SECTION 09900

PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Exposed exterior items and surfaces.
 - 2. Exposed interior items and surfaces.
 - 3. Surface preparation, priming, and finish coats specified in this Section are in addition to shop priming and surface treatment specified in other Sections.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for preparation of concrete masonry.
 - 2. Division 5 Section "Structural Steel" for shop priming structural steel.
 - 3. Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for shop priming ferrous metal.
 - 4. Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry" for staining of furring supporting exterior wood siding.
 - 5. Division 6 Section "Finish Carpentry" for surface preparation of interior standing and running trim, siding, and finish carpentry.
 - 6. Division 6 Section "Architectural Woodwork" for shop finishing of architectural casework.
 - 7. Division 8 Section "Steel Doors and Frames" for factory priming steel doors and frames.
 - 8. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies" for surface preparation of gypsum board.
 - 9. Review all sections for shop primed items requiring field painting.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Standard coating terms defined in ASTM D 16 apply to this Section.
 - 1. Flat refers to a lusterless or matte finish with a gloss range below 15 when measured at an 85degree meter.
 - 2. Eggshell refers to low-sheen finish with a gloss range between 20 and 35 when measured at a 60-degree meter.
 - 3. Satin refers to low-sheen finish with a gloss range between 15 and 35 when measured at a 60-degree meter.
 - 4. Semigloss refers to medium-sheen finish with a gloss range between 35 and 70 when measured at a 60-degree meter.
 - 5. Full gloss refers to high-sheen finish with a gloss range more than 70 when measured at a 60-degree meter.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit in accordance with Section 01300.
- B. Product Data: For each paint system indicated. Include fillers and primers.
 - 1. Material List: An inclusive list of required coating materials. Indicate each material and crossreference specific coating, finish system, and application. Identify each material by manufacturer's catalog number and general classification.
 - 2. Manufacturer's Information: Manufacturer's technical information, including label analysis and instructions for handling, storing, and applying each coating material proposed for use.

- C. Schedule: Provide schedule of all surfaces to be coated, with prime and finish coat material listed, and manufacturer's recommended wet film thickness.
- D. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required, submit color chips, 3- by 5-inches, matching colors indicated on Finish Schedule.
- E. Qualification Data: For Applicator.
- 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Applicator Qualifications: Engage an experienced Applicator who has completed painting system applications similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in applications with a record of successful in-service performance.
 - B. Source Limitations: Obtain primers and undercoat materials for each coating system from the same manufacturer as the finish coats.
 - C. Benchmark Samples (Mockups): Provide a full-coat benchmark finish sample for each type of coating and substrate required. Duplicate finish of approved sample Submittals.
 - 1. Architect will select one room or surface to represent surfaces and conditions for each type of coating and substrate to be painted.
 - a. Wall Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - b. Small Areas and Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. After permanent lighting and other environmental services have been activated, apply benchmark samples, according to requirements for the completed Work. Provide required sheen, color, and texture on each surface.
 - a. After finishes are accepted, Architect will use the room or surface to evaluate coating systems of a similar nature.
 - 3. Final approval of colors will be from benchmark samples.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to the Project Site in manufacturer's original, unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and the following information:
 - 1. Product name or title of material.
 - 2. Product description (generic classification or binder type).
 - 3. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacture.
 - 4. Contents by volume, for pigment and vehicle constituents.
 - 5. Thinning instructions.
 - 6. Application instructions.
 - 7. Color name and number.
- B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in a well-ventilated area at a minimum ambient temperature of 45 deg F (7 deg C). Maintain containers used in storage in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 1. Protect from freezing. Keep storage area neat and orderly.
 - 2. Remove oily rags and waste daily.
 - 3. Take necessary measures to ensure that workers and work areas are protected from fire and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing, and application.

