PROJECT NAME AND LOCATION
WESTGATE SHOPPING PLAZA
CONGRESS ST
PORTLAND, ME 04102

LATITUDE: 43°-39'-28"N
LONGITUDE: 70°-17'-51"W

DESCRIPTION
THE PROJECT CONSISTS OF REDEVELOPING AN EXISTING SHOPPING CENTER TO INCLUDE TWO OUT PARCELS (BANK AND RESTAURANT).
THE WORK IS ANTICIPATED TO START IN JUNE, 2008, AND BE COMPLETED BY NOVEMBER, 2008.

DISTURBED AREA
THE TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED IS APPROXIMATELY ±2 ACRES.

SOIL CHARACTERISTICS
BASED ON THE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE WEB SOIL SURVEY, THE SOILS CONSIST OF Wa AND DeB SOILS THAT ARE POORLY DRAINED AND MODERATELY WELL DRAINED, RESPECTIVELY.

SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES
1. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEDIMENT, EROSION AND DETENTION CONTROL FACILITIES. EROSION, SEDIMENT AND DETENTION MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS THAT WILL INFLUENCE STORMWATER RUNOFF SUCH AS
   - NEW CONSTRUCTION
   - DEVELOPMENT OF BORROW PIT AREAS
   - DISPOSAL OF SEDIMENT SPOIL, STUMP AND OTHER SOLID WASTE
   - CONTROL OF DUST
2. ALL PERMANENT DITCHES, SWALES, DETENTION, RETENTION AND SEDIMENTATION BASINS TO BE STABILIZED USING THE VEGETATIVE AND NON-STRUCTURAL BMPS PRIOR TO DIRECTING RUNOFF TO THEM.
3. CLEAR AND DISPOSE OF DEBRIS.
4. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY CULVERTS AND DIVERSION CHANNELS AS REQUIRED.
5. GRADE AND GRAVEL ROADWAYS AND PARKING AREAS – ALL ROADS AND PARKING AREA SHALL BE SEEDED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THEIR CONSTRUCTION.
6. BEGIN PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THEIR CONSTRUCTION.
7. DAILY, OR AS REQUIRED, CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY BERMS, DRAINS, DITCHES, SILT FENCES, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC., MULCH AND SEED AS REQUIRED.
8. FINISH PAVING ALL ROADWAYS AND PARKING LOTS.
9. INSPECT AND MAINTAIN ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.
10. COMPLETE PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPING.
11. REMOVE TRAPPED SEDIMENTS FROM COLLECTOR DEVICES AS APPROPRIATE AND THEN REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.

NOTE: THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST LIMIT THE DURATION AND AREA OF DISTURBANCE.

NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS
THE MAJORITY OF STORM WATER RUNOFF WILL CONVEY TO THE EXISTING ON-SITE CLOSED DRAINAGE SYSTEM WHICH ENTERS AN UNNAMED WETLAND PRIOR TO DISCHARGING TO THE MUNICIPAL STORM SYSTEM. A PORTION OF THE RUNOFF WILL CONVEY DIRECTLY INTO THE MUNICIPAL SYSTEM IN CONGRESS STREET.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND TEMPORARY STABILIZATION PRACTICES

STABILIZATION SHALL BE INITIATED ON ALL LOAM STOCKPILES AND DISTURBED AREAS WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY WILL NOT OCCUR FOR MORE THAN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS.
ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 60 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE.

STABILIZATION MEASURES TO BE USED INCLUDE:
A. TEMPORARY SEEDING.
B. MULCHING.
C. STONE RIP RAP.

