# SECTION 06200: FINISH CARPENTRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Interior standing and running trim.
  - 2. Cubbyholes
  - 3. Miscellaneous trim
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry" for furring, blocking, and other carpentry work not exposed to view.
  - 2. Division 6 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" for interior woodwork not specified in this Section.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit each item in this Article according to the Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.
- B. Product Data for each type of product specified, including material grading.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced Installer who has completed finish carpentry similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Storage: Keep materials under cover and dry. Protect against exposure to weather and contact with damp or wet surfaces. Stack lumber, plywood, and other panels. Provide for air circulation within and around stacks and under temporary coverings.
- B. Do not deliver interior finish carpentry until environmental conditions meet requirements specified for installation areas. If finish carpentry must be stored in other than installation areas, store only where environmental conditions meet requirements specified for installation areas.

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### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install interior finish carpentry until building is enclosed and weatherproof, wet-work in space is completed and nominally dry, and HVAC system is operating and will maintain temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels through the remainder of construction period.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber Standards: Comply with DOC PS 20, "American Softwood Lumber Standard," for lumber and with applicable grading rules of inspection agencies certified by American Lumber Standards Committee Board of Review.
- B. Inspection Agencies: Inspection agencies, and the abbreviations used to reference them, include the following:
  - 1. NELMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association.
  - 2. NHLA National Hardwood Lumber Association.
  - 3. NLGA National Lumber Grades Authority.
  - 4. RIS Redwood Inspection Service.
  - 5. SCMA Southern Cypress Manufacturers Association.
  - 6. SPIB Southern Pine Inspection Bureau.
  - 7. WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau.
  - 8. WWPA Western Wood Products Association.
- C. Grade Stamps: Provide lumber with each piece factory marked with grade stamp of inspection agency evidencing compliance with grading rule requirements and identifying grading agency, grade, species, moisture content at time of surfacing, and mill.
  - 1. For exposed lumber, furnish pieces with grade stamps applied to ends or back of each piece, or omit grade stamps entirely and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by inspection agency.
- D. Softwood Plywood: Comply with DOC PS 1, "U.S. Product Standard for Construction and Industrial Plywood."
- E. Hardwood Plywood: Comply with HPVA HP-1, "Interim Voluntary Standard for Hardwood and Decorative Plywood."
- F. Hardboard: ANSI/AHA A135.4
- G. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, Product Class MD.
- H. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2.

### 2.2 INTERIOR STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM

- A. Softwood Trim: Provide finished lumber and moldings complying with the following requirements including those of the grading agency listed with species:
  - 1. Species: Poplar; NELMA.
  - 2. Grade: No. 2.
  - 3. Texture: Surfaced (smooth).
  - 4. Lumber for Painted Finish: Solid lumber stock.
- B. Hardwood Trim: Provide finished hardwood lumber and moldings complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. Species and Cut: Plain-sawn, clear, kiln-dried red **oak** selected for compatible grain and color.
  - 2. Texture: Surfaced (smooth).
  - 3. Lumber for Transparent Finish (Stained or Clear): Solid lumber stock.

# 2.3 PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2
- B. MDO: PS1-07 (per APA product standards).

# 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. : Nails, screws, and other anchoring devices of type, size, material, and finish required for application indicated to provide secure attachment, concealed where possible.
  - 1. Where finish carpentry materials are exposed in areas of high humidity, provide fasteners and anchorages with hot-dip galvanized coating complying with ASTM A 153.
- B. Sealants: Comply with requirements of Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for materials required for sealing siding work.

# 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Wood Moisture Content: Comply with requirements of specified inspection agencies and manufacturer's recommendations for moisture content of finish carpentry on relative humidity conditions existing during time of fabrication and in installation areas.
- B. Fabricate finish carpentry to dimensions, profiles, and details indicated.
  - 1. Back out or kerf backs of the following members, except members with ends exposed in finished work:
    - a. Interior standing and running trim, except shoe mold and crown mold.
  - 2. Ease edges of lumber less than 1 inch (25 mm) in nominal thickness to 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) radius.
  - 3. Ease edges of lumber 1 inch (25 mm) or more in nominal thickness to 1/8-inch (3-mm) radius.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting installation and performance of finish carpentry. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of projections and substances detrimental to application.
- B. Condition finish carpentry to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas before installation, for a minimum of 24 hours unless longer conditioning is recommended by manufacturer.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use finish carpentry materials that are unsound, warped, improperly treated or finished, inadequately seasoned, or too small to fabricate with proper jointing arrangements.
  - 1. Do not use manufactured units with defective surfaces, sizes, or patterns.
- B. Install finish carpentry plumb, level, true, and aligned with adjacent materials. Use concealed shims where required for alignment.
  - 1. Scribe and cut finish carpentry to fit adjoining work.
  - 2. Countersink nails, fill surface flush, and sand where face nailing is unavoidable.
  - 3. Install to tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm) for plumb and level. Install adjoining finish carpentry with 1/32-inch (0.8-mm) maximum offset for flush installation and 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) maximum offset for reveal installation.
  - 4. Coordinate finish carpentry with materials and systems in or adjacent to standing and running trim and rails. Provide cutouts for mechanical and electrical items that penetrate exposed surfaces of trim and rails.
- C. Finish according to specified requirements.
- D. Refer to Division 9 Sections for final finishing of finish carpentry.

## 3.4 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM INSTALLATION

- A. Install with minimum number of joints practical, using full-length pieces from maximum lengths of lumber available. Do not use pieces less than 24 inches (610 mm) long, except where necessary. Stagger joints in adjacent and related standing and running trim. Cope at returns and miter at corners to produce tight-fitting joints with full-surface contact throughout length of joint. Use scarf joints for end-to-end joints. Plane backs of casings to provide uniform thickness across joints, if required.
  - 1. Match color and grain pattern across joints.

- 2. Install trim after gypsum board joint finishing operations are completed.
- 3. Drill pilot holes in hardwood before fastening to prevent splitting. Fasten to prevent movement or warping. Countersink fastener heads on exposed carpentry work and fill holes.

# 3.5 ALUMINUM CLAD PANEL INSTALLATION

A. Not used.

## 3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Repair damaged or defective finish carpentry where possible to eliminate functional or visual defects. Where not possible to repair, replace finish carpentry. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.

# 3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean finish carpentry on exposed and semiexposed surfaces. Touch up factory-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.

## 3.8 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure finish carpentry is without damage or deterioration at the time of Substantial Completion.

# END OF SECTION 06200