1.07 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperatures of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air are between 45 and 95 deg F (7 and 35 deg C).
- B. Do not apply paint in snow, rain, fog, or mist; or when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; or at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

- 1. Painting may continue during inclement weather if surfaces and areas to be painted are enclosed and heated within temperature limits specified by manufacturer during application and drying periods.
- 2. Allow wet surfaces to dry thoroughly and attain temperature and conditions specified before proceeding with or continuing coating operation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in other Part 2 articles.
- B. Manufacturers' Names: Shortened versions (shown in parentheses) of the following manufacturers' names are used in other Part 2 articles:
 - 1. Benjamin Moore & Company (Moore).
 - 2. ICI Dulux Paints (ICI).
 - 3. Sherwin-Williams Co. (S-W).
 - 4. Tnemec Company, Inc. (Tnemec).
 - 5. Sto Corporation (Sto).
 - 6. Samuel Cabot Inc. (Cabot).
 - 7. Sikkens Decorative Wood Finishes, Division of Akszo Nobel Coatings Inc. (Sikkens).

2.02 COATINGS MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility: Provide primers, undercoats, and finish-coat materials that are compatible with one another and with the substrates indicated under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Material Quality: Provide manufacturer's best-quality coating material of the various coating types specified that are factory formulated and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated. Paint-material containers not displaying manufacturer's product identification will not be acceptable.
 - 1. Proprietary Names: Use of manufacturer's proprietary product names to designate colors or materials is not intended to imply that products named are required to be used to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers listed in the specification schedule. Furnish manufacturer's material data and certificates of performance for proposed substitutions.
 - 2. Where schedule says no substitution, use proprietary product only. Do not propose substitution, as the products from the other manufacturers have been considered, and are not acceptable.
- C. Colors: Provide color selections made by the Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Applicator present, under which painting will be performed for compliance with paint application requirements.
 - 1. Inspect walls for dents and imperfections, with drywall installer and painter present, prior to painting. Inspect wall again after primer and first coat of paint is applied, with Installer and painter present. Touch-up as follows:
 - a. Touch-up visible gypsum board imperfections before priming of walls.
 - b. Touch-up imperfections found in field of boards and joints made visible from painting after first finish coat applied.
 - c. Joint compound touch-up shall be primed and painted before final coat is applied.
 - 2. If unacceptable conditions are encountered, prepare written report, endorsed by Applicator, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.

- 3. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
- 4. Application of coating indicates Applicator's acceptance of surfaces and conditions within a particular area.
- 5. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.
- B. Coordination of Work: Review other Sections in which primers are provided to ensure compatibility of the total system for various substrates. On request, furnish information on characteristics of specified finish materials to ensure use of compatible primers.
 - 1. Notify Architect about anticipated problems when using the materials specified over substrates primed by others.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. General: Remove hardware and hardware accessories, plates, machined surfaces, lighting fixtures, and similar items already installed that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of the item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
 - 1. After completing painting operations in each space or area, reinstall items removed using workers skilled in the trades involved.
- B. Cleaning: Before applying paint or other surface treatments, clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of the various coatings. Remove oil and grease before cleaning.
 - 1. Schedule cleaning and painting so dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly painted surfaces.
- C. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be painted according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition and as specified.
 - 1. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and reprime.
 - 2. Cementitious Materials: Prepare concrete unit masonry surfaces to be painted. Remove efflorescence, chalk, dust, dirt, grease, oils, and release agents. Roughen as required to remove glaze.
 - a. Determine alkalinity and moisture content of surfaces by performing appropriate tests. If surfaces are sufficiently alkaline to cause the finish paint to blister and burn, correct this condition before application. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 3. Wood: Clean surfaces of dirt, oil, and other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits, and sandpaper, as required. Sand surfaces exposed to view smooth and dust off.
 - a. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots, and apply a thin coat of white shellac or other recommended knot sealer before applying primer. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.
 - b. Prime, stain, or seal wood to be painted immediately on delivery. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and back sides of wood, including cabinets, counters, cases, and paneling.
 - Siding shall receive to two coats of primer/sealer on all sides.
 - If transparent finish is required, backprime with spar varnish.
 - 4. Ferrous Metals: Clean ungalvanized ferrous-metal surfaces that have not been shop coated; remove oil, grease, dirt, loose mill scale, and other foreign substances. Use solvent or mechanical cleaning methods that comply with SSPC's recommendations.
 - a. Treat bare and sandblasted or pickled clean metal with a metal treatment wash coat before priming.
 - b. Touch up bare areas and shop-applied prime coats that have been damaged. Wire-brush, clean with solvents recommended by paint manufacturer, and touch up with same primer as the shop coat.
 - c. Wire-brush all exposed surfaces of existing lintels, clean with solvents recommended by paint manufacturer, and prepare for priming and finish coats.
 - 5. Galvanized Surfaces: Uniformly abrade galvanized surfaces with a palm sander and 60 grit aluminum oxide so surface is free of oil and surface contaminants. Remove pretreatment from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods.