DURING CONSTRUCTION, RUNOFF WILL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE SITE WITH EARTH DIKES, PIPING OR STABILIZED CHANNELS WHERE POSSIBLE. SHEET RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL BE FILTERED THROUGH HAYBALE BARRIERS AND SILT FENCES. ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH BARRIER FILTERS. ALL CATCHBASINS WILL BE COVERED WITH A GEOTEXTILE FABRIC PRIOR TO THE BASE PAVEMENT COURSE BEING PLACED. STONE RIPRAP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE OUTLETS OF DRAINAGE PIPES WHERE EROSIVE VELOCITIES ARE ENCOUNTERED.
ALL AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED GRADE

PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES

IF THE AREA WILL NOT BE WORKED FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR OR HAS BEEN BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE, THEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZE THE AREA WITHIN 7 DAYS BY PLANTING VEGETATION, SEEDING, SOD, OR THROUGH THE USE OF PERMANENT MULCH, OR RIPRAP, OR ROAD SUB-BASE. IF USING VEGETATION FOR STABILIZATION, SELECT THE PROPER VEGETATION FOR THE LIGHT, SOIL AND MOISTURE CONDITIONS; AMEND AREAS OF DISTURBED SUBSOILS WITH TOPSOIL, COMPOST, OR FERTILIZERS; PROTECT SEEDED AREAS WITH MULCH OR, IF NECESSARY, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS; AND SCHEDULE SODDING, PLANTING, AND SEEDING TO AVOID DIE-OFF FROM SUMMER DROUGHT AND FALL FROSTS. NEWLY SEEDED OR SODDED AREAS MUST BE PROTECTED FROM VEHICLE TRAFFIC, EXCESSIVE PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC, AND CONCENTRATED RUNOFF UNTIL THE VEGETATION IS WELL-ESTABLISHED. IF NECESSARY, AREAS MUST BE SEEDED AND MULCHED AGAIN IF GERMINATION IS SPARSE, PLANT COVERAGE IS SPOTTY, OR TOPSOIL EROSION IS EVIDENT. ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING MAY APPLY TO A PARTICULAR SITE.

(A) FOR SEEDED AREAS, PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEANS A 90% COVER OF HEALTHY PLANTS WITH NO EVIDENCE OF WASHING OR RILLING OF THE TOPSOIL.

(B) FOR SODDED AREAS, PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEANS THE COMPLETE BINDING OF THE SOD ROOTS INTO THE UNDERLYING SOIL WITH NO SLUMPING OF THE SOD OR DIE-OFF.

(C) FOR MULCHED AREAS, PERMANENT MULCHING MEANS TOTAL COVERAGE OF THE EXPOSED AREA WITH AN APPROVED MULCH MATERIAL. EROSION CONTROL MIX MAY BE USED AS MULCH FOR PERMANENT STABILIZATION ACCORDING TO THE APPROVED APPLICATION RATES AND LIMITATIONS.

(D) FOR PAVED AREAS, PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEANS THE PLACEMENT OF THE COMPACTED GRAVEL SUBBASE IS COMPLETED.

(E) FOR OPEN CHANNELS, PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEANS THE CHANNEL IS STABILIZED WITH A 90% COVER OF HEALTHY VEGETATION, WITH A WELL-GRADED RIPRAP LINING, OR WITH ANOTHER NON-EROSIVE LINING SUCH AS CONCRETE OR ASPHALT PAVEMENT. THERE MUST BE NO EVIDENCE OF SLUMPING OF THE CHANNEL LINING, UNDERCUTTING OF THE CHANNEL BANKS, OR DOWN-CUTTING OF THE CHANNEL.

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES WILL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THE GRADING, DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

A. GENERAL

THESE ARE THE GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO IMPLEMENT THE PLAN.
- O STABILIZATION OF ALL SWALES, DITCHES AND PONDS IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO DIRECTING FLOW TO THEM.
- O THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL PORTION OF THE SITE WILL BE DENUDED AT ONE TIME.
- O ALL CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST ONCE EACH WEEK AND FOLLOWING ANY STORM EVENT OF 0.25 INCHES OR GREATER.
- O ALL MEASURES WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER; IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY, IT WILL BE INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REPORT.
- O BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM SACK WHEN IT HAS REACHED ONE THIRD THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE OR BALE.
- O ALL DIVERSION DIKES WILL BE INSPECTED AND ANY BREACHES PROMPTLY REPAIRED.
- O TEMPORARY SEEDING AND PLANTING WILL BE INSPECTED FOR BARE SPOTS, WASHOUTS, AND UNHEALTHY GROWTH.
- O A MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT WILL BE MADE AFTER EACH INSPECTION.
- O THE CONTRACTOR'S SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSPECTIONS, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR ACTIVITIES, AND FILLING OUT THE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT.

