

APPENDIX - IMAGES



Images-1 and 2

These photographs illustrate damage caused to steel structure in contact with brick. The moisture and salts attack the steel causing it to quickly rust and ultimately to fail, as the bottom photo shows a weld failure.





Image-03
West (Hyatt Place) facade showing garage after brick is removed, steel refurbished and galvanized automobile guard added.



Image-04
South (Fore Street) Facade with Hyatt Place Hotel beyond, as currently exists.



DETERIORATING BRICK

EFFLORESCENCE STALACTITES (SALTS)

Image-05
Fore Street facade showing the deterioration of brick and stalactites formed from years of moisture and salts seeping from masonry.



Omega 1550

Material: AISI Type 316 SS
 Type: Flexible, one direction
 Open Area: 65%
 Weight: 0.60 lbs/sqft
 Max. width: 28'
 Max. length: Contact GKD
 Available also with ss cables and bronze rods

Applications	System Components
Facades	Extended loop with eyebolts and round bars top and bottom
Partitions	Flat & angle
	Flats with clove
	Frame
	Outrigger Tension System
	Reinforced internal Flat Bar
	StealthLoK
	Woven-in bar with spring
	Woven-in bar with eyebolt

Projects **Downloads**
 CCLRT - West Bank Station Metal Fabrics PDF
[Order Free Sample](#)

Technical Consultation

800-453-8616

List by Name Omega 1550

Previous Next

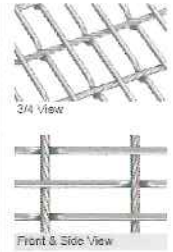
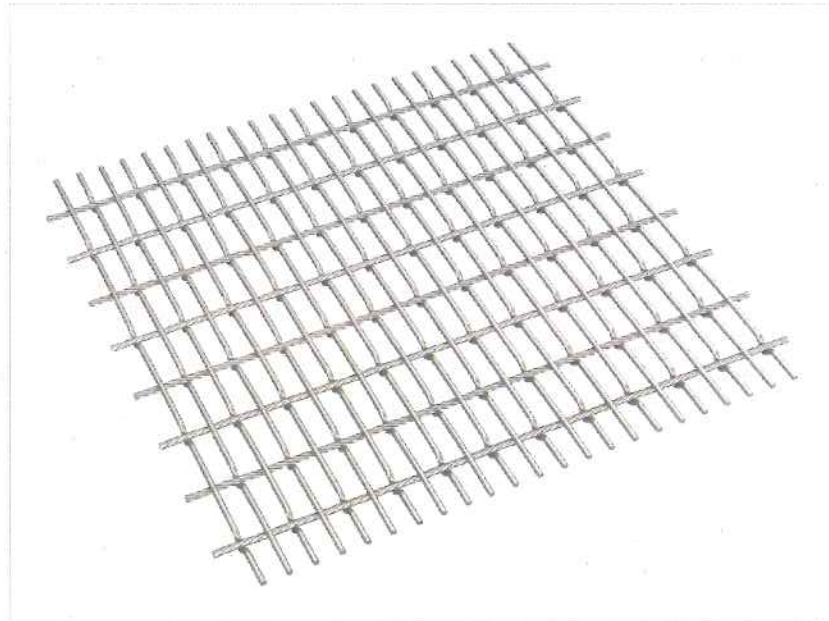


Image-06
 Proposed product for stainless steel mesh screen material.



Image-07
 Demonstrates the material's translucent properties that screen but do not conceal the parking garage.



Images-08 and 09
Federal Reserve Bank in St. Louis, MO.
Demonstrates the material's relative neutrality and
compatibility within a historic brick context.