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- a. Clean field welds with nonpetroleum-based solvents so surface is free of oil and surface contaminants.
- D. Material Preparation: Mix and prepare paint materials according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Maintain containers used in mixing and applying paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 2. Stir material before application to produce a mixture of uniform density. Stir as required during application. Do not stir surface film into material. If necessary, remove surface film and strain material before using.
 - 3. Use only thinners approved by paint manufacturer and only within recommended limits.

3.03 APPLICATION

- A. General: Apply paint according to manufacturer's written instructions. Use applicators and techniques best suited for substrate and type of material being applied.
 - 1. Paint colors, surface treatments, and finishes are indicated in the paint schedules.
 - 2. Do not paint over dirt, rust, scale, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces, or conditions detrimental to formation of a durable paint film.
 - 3. Provide finish coats that are compatible with primers used.
 - 4. The term "exposed surfaces" includes areas visible when permanent or built-in fixtures, grilles, convector covers, covers for finned-tube radiation, and similar components are in place. Extend coatings in these areas, as required, to maintain system integrity and provide desired protection.
 - 5. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture the same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation of equipment, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 - 6. Paint interior surfaces of ducts with a flat, nonspecular black paint where visible through registers or grilles.
 - 7. Paint back sides of access panels and removable or hinged covers to match exposed surfaces.
 - 8. Finish exterior doors on tops, bottoms, and side edges the same as exterior faces.
 - 9. Sand lightly between each succeeding enamel or varnish coat.
- B. Scheduling Painting: Apply first coat to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated, or otherwise prepared for painting as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.
 - 1. The number of coats and film thickness required are the same regardless of application method. Do not apply succeeding coats until previous coat has cured as recommended by manufacturer. If sanding is required to produce a smooth, even surface according to manufacturer's written instructions, sand between applications.
 - 2. Omit primer over metal surfaces that have been shop primed and touchup painted.
 - 3. If undercoats, stains, or other conditions show through final coat of paint, apply additional coats until paint film is of uniform finish, color, and appearance. Give special attention to ensure that edges, corners, crevices, welds, and exposed fasteners receive a dry film thickness equivalent to that of flat surfaces.
 - 4. Allow sufficient time between successive coats to permit proper drying. Do not recoat surfaces until paint has dried to where it feels firm, and does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure, and until application of another coat of paint does not cause undercoat to lift or lose adhesion.
- C. Paint all exposed surfaces, except where the paint schedules indicate that a surface or material is not to be painted or is to remain natural. If the paint schedules do not specifically mention an item or a surface, paint the item or surface the same as similar adjacent materials or surfaces whether or not schedules indicate colors. If the schedules do not indicate color or finish, the Architect will select from standard colors and finishes available.
 - 1. Painting includes field painting of exposed bare and covered pipes and ducts (including colorcoding), hangers, exposed steel and iron work, and primed metal surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment at all locations except mechanical and electrical rooms.
- D. Do not paint prefinished items, concealed surfaces, finished metal surfaces, operating parts, and labels.
 1. Labels: Do not paint over Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Factory Mutual (FM), or other code-required labels or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.