B. FILTERS

SILT SACK

A. SACK SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN CATCHBASIN, MAKING SURE EMPTY STRAPS ARE LAID FLAT OUTSIDE THE BASIN.

B. SACK SHALL FIT TIGHTLY WITHIN THE BASIN TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM GOING THROUGH.

C. ALL STRUCTURES SHOULD BE INSPECTED AFTER EVERY RAINSTORM AND REPAIRS MADE AS NECESSARY.

D. SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM THE DEVICES AFTER THE SEDIMENT HAS REACHED A MAXIMUM OF ONE-THIRD THE DEPTH OF THE TRAP.

E. SILT SACK SHALL BE REMOVED UPON THE COMPLETION OF PROJECT.

SILT FENCE

A. SYNTHETIC FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE A PERVIOUS SHEET OF PROPYLENE, NYLON, POLYESTER OR ETHYLENE YARN AND SHALL BE CERTIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER OR SUPPLIER AS CONFORMING TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

PHYSICAL PROPERTY	TEST	REQUIREMENTS
FILTERING EFFICIENCY	VTM-51	75% MINIMUM
TENSILE STRENGTH AT 20% MAXIMUM ELONGATION*	VTM-52	EXTRA STRENGTH 50 LB/LIN IN (MIN)
	STANDARD STRENGTH	80 LB/LIN IN (MIN)
FLOW RATE	VTM-51	0.3 GAL/SF/MIN (MIN)

* REQUIREMENTS REDUCED BY 50 PERCENT AFTER SIX (6) MONTHS OF INSTALLATION.

SYNTHETIC FILTER FABRIC SHALL CONTAIN ULTRAVIOLET RAY INHIBITORS AND STABILIZERS TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF SIX (6) MONTHS OF EXPECTED USABLE CONSTRUCTION LIFE AT A TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 0 DEGREES F TO 120 DEGREES F.

B. THE HEIGHT OF A SILT FENCE SHALL NOT EXCEED THIRTY-SIX (36) INCHES.

C. THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE PURCHASED IN A CONTINUOUS ROLL CUT TO THE LENGTH OF THE BARRIER TO AVOID THE USE OF JOINTS. WHEN JOINTS ARE NECESSARY, FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE SPLICED TOGETHER ONLY AT SUPPORT POST, WITH A MINIMUM SIX (6) INCH OVERLAP, AND SECURELY SEALED.

D. POSTS SHALL BE SPACED A MAXIMUM OF TEN (10) FEET APART AT THE BARRIER LOCATION AND DRIVEN SECURELY INTO THE GROUND (MINIMUM OF 16 INCHES). WHEN EXTRA STRENGTH FABRIC IS USED WITHOUT THE WIRE SUPPORT FENCE, POST SPACING SHALL NOT EXCEED 6 FEET.

E. POSTS FOR SILT FENCES SHALL BE EITHER 4-INCH DIAMETER WOOD OR 1.33 POUNDS PER LINEAR FOOT STEEL WITH A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 5 FEET. STEEL POSTS SHALL HAVE PROJECTIONS FOR FASTENING WIRE TO THEM.

F. WIRE FENCE REINFORCEMENT FOR SILT FENCES USING STANDARD STRENGTH FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT, A MINIMUM OF 14 GAUGE AND SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM MESH SPACING OF 6 INCHES.

G. A TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED APPROXIMATELY FOUR (4) INCHES WIDE AND FOUR (4) INCHES DEEP ALONG THE LINE OF POSTS AND UPSLOPE FROM THE BARRIER.

H. WHEN STANDARD STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC IS USED, A WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS USING HEAVY DUTY WIRE STAPLES AT LEAST ONE (1) INCH LONG, TIE WIRES OR HOG RINGS. THE WIRE SHALL EXTEND NO MORE THAN 36 INCHES ABOVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACES.

I. THE "STANDARD STRENGTH" FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE STAPLED OR WIRED TO THE FENCE, AND EIGHT (8) INCHES OF THE FABRIC SHALL BE EXTENDED INTO THE TRENCH. THE FABRIC SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 36 INCHES ABOVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE. FILTER FABRIC SHALL NOT BE STAPLED TO EXISTING TREES.

