

Sec. 14-145.5. Dimensional requirements.

In addition to the provisions of division 25 (space and bulk regulations and exceptions) of this article, lots in the IR-1 zone shall meet the following minimum requirements:

(a) *Minimum lot size*

1. Residential: Forty thousand (40,000) square feet for lots with public water; sixty thousand (60,000) square feet for lots without public water; except as provided in section 14-433 (lots of record and accessory structure setbacks for existing buildings) and section 14-145.3(a)1 of this article.
2. Schools and other educational facilities: Forty thousand (40,000) square feet.
3. Places of assembly:

Large	30,000 sq. ft.
Medium	15,000 sq. ft.
Small	7,500 sq. ft.

4. Seasonal camps and campgrounds: Ten (10) acres.
5. Animal raising: Three (3) acres.
6. In issuing any permit for new development, the building or planning authority shall require that any lot located in the IR-1 zone shall be at least forty thousand (40,000) square feet in area when the lot is to be serviced by a subsurface wastewater disposal system, except those lots which are located in a subdivision approved by the Planning Board after June 8, 1968, and excluding Peaks Island.
7. Excluding Peaks Island from this subsection h., any property owner whose lot does not meet the minimum lot size requirements outlined in subsection g. of this section may, for purposes of this section only, merge two (2) or more separate lots on the same island in order to meet these requirements.



Where the lots so merged are not contiguous, the property owner shall grant to the city as holder a conservation easement upon the lot or lots which will not contain the principal structure. The conservation easement shall contain both an existing legal description and a city assessor's chart, block and lot description. The building authority shall be authorized to accept such conservation easements on behalf of the city. Said easement shall be recorded by the applicant in the registry of deeds. A copy of the recorded easement and copies of the deeds for both lots shall be submitted to the building authority prior to issuance of a building permit. The property over which the conservation easement has been granted shall be used for passive recreational and conservation purposes only, and shall be subject to the following restrictions:

- a. No structure shall be permitted on this property.
- b. No parking or storage of vehicles or machinery shall be permitted on this property at any time.
- c. No area of this property shall be paved.
- d. No exterior storage for commercial use shall be permitted on this property.
- e. The easement deed shall reference the lot which is benefited by this conservation easement. No conservation easement shall be used to benefit more than one (1) lot.

Conservation easements shall only be granted over lots which conform either to the provisions of section 14-433 or to the minimum lot sizes set forth in (a)1 of this section. Conservation easements shall not be granted over any lot which is encumbered by any other easement which prohibits all construction on that lot. A conservation easement may also name as a holder or grant a third-party right of enforcement to a nonprofit

corporation or charitable trust, the purposes or powers of which include retaining or protecting the natural, scenic or open space values of real property; assuring the availability of real property for agricultural, forest, recreational or open space use; protecting natural resources; or maintaining or enhancing air or water quality of real property.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow an owner of a currently existing and developed lot to convey or permit a portion of that lot to be used to fulfill the requirements of this section if such conveyance would render the existing lot nonconforming under the terms of this chapter. The lot upon which a building is to be constructed shall meet the minimum lot size requirements of section 14-433.

8. Where an existing subsurface wastewater disposal system serving an existing structure requires replacement, the replacement system shall meet the applicable requirements of CMR 241 Section 2-E. The land area requirements in subsection g. of this section shall not apply to such a replacement system.

For purposes of this subsection, the mean high tide mark shall be considered to be the shoreline lot line.

(b) *Minimum street frontage:*

One hundred (100) feet, except that a lot of record as described in section 14-433 (lots of record and accessory structure setbacks for existing buildings) and lots created after July 15, 1985, which are not part of a subdivision need not provide street frontage if access is available by means of a permanent easement or right-of-way which existed as of July 15, 1985. Such easement or right-of-way shall have a minimum width of sixteen (16) feet and a minimum travel width of eight (8) feet except that an easement or right-of-way providing access for three (3) or more lots or providing the only means of access to a parcel or parcels of three (3) acres or more, shall conform to the requirements contained