- E. Application Procedures: Apply paints and coatings by brush, roller, spray, or other applicators according to manufacturer's written instructions. Walls shall have roller finish.
 - 1. Brushes: Use brushes best suited for type of material applied. Use brush of appropriate size for surface or item being painted.
 - 2. Rollers: Use rollers of carpet, velvet-back, or high-pile sheep's wool as recommended by manufacturer for material and texture required.
 - 3. Spray Equipment: Use airless spray equipment with orifice size as recommended by manufacturer for material and texture required.
- F. Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply paint materials no thinner than manufacturer's recommended spreading rate to achieve dry film thickness indicated.
- G. Mechanical and Electrical Work: Painting of mechanical and electrical work is limited to items exposed in occupied spaces (outside mechanical and electrical rooms).
- H. Mechanical items to be painted include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Piping, pipe hangers and supports.
 - 2. Heat exchangers.
 - 3. Tanks.
 - 4. Ductwork, including interior of ductwork visible through air devices.
 - 5. Insulation.
 - 6. Motors and mechanical equipment.
 - 7. Exposed rooftop units.
 - 8. Louvers.
 - 9. Accessory items.
- I. Electrical items to be painted include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Conduit and fittings.
 - 2. Switchgear.
 - 3. Panelboards.
- J. Prime Coats: Before applying finish coats, apply a prime coat, as recommended by manufacturer, to material that is required to be painted or finished and that has not been prime coated by others. Recoat primed and sealed surfaces where evidence of suction spots or unsealed areas in first coat appears, to ensure a finish coat with no burn-through or other defects due to insufficient sealing.
- K. Pigmented (Opaque) Finishes: Completely cover surfaces as necessary to provide a smooth, opaque surface of uniform finish, color, appearance, and coverage. Cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections will not be acceptable.
- L. Transparent (Clear) Finishes: Use multiple coats to produce a glass-smooth surface film of even luster. Provide a finish free of laps, runs, cloudiness, color irregularity, brush marks, orange peel, nail holes, or other surface imperfections.
 - 1. Provide satin finish for final coats, unless otherwise noted.
- M. Stipple Enamel Finish: Roll and redistribute paint to an even and fine texture. Leave no evidence of rolling, such as laps, irregularity in texture, skid marks, or other surface imperfections.
- N. Completed Work: Match approved samples for color, texture, and coverage. Remove, refinish, or repaint work not complying with requirements.
- O. Exterior Ferrous Metal Items to Be Painted Include, but Are Not Limited To, the Following:
 - 1. Handrails.
 - 2. Steel doors and frames.
 - 3. Exposed structural steel and lintel plates, new and existing.
 - a. Existing angle lintels.
 - 4. Louvers.
 - 5. Bollards.
 - 6. Metal Fabrications. See Section 05500.

- 7. Miscellaneous metal items, including galvanized steel.
- P. Interior Ferrous Metal Items to Be Painted Include, but Are Not Limited To, the Following:
 - 1. Handrails and guardrails.
 - 2. Steel doors and frames.
 - 3. Steel stairs, handrails, and guardrails, including risers and stringers.
 - a. Paint underside of exposed stair framing.
 - 4. Exposed structural steel.
 - 5. Wood door glass lite kits and astragals.
 - 6. Access panels (both sides).
 - 7. Primed louvers and diffusers.
 - 8. Fabricated countertop supports.
 - 9. Metal fabrications. See Section 05500.
 - 10. Miscellaneous metal items.

3.04 CLEANING

- A. Cleanup: At the end of each workday, remove empty cans, rags, rubbish, and other discarded paint materials from the Project site.
 - 1. After completing painting, clean glass and paint-spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paint by washing and scraping. Be careful not to scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.

3.05 PROTECTION

- A. Protect work of other trades, whether being painted or not, against damage by painting. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing, and repainting, as approved by Architect.
- B. Provide "Wet Paint" signs to protect newly painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others to protect their work after completing painting operations.
 - 1. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.06 EXTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE

- A. Concrete Unit Masonry: Provide the following finish systems over exterior concrete unit masonry:
 - 1. Flat Finish at Exposed CMU at Parking Level: 2 sealer coats over 1 finish coat over block filler/primer.
 - a. Block Filler/Primer: Acrylic based primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a 3.5 mil DFT.
 - 1) Sto: Sto Concrete coating Smooth, No. 232.
 - b. Finish Coat: Ready-mixed coating composed of fine variegated aggregate encase in pure acrylic binder applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer.
 1) Sto: Decocoat, No. 119.
 - c. First and Second Sealer Coats: Acrylic based sealer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a 7.5 mil thickness per coat.
 1) Sto: Clear Coat Sealer, No. CR512.
 - 2. Stain for CMU Behind Wood Siding: 1 coat of penetrating stain.
 - a. Stain: Deep penetrating, pigmented stain of 100% acrylic resin, black.
 - 1) Cabot: Semi-Solid Stain, 1100 Series.
- B. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: Provide the following finish systems over exterior gypsum soffit board:
 1. Flat Acrylic Finish: 2 finish coats over an exterior, alkyd- or alkali-resistant primer, as
 - recommended by the manufacturer.
 - a. Primer: Exterior, alkyd- or alkali-resistant, acrylic-latex primer, as recommended by the manufacturer for this substrate, applied at spreading rate recommended by the
 - manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Alkyd Exterior Primer No. 176; 1.8 mils DFT.
 - Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Alkyd Exterior Primer No. 176; 1.8 mils DFT.
 ICI: 2000-1200 Dulux Professional Exterior 100% Acrylic Latex Primer;
 - 2) ICI: 2000-1200 Dulux Professional Exterior 100% Acrylic Latex Primer; 1.6 mils DFT.

- 3) S-W: A-100 Exterior Latex Wood Primer B42W41; 1.4 mils DFT.
- b. First and Second Coats: Flat, exterior, acrylic-emulsion paint applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Flat Latex House Paint No. 171; 2.4 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 2200-XXXX Dulux Professional Exterior 100 Percent Acrylic Flat Finish; 2.8 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: SuperPaint Exterior Latex Flat A80 Series; 2.8 mils DFT.
- C. Wood Siding and Trim, Transparent Finish: Provide the following finish systems over smooth exterior wood surfaces:
 - 1. Oil-Alkyd Resin, Satin Finish: 2 finish coats over 2 primer coats.
 - a. First and Second Prime Coats: Oil-alkyd resin combination with selected ultraviolet screening pigment applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total DFT of 710 microns. Prime coats to be applied to all surfaces of siding prior to installation.
 - 1) Sikkens Cetol 1. No substitution.
 - b. First and Second Finish Coats: Proprietary resin with UV absorbers and transparent iron oxide pigments providing a transparent, satin finish applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer.
 - 1) Sikkens Cetol 23 Plus. No substitution.
- D. Ferrous Metal: Provide the following finish systems over exterior ferrous metal. Primer is not required on shop-primed items.
 - 1. Low Luster, Enamel Finish for Existing Lintels: 2 finish coats over a rust-inhibitive primer.
 - a. Primer: Fish oil based, rust-inhibitive metal primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer.
 - 1) RustOleum: Rusty Metal Primer.

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- b. First and Second Coats: Low sheen (satin), exterior enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer.
 - RustOleum: Satin Enamel Finish.
- 2. Semigloss, Acrylic-Enamel Finish: 2 finish coats over a rust-inhibitive primer.
 - Primer: Rust-inhibitive metal primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moore's IMC M04 Acrylic Metal Primer; 2.0 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 4020-XXXX Devflex DTM Flat Interior/Exterior Waterborne Primer & Finish; 2.2 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: DTM Acrylic Primer/Finish/B66W1; 2.5 mils DFT.
 - 4) Tnemec: Tnemec Primer, Series 10; 2.0 mils DFT.
 - b. First and Second Coats: Semigloss, exterior, acrylic-latex enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moore's IMC DTM M29 Acrylic Semigloss; 4.0 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 4206-XXXX, Interior/Exterior Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel; 3.0 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: DTM Acrylic Coating Gloss (Waterborne) B66W200 Series; 5.0 mils DFT.
 - 4) Tnemec: Tneme-Cryl SG, Series 7; 4.0 mils DFT.
- E. Zinc-Coated Metal: Provide the following finish systems over exterior zinc-coated (galvanized) metal surfaces:
 - 1. Semigloss, Acrylic-Enamel Finish: 2 finish coats over a primer.
 - a. Primer: Metal primer applied to galvanized metals not previously shop-primed applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moore's IMC Acrylic Metal Primer No. M04; 2.0 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 4020-XXXX Devflex DTM Flat Interior/Exterior Waterborne Primer & Finish; 2.5 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: Galvite HS Paint B50WZ30; 3.5 mils DFT.