J. WHEN EXTRA STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC AND CLOSER POST SPACING ARE USED, THE WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE MAY BE ELIMINATED. IN SUCH A CASE, THE FILTER FABRIC IS STAPLED OR WIRED DIRECTLY TO THE POSTS WITH ALL OTHER PROVISIONS OF ITEM (I) APPLYING.

K. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND THE SOIL COMPACTED OVER THE FILTER FABRIC.

L. SILT FENCES SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY HAVE SERVED THEIR USEFUL PURPOSE, BUT NOT BEFORE THE UPSLOPE AREAS HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

M. SILTFENCE SHALL BE KEYED IN AND OVERLAPPED AT JOINTS.

C. MULCHING

1. TIMING

IN ORDER FOR MULCH TO BE EFFECTIVE, IT MUST BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO MAJOR STORM EVENTS. THERE ARE TWO (2) TYPES OF STANDARDS WHICH SHALL BE USED TO ASSURE THIS.

A. APPLY MULCH PRIOR TO ANY STORM EVENT.

THIS IS APPLICABLE WHEN WORKING WITHIN 100 FEET OF WETLANDS. IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO CLOSELY MONITOR WEATHER PREDICTIONS, USUALLY BY CONTACTING THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN CONCORD, TO HAVE ADEQUATE WARNING OF SIGNIFICANT STORMS.

B. REQUIRED MULCHING WITHIN A SPECIFIED TIME PERIOD.

THE TIME PERIOD CAN RANGE FROM 14 TO 21 DAYS OF INACTIVITY ON A AREA, THE LENGTH OF TIME VARYING WITH SITE CONDITIONS. PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT SHALL BE USED TO EVALUATE THE INTERACTION OF SITE CONDITIONS (SOIL ERODIBILITY, SEASON OF YEAR, EXTENT OF DISTURBANCE, PROXIMITY TO SENSITIVE RESOURCES, ETC.) AND THE POTENTIAL IMPACT OF EROSION ON ADJACENT AREAS TO CHOOSE AN APPROPRIATE TIME RESTRICTION.

2. GUIDELINES FOR WINTER MULCH APPLICATION.

WHEN MULCH IS APPLIED TO PROVIDE PROTECTION OVER WINTER (PAST THE GROWING SEASON) IT SHALL BE AT A RATE OF 6,000 POUNDS OF HAY OR STRAW PER ACRE. A TACKIFIER MAY BE ADDED TO THE MULCH.

3. MAINTENANCE

ALL MULCHES MUST BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY, IN PARTICULAR AFTER RAINSTORMS, TO CHECK FOR RILL EROSION. IF LESS THAN 90% OF THE SOIL SURFACE IS COVERED BY MULCH, ADDITIONAL MULCH SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY APPLIED.

D. VEGETATIVE PRACTICE

FOR PERMANENT MEASURES AND PLANTINGS FROM EARLY SPRING TO SEPTEMBER 30:

AFTER ROUGH GRADING OF THE SUBGRADE HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND APPROVED, THE SUB GRADE SURFACE SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A DEPTH OF FOUR INCHES. THEN FURNISH AND INSTALL A LAYER OF LOAM PROVIDING A ROLLED FOUR INCH THICKNESS. ANY DEPRESSIONS WHICH MAY OCCUR DURING ROLLING SHALL BE FILLED WITH ADDITIONAL LOAM, REGRADED AND REROLLED UNTIL THE SURFACE IS TRUE TO THE FINISHED LINES AND GRADES. ALL LOAM NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE SUPPLIED BY THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR.

ALL LARGE STIFF CLODS, LUMPS, BRUSH, ROOTS, DEBRIS, GLASS, STUMPS, LITTER AND OTHER FOREIGN MATERIAL AS WELL AS STONES OVER ONE INCH IN DIAMETER SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE LOAM AND DISPOSED OF OFF SITE, AND THE LOAM SHALL BE RAKED SMOOTH AND EVEN.

