

Site Location: Portland, ME

☒ Permanent Seeding ☐ Temporary Seeding

1. Instruction on preparation of soil: Prepare a good seed bed for planting method used.
2. Apply lime as follows: ______# / acres, OR 130 # /M Sq. Ft.
3. Fertilize with ______ pounds of ______ N-P-K/ac. OR 14 pounds of 10-10-10 N-P-K/M Sq. Ft.
4. Method of applying lime and fertilizer: Spread and work into the soil before seeding.
5. Seed with the following mixture:
   57% Red Fescue
   28% Kentucky Bluegrass
   9% Redtop
   6% White Dutch Clover
6. Mulching instructions: Apply at the rate of ______per acre, OR 75 pounds per M. Sq. Ft.

	Amount	Unit # Tons. Etc.
7. TOTAL LIME	130	#/1000 sq. ft.
8. TOTAL FERTILIZER	14	#/1000 sq. ft.
9. TOTAL SEED	2	#/1000 sq. ft.
10. TOTAL MULCH	75	#/1000 sq. ft.
11. TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc.		
12. REMARKS		

Alton Palmer

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ALTON M. PALMER III
No. 6251

NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.

Rev.	Date	Revision
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Issued For	Date	By
MUNICIPAL REVIEW	7/8/13	AMP

Design: JWA	Draft: CG	Date: JUNE 2013
Checked: AMP	Scale: AS NOTED	Job No.: 2790
File Name: 2790–ROAD–PP.dwg		

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Drawing Name: **Erosion Control Notes**

Project: **Hillcrest Avenue**
Portland, Maine

Client: **Timothy Higgins**
83 Bay Street, Portland Maine 04104

Drawing No. 4

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