- 4) Tnemec: Tneme-Cryl, Series 6; 2.5 mils DFT.
- b. First and Second Coats: Semigloss, exterior, acrylic-latex enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moore's IMC DTM M29 Acrylic Semigloss; 8.0 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 4206-XXXX, Interior/Exterior Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel; 8.0 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: DTM Acrylic Coating Gloss (Waterborne) B66W200 Series; 6.0 mils DFT.
 - 4) Tnemec: Tneme-Cryl SG, Series 7; 5.0 mils DFT.
- F. Aluminum: Provide the following finish systems over exterior aluminum surfaces:
 - 1. Semigloss, Acrylic-Enamel Finish: 2 finish coats over a primer.
 - a. Primer: Rust-inhibitive, acrylic- or alkyd-based, metal primer, as recommended by the manufacturer for use over aluminum, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moore's IMC Acrylic Metal Primer No. M04; 2.0 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 4020-XXXX Devflex DTM Flat Interior/Exterior Waterboorne Primer & Finish; 2.2 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: DTM Acrylic Primer/Finish B66W1; 2.5 mils DFT.
 - 4) Tnemec: Tnemec Primer, Series 10.
 - b. First and Second Coats: Semigloss, exterior, acrylic-latex enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Latex House & Trim Paint No. 170; 2.2 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 2406-XXXX Dulux Professional Exterior 100 Percent Acrylic Semi-Gloss Finish; 2.6 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: DTM Acrylic Coating Gloss (Waterborne) B66W200 Series; 5.0 mils DFT.
 - 4) Tnemec: Tneme-Cryl SG, Series 7.

3.07 INTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE

- A. Concrete and Masonry (Other than Concrete Masonry Units): Provide the following paint systems over interior concrete and brick masonry surfaces:
 - 1. Low-Luster, Acrylic-Enamel Finish, Concrete Columns: 2 finish coats over a primer.
 - a. Primer: Alkali-resistant, acrylic-latex, interior primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Enamel Undercoater & Primer Sealer No. 253; 1.2 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 3030-1200 Bond-Prep Interior/Exterior Waterborne Pigmented Bonding Primer; 1.8 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: PrepRite Masonry Primer B28W300; 3.0 mils DFT.
 - b. First and Second Coats: Low-luster (eggshell or satin), acrylic-latex, interior enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Eggshell Enamel No. 274; 2.6 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 1402-XXXX Dulux Professional Acrylic Eggshell Interior Wall & Trim Enamel; 2.8 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: ProMar 200 Interior Latex Egg-Shell Enamel B20W200 Series; 3.2 mils DFT.
- B. Gypsum Board & Plaster: Provide the following finish systems over interior gypsum board surfaces:
 1. Flat Acrylic Finish (Gypsum Board Ceilings): 2 finish coats over a primer.
 - a. Primer: Latex-based, interior primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.

- Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Enamel Undercoater & Primer Sealer 1) Moore: No. 253; 1.2 mils DFT.
- 2) ICI: 1030-1200, Ultra-Hide PVA Interior Primer-Sealer General Purpose Wall Primer; 1.9 mils DFT. 3)
 - S-W: PrepRite 200 Latex Wall Primer B28W200 Series; 1.6 mils DFT.
- First and Second Coats: Flat, acrylic-latex-based, interior paint applied at spreading rate b. recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moorecraft Super Spec Latex Flat No. 275; 2.4 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 1200-XXX, Dulux Professional Velvet Matte Interior Flat Latex Wall & Trim Finish: 2.8 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: ProMar 200 Interior Latex Flat Wall Paint B30W200 Series: 2.8 mils DFT.
- Walls for Vinyl Wall Coverings: Prime walls designated to receive vinyl wall coverings with the 2. following:
 - Latex-based, interior primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to a. achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Enamel Undercoater & Primer Sealer 1) No. 253; 1.2 mils DFT.
 - 1030-1200, Ultra-Hide PVA Interior Primer-Sealer General Purpose 2) ICI: Wall Primer; 1.9 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: PrepRite 200 Latex Wall Primer B28W200 Series; 1.6 mils DFT.
- 3. Low-Luster, Acrylic-Enamel Finish (Walls): 2 finish coats over a primer.
 - Primer: Latex-based, interior primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the a. manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - Moore: Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Enamel Undercoater & Primer Sealer 1) No. 253; 1.2 mils DFT.
 - 2) 1030-1200, Ultra-Hide PVA Interior Primer-Sealer General Purpose ICI: Wall Primer; 1.9 mils DFT.
 - S-W: PrepRite 200 Latex Wall Primer B28W200 Series; 1.6 mils DFT. 3)
 - First and Second Coats: Low-luster (eggshell or satin), acrylic-latex, interior enamel b. applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Eggshell Enamel No. 274; 2.6 mils DFT. 1) Moore:
 - 1402-XXXX Dulux Professional Acrylic Eggshell Interior Wall & 2) ICI: Trim Enamel; 2.8 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: ProMar 200 Interior Latex Egg-Shell Enamel B20W200 Series; 3.2 mils DFT.
- C. Natural-Finish Woodwork (Standing and Running Trim): Provide the following natural finishes over new, interior woodwork:
 - Alkyd-Based, Satin-Varnish Finish: 3 finish coats of an alkyd-based, clear-satin varnish over an 1. alkyd-based, interior wood stain.
 - Stain Coat: Alkyd-based, penetrating, interior wood stain applied at spreading rate а recommended by the manufacturer. Stain color as selected by Architect from the manufacturer's full range of options to match finish applied to wood doors.
 - First, Second, and Third Finish Coats: Alkyd-based or polyurethane varnish, as b. recommended by the manufacturer, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer.
 - 1) Moore: Benwood Satin Finish Varnish #404.
 - 2) ICI: 1902-0000, Woodpride Interior Polyurethane Satin Varnish.
 - 3) Minwax: Polyurethane Satin.
 - 2. Alkyd-Based, Satin-Varnish Finish (Natural Wood Veneer Wall Covering): 3 finish coats of an alkyd-based, clear-satin varnish over an alkyd-based, interior wood stain over sealer coat.
 - Stain Coat: Alkyd-based, penetrating, interior wood stain applied at spreading rate a. recommended by the manufacturer. Stain color as selected by Architect from the manufacturer's full range of options to match finish applied to wood doors.
 - Sealer Coat: Clear sanding sealer applied at spreading rate recommended by the b. manufacturer.

- c. First, Second, and Third Finish Coats: Alkyd-based or polyurethane varnish, as recommended by the manufacturer, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer.
 - 1) Moore: Benwood Satin Finish Varnish #404.
 - 2) ICI: 1902-0000, Woodpride Interior Polyurethane Satin Varnish.
 - 3) Minwax: Polyurethane Satin.
- D. Ferrous and Zinc Coated Metal: Provide the following finish systems over ferrous metal:
 - 1. Semigloss, Alkyd Enamel Finish: 2 finish coats over a primer.
 - a. Primer: Quick-drying, rust-inhibitive, alkyd-based or epoxy metal primer, as recommended by manufacturer for this substrate, applied at spreading rate recommended by manufacturer to achieve the dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moore's IMC Alkyd Metal Primer M06; 2 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 4130-6130 Devshield Rust Penetrating Metal Primer; 2.2 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: Kem Kromik Universal Metal Primer B50NZ6/B50WZ1; 3.0 mils DFT.
 - b. First and Second Finish Coats: Semigloss, alkyd, interior enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than indicated for product.
 - 1) Moore: Moore's Alkyd Dulamel C207; 2.4 mils DFT.
 - 2) ICI: 1516-XXXX Ultra-Hide Alkyd Semi-Gloss Interior Wall & Trim Enamel; 3.4 mils DFT.
 - 3) S-W: ProClassic Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel B34 Series; 3.4 mils DFT.
- E. Telecommunication and Electrical Backboards: Provide the following finish over plywood:
 - 1. Flat Intumescent Finish: Two finish coats over a primer.
 - a. Primer: Factory-formulated alkyd wood primers applied at spreading rate recommended by manufacturer.
 - 1) Moore: Super Spec Alkyd Enamel Undercoater/Primer Sealer.
 - b. First and Second Coats: Intumescent-type, fire-retardant paint applied at spreading rate recommended by manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 4 mils (0.10 mm); white color for telecommunication and black for electrical.
 - 1) Moore: M59 220 Latex Fire-Retardant Coating.

END OF SECTION