THE LOAM SHALL BE PREPARED TO RECEIVE SEED BY REMOVING STONES, FOREIGN OBJECTS AND GRADING TO ELIMINATE WATER POCKETS AND IRREGULARITIES PRIOR TO PLACING SEED. FINISH GRADING SHALL RESULT IN STRAIGHT UNIFORM GRADES AND SMOOTH, EVEN SURFACES WITHOUT IRREGULARITIES TO LOW POINTS.

SHAPE THE AREAS TO THE LINES AND GRADES REQUIRED. THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE SCHEDULING OF LOAMING AND SEEDING OF GRADED AREAS TO PERMIT SUFFICIENT TIME FOR THE STABILIZATION OF THESE AREAS. IT SHALL BE THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO MAINTAIN THE AREAS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD AND REGRADE, LOAM AND RESEED ANY DAMAGED AREAS.

ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINES AND NOT COVERED BY STRUCTURES, PAVEMENT, OR MULCH SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED.

LIMESTONE SHALL BE THOROUGHLY INCORPORATED INTO THE LOAM LAYER AT A RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE IN ORDER TO PROVIDE A PH VALUE OF 5.5 TO 6.5.

FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD ON THE TOP LAYER OF LOAM AND WORKED INTO THE SURFACE. FERTILIZER APPLICATION RATE SHALL BE 500 POUNDS PER ACRE OF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER.

SOIL CONDITIONERS AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RECOMMENDED RATES AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WORKED INTO THE LOAM. LOAM SHALL BE RAKED UNTIL THE SURFACE IS FINELY PULVERIZED, SMOOTH AND EVEN, AND THEN COMPACTED TO AN EVEN SURFACE CONFORMING TO THE REQUIRED LINES AND GRADES WITH APPROVED ROLLERS WEIGHING BETWEEN 4 1/2 POUNDS AND 5 1/2 POUNDS PER INCH OF WIDTH.

SEED SHALL BE SOWN AT THE RATE SHOWN BELOW. SOWING SHALL BE DONE ON A CALM, DRY DAY, PREFERABLY BY MACHINE, BUT IF BY HAND, ONLY BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN. IMMEDIATELY BEFORE SEEDING, THE SOIL SHALL BE LIGHTLY RAKED. ONE HALF THE SEED SHALL BE SOWN IN ONE DIRECTION AND THE OTHER HALF AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE ORIGINAL DIRECTION. IT SHALL BE LIGHTLY RAKED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH NOT OVER 1/4 INCH INCH AND ROLLED WITH A HAND ROLLER WEIGHING NOT OVER 100 POUNDS PER LINEAR FOOT OF WIDTH.

HAY MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING AT A RATE OF 1.5 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE. MULCH THAT BLOWS OR WASHES AWAY SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY AND ANCHORED USING APPROPRIATE TECHNIQUES FROM THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK.

THE SURFACE SHALL BE WATERED AND KEPT MOIST WITH A FINE SPRAY AS REQUIRED, WITHOUT WASHING AWAY THE SOIL, UNTIL THE GRASS IS WELL ESTABLISHED. ANY AREAS WHICH ARE NOT SATISFACTORILY COVERED WITH GRASS SHALL BE RESEEDED, AND ALL NOXIOUS WEEDS REMOVED.

THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND MAINTAIN THE SEEDED AREAS UNTIL ACCEPTED, INCLUDING CUTTING, AS SPECIFIED HEREIN AFTER UNDER MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION.

UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED, SEEDING SHALL BE DONE DURING THE APPROXIMATE PERIODS OF EARLY SPRING TO SEPTEMBER 30, WHEN SOIL CONDITIONS AND WEATHER ARE SUITABLE FOR SUCH WORK.

A GRASS SEED MIXTURE CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING SEED REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE:

	POUNDS PER ACRE	MINIMUM	MINIMUM
GENERAL COVER			
CREEPING RED FESCUE	50	85%	96%
KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS	50	85%	97%
	100	GERMINATION	PURITY
SLOPE SEED (USED ON ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 3:1)			
CREEPING RED FESCUE	20	85%	96%
TALL FESCUE	20	85%	96%
RED TOP	2	80%	95%
	42		

IN NO CASE SHALL THE WEED CONTENT EXCEED 1 PERCENT BY WEIGHT. ALL SEED SHALL COMPLY WITH STATE AND FEDERAL SEED LAWS.

