miCall harsson Avery Kotskeforces Bartels

# CITY OF PORTLAND, MAINE ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

IR-2, Island Residential Zone
Practical Difficulty Variance Appeal

### **DECISION**

Date of public hearing:

October 5, 2017

Name and address of Appellant:

Elizabeth Chase c/o Shannon Alther TMS Architects 1 Cate Street

Portsmouth, NH 03801

Location of property under appeal:

18 8th Maine Avenue, Peaks Island

CBL 085 N008001

#### For the Record:

Names and addresses of witnesses (proponents, opponents and others):

Shannon A/ther TMS Architects 1 Cate St. Portsmarch, NH

Exhibits admitted (e.g. renderings, reports, etc.):

Application it exhibits
Plans 9 Drawings
Budget Outhers

# Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

The applicant is seeking a practical difficulty variance from the requirements of City of Portland Code of Ordinances § 14-145.11(c)(3), which requires a minimum side yard of twenty feet.

The applicant seeks a variance reducing the side yard setback to 8.75 feet.

Satisfied \_\_\_\_\_ Not Satisfied \_\_\_\_

The Board of Appeals has jurisdiction to hear and grant or deny applications for practical difficulty variances pursuant to § 14-473(c)(3).

## Findings:

The board of appeals may grant a variance from the dimensional standards when strict application of the provisions of the ordinance would create a practical difficulty, and the applicant meets the requirements of § 14-473(c)(3)(a).

1.	1. The application is for a variance from dimensional standards of the	Land	Use
	Ordinance, which is defined as those provisions that "relate to lot area, lot	cover	age,
	frontage, and setback requirements." §§ 14-473(c)(3)(a), 14-473(c)(3)(b)(1)	١.	

Reasons and supporting facts:	
Applicant is seeking	a reduction
of the side gard	a reduction set/back reguirement

2. Strict application of the provisions of the ordinance would create a practical difficulty, which is defined as a "case where strict application of the dimensional standards of the ordinance to the property for which a variance is sought would both preclude a use of the property which is permitted in the zone in which it is located and also would result in significant economic injury to the applicant." §§ 14-473(c)(3)(a), 14-473(c)(3)(b)(2). Significant economic injury exists where, "the value of the property if the variance were denied would be substantially lower than its value if the variance were granted. To satisfy this standard, the applicant need not prove that denial of the variance would mean the practical loss of all beneficial use of the land." § 14-473(c)(3)(b)(3). Not Satisfied Satisfied property value Could be increased by 12,000 and Saw agg) approximately \$6,000 in renovation Cost. No ividence to siggest value of property would be less if not granted -Cost of achieving increase in value is less

y variance is granted.

The need for a variance is due to the unique circumstances of the property, and not to
the general conditions in the neighborhood 8 14.473(a)(2)(a)(1) the general conditions in the neighborhood. § 14-473(c)(3)(a)(1). Not Satisfied Satisfied V Reasons and supporting facts: Building constructed (900). The condition is due to comone cost circumstance of property. As Sexback usur is specific to the poperty.

Depending on which side Datheron is M. No endence of significant Ilonomic enjury.

4.	The granting of the variance will not produce an undesirable change in the character of the neighborhood and will not have an unreasonably detrimental effect on either the use or fair market value of abutting properties. § 14-473(c)(3)(a)(2).
	Satisfied Not Satisfied
	Reasons and supporting facts:  Avantup would produce deserable  Charge - no detremental affect.  no public Comment
5.	The practical difficulty is not the result of action taken by the applicant or a prior owner. § 14-473(c)(3)(a)(3).
	Satisfied Not Satisfied
	Reasons and supporting facts:  Non Conformity As as a result of the ordinance: (Sethack Come to the property).
6.	No other feasible alternative is available to the applicant, except a variance. § 14-473(c)(3)(a)(4).
	Satisfied Not Satisfied
	Reasons and supporting facts:
	Testemony- there is an alternation
	to either not kull a bathrown at
	all, of but the bathroom outte
	O mer side. Of do alterations
	colthin current footprints

7.	The granting of a variance will not have an unreasonably adverse effect on the natural environment. § 14-473(c)(3)(a)(5).	
	Satisfied Not Satisfied	
	Reasons and supporting facts:  Norming suggests adverse impact on natural environment	
8.	. The property is not located, in whole or in part, within a shoreland area, as defined in 38 M.R.S. § 435, nor within a shoreland zone or flood hazard zone, as defined in this article. § 14-473(c)(3)(a)(6).	
	Satisfied Not Satisfied	
	Reasons and supporting facts:	
	Not withen the Share land your Per the Map. mas & 300 foot "Circle" Zoning Ademies indicates not "Vin your	2
Decision:		
for a pract	Option 1: The Board finds that the applicant has satisfactorily met all of the standards ctical difficulty variance and GRANTS the variance without limitation.	
however, i improvem	Option 2: Pursuant to § 14-473(d), the Board may impose conditions on a practical y variance. The Board finds that the applicant has met all of the standards described above, reasonable conditions are necessary to prevent injurious effects upon other property and ments in the vicinity or upon public facilities and services, and it GRANTS the variance CT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:	
	metall, Katsiy	lica
for a pract	Option 3: The Board finds that the applicant has NOT satisfactorily met the standards actical difficulty variance and DENIES the variance.	
Dated:	Board Chair	