FOR TEMPORARY PLANTINGS AFTER SEPTEMBER TO EARLY SPRING AND FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTION OF DISTURBED AREAS:
- O FOLLOW ABOVE SLOPE, LOAM DEPTH AND GRADING REQUIREMENTS.
- O FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD AND WORKED INTO THE SURFACE AT A RATE OF 300 POUNDS PER ACRE.
- O MULCHING AND SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:
  - WINTER RYE (FALL SEEDING) 2.5 LBS/1,000 S.F.
  - OATS (SPRING SEEDING) 2 LBS./1,000S.F.
  - MULCH 1.5 TONS/ACRE

E. STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION

1. STRAW/HAY BALE INLET STRUCTURE

A. BALES SHALL BE EITHER WIRE BOUND OR STRING TIED WITH THE BINDINGS ORIENTED AROUND THE SIDES RATHER THAN OVER AND UNDER THE BALES.

B. BALES SHALL BE PLACED LENGTHWISE IN A SINGLE ROW SURROUNDING THE INLET, WITH THE ENDS OF ADJACENT BALES PRESSED TOGETHER.

C. THE FILTER BARRIER SHALL BE ENTRENCHED AND BACKFILLED. A TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED AROUND THE INLET THE WIDTH OF BALE TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF FOUR (4) INCHES. AFTER THE BALES ARE STAKED, THE EXCAVATED SOIL SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED AGAINST THE FILTER BARRIER.

D. EACH BALE SHALL BE SECURELY ANCHORED AND HELD IN PLACE BY AT LEAST TWO (2) STAKES OR REBARS DRIVEN THROUGH THE BALE.

E. LOOSE STRAW/HAY SHALL BE WEDGED BETWEEN BALES TO PREVENT WATER FROM ENTERING BETWEEN BALES.

F. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

1. SPECIFICATIONS

A. AGGREGATE SIZE: USE TWO (2) INCHES STONE, OR RECLAIMED OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT.

B. AGGREGATE THICKNESS: NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) INCHES.

C. WIDTH: TEN (10) FOOT MINIMUM, BUT NOT LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH OF POINTS WHERE INGRESS OR EGRESS OCCURS.

D. LENGTH: AS REQUIRED, BUT NOT LESS THAN FIFTY (50) FEET.

E. GEOTEXTILE: TO BE PLACED OVER THE ENTIRE AREA TO BE COVERED WITH AGGREGATE. PIPING OF SURFACE WATER UNDER ENTRANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED AS REQUIRED.

G. WINTER CONSTRUCTION NOTES (NOVEMBER 1– ARPIL 15)

ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREASWHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% GROWTH BY OCT-OBER 15th OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15th SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1 AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORING NETTING ELSEWHERE THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENTS.

B. ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85 % GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15th OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15th SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS.

C. AFTER NOVEMBER 1st INCOMPLETE ROAD OR PARKING SURFACES, WHERE WORK HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SEASON , SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 4" OF SUBBASE COURSE (MDOT TYPE D AGGREGATE).

TIMING OF CONTROLS/MEASURES

AS INDICATED IN THE SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES THE AND SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CLEARING OR GRADING OF THE SITE. STRUCTURAL CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED CONCURRENTLY WITH THE APPLICABLE ACTIVITY. AREAS WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY TEMPORARILY CEASES FOR MORE THAN TWENTY ONE (21) DAYS WILL BE STABILIZED WITH A TEMPORARY SEED AND MULCH WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OF THE LAST DISTURBANCE. ONCE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES PERMANENTLY IN AN AREA, SILT FENCES AND HAYBALE BARRIERS AND ANY EARTH/DIKES WILL BE REMOVED ONCE PERMANENT MEASURES ARE ESTABLISHED.

WASTE DISPOSAL

A. WASTE MATERIALS

ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN SECURELY LIDDED RECEPTACLES. ALL TRASH AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM THE SITE WILL BE DEPOSITED IN A DUMPSTER. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE BURIED ON SITE. ALL PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED REGARDING THE CORRECT PROCEDURE FOR WASTE DISPOSAL BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.

B. HAZARDOUS WASTE

ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY LOCAL OR STATE REGULATION OR BY THE MANUFACTURER. SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED IN THESE PRACTICES BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.

C. SANITARY WASTE

ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE COLLECTED FROM THE PORTABLE UNITS A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER WEEK BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

SPILL PREVENTION

A. MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE OF MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES DURING CONSTRUCTION TO STORMWATER RUNOFF:

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING:

THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT:
- O AN EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO STORE ONLY SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF PRODUCTS TO DO THE JOB.
- O ALL MATERIALS STORED ON SITE WILL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER IN THEIR PROPER (ORIGINAL IF POSSIBLE) CONTAINERS AND, IF POSSIBLE, UNDER A ROOF OR OTHER ENCLOSURE.
- O LIQUID PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS WITH THE POTENTIAL TO CONTAMINATE GROUNDWATER MAY NOT BE STORED OR HANDLED IN AREAS OF THE SITE DRAINING TO AN INFILTRATION AREA.
- O MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.
- O THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL INSPECT DAILY TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS.
- O SUBSTANCES WILL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER.
- O WHENEVER POSSIBLE ALL OF A PRODUCT WILL BE USED UP BEFORE DISPOSING OF THE CONTAINER.

HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS:

THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS:
- O PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNLESS THEY ARE NOT RESEALABLE.
- O ORIGINAL LABELS AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA WILL BE RETAINED FOR IMPORTANT PRODUCT INFORMATION.
- O SURPLUS PRODUCT THAT MUST BE DISPOSED OF WILL BE DISCARDED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS OF DISPOSAL.

B. PRODUCT SPECIFICATION PRACTICES

THE FOLLOWING PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE:

PETROLEUM PRODUCTS:

ALL ON SITE VEHICLES WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE LEAKAGE. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. ANY ASPHALT BASED SUBSTANCES USED ON SITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

FERTILIZERS:

FERTILIZERS USED WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS DIRECTED BY THE SPECIFICATIONS. ONCE APPLIED FERTILIZER WILL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE TO STORMWATER. STORAGE WILL BE IN A COVERED SHED OR ENCLOSED TRAILERS. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO AVOID SPILLS.

PAINTS:

ALL CONTAINERS WILL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT REQUIRED FOR USE. EXCESS PAINT WILL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM BUT WILL BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS OR STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

CONCRETE TRUCKS:

CONCRETE TRUCKS WILL DISCHARGE AND WASH OUT SURPLUS CONCRETE OR DRUM WASH WATER IN A CONTAINED AREA ON SITE.

C. SPILL CONTROL PRACTICES

IN ADDITION TO GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DISCUSSED IN THE PREVIOUS SECTION THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED FOR SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP:
- O MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE CLEARLY POSTED AND SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE MADE AWARE OF THE PROCEDURES AND THE LOCATION OF THE INFORMATION AND CLEANUP SUPPLIES.
- O MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE KEPT IN THE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA ON SITE. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS WILL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO BROOMS, DUSTPANS, MOPS, RAGS, GLOVES, GOGGLES, KITTY LITTER, SAND, SAWDUST AND PLASTIC OR METAL TRASH CONTAINERS SPECIFICALLY FOR THIS PURPOSE.
- O ALL SPILLS WILL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER DISCOVERY.
- O THE SPILL AREA WILL BE KEPT WELL VENTILATED AND PERSONNEL WILL WEAR APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PREVENT INJURY FROM CONTACT WITH A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.
- O SPILLS OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL WILL BE REPORTED TO THE APPROPRIATE STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY, REGARDLESS OF THE SIZE.
- O THE SPILL PREVENTION PLAN WILL BE ADJUSTED TO INCLUDE MEASURES TO PREVENT THIS TYPE OF SPILL FROM RECURRING AND HOW TO CLEANUP THE SPILL IF IT RECURS. A DESCRIPTION OF THE SPILL, ITS CAUSE, AND THE CLEANUP MEASURES WILL BE INCLUDED.
- O THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS W