STRUCTURAL GENERAL NOTES New Building 62 India St. Portland, ME International Building Code; IBC 2009 Edition, except as noted Occupancy Category, Table 1604.5 Ground Snow. Flat Roof Snow, Snow Exposure Factor Ce Table 1608.3.1 Snow importance Factor, Is Table 1604.5

60 psf (used for drifting calculations) Snow Thermal Factor, Ct Table 1608.3.2 1.0 Corridors & Public Spaces 100 psf 100 psf Commercial 1st floor Lateral Wind IBC 1603.1.4, ASCE 7-05 Analytic Method 100 mph 3 Second Gust Velocity Importance Factor Building Category and Internal Pressure Coefficient IBC 1609.2, ASCE Figure 6-5 Enclosed GCpi=0.55 Components and Cladding Pressures DP 35psf uno. Also see arch. Seismic Use Group Importance Factor Spectral Response Coefficient Acceleration 0.314 gShort Period $S_{DS} = 0.324 g$ One Second 0.077 g $S_{D1} = 0.123 g$

Table 1615.1.1 D

Table 1616.3 E

Basic Force Resisting System, Table 1617.6.2

Seismic Response Coefficient Cs

Response Modification Coefficient R

FOUNDATION DESIGN:

Soils Site Class

Design Category

Design Base Shear

Analysis Procedure

See geotechnical report by GSI w/ Project No. 212234A, dated March 29, 2016

Soils engineer shall verify soil conditions and types during excavation and prior to concret, at spacing shown on drawings.

Equivalent Lateral Force

Design of footings is based on subgrade improvements described in the geotech report. REINFORCED CONCRETE:

We encourage the use of blast furnace slag. Design is based on "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete" (ACI 318). Concrete work shall conform to "Standard 2 geo as located on architectural drawings or

specifications for Structural C	oncrete	(ACI 301	.9).				
Structural concrete shall ha	ave the fol	lowing p	roperties:				
Intended Use	f'c, psi	Max	Maximum	Slump	Entrained Air	Cement	Admixtures,
	28day	W/C	Aggregate	inches	Percent	Type	Comments
		Ratio			±1.5%		
footings	3,500	.6	³⁄₄" Stone	4		I/II	
walls	4,000	.45	3/4" Stone	4	6%	I/II	
struct slab on deck	4,000	.5	3/4" Stone	4		I/II	6x6 – W2.1xW2.1 W.F.F.
formed struct slab	4,000	.45	¾" Stone	4	3%	I/II	
exterior slab on grade	4,500	.45	³¼" Stone	4	6%	I/II	
interior slabs on grade	3,500	.5	³¼²° Stone	4		I/II	Fibermesh
beams, columns	4,000	.45	3/4" Stone	4	6%	I/II	

Detailing, fabrication, and placement of reinforcing steel shall be in accordance with the Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing

Reinforced Concrete Structures (ACI 315). Welded wire fabric shall conform to ASTM A185.

Reinforcing bars shall conform to ASTM A615.

except ties or bars shown to be field-bent, which shall be Grade 40. Epoxy coated reinforcing bars shall conform to ASTM 775 Zinc coated (galvanized) reinforcing bars shall conform to ASTM 767.

Bars to be welded shall conform to ASTM 706. At splices, lap bars 50 diameters unless noted otherwise.

At corners and intersections, make horizontal bars continuous or provide matching corner bars.

Around openings in walls and slabs, provide 2-#5, extending 2'-0 beyond edge of opening. In continuous members, splice top bars at mid-span and splice bottom bars over supports.

Provide intermittent shear keys at all construction joints and elsewhere as shown on the drawings.

Except as noted on the drawings, concrete protection for reinforcement in cast-in-place concrete shall be as follows: a. Cast against and permanently exposed to earth 3" b. Exposed to earth or weather:

#6 through #18 bars #5 bar, W31 or D31 wire, and smaller c. Not exposed to weather or in contact with ground: Slabs, walls, joists: #11 bar and smaller Beams, columns: 1-1/2" Primary reinforcement

Stirrups, ties, spirals Fibremesh admixture shall be 100% virgin polypropylene, fibrillated fibers as manufactured by Fibremesh Co. per ASTM C-1116 type 111 4.1.3 and ASTM C-1116 performance level one, 1.5 lbs per cubic yard of concrete.

Anchor bolts and rods for beam and column-bearing plates shall be placed with setting templates. Permanent corrugated steel forms for concrete floor slabs shall be manufactured and erected according to the "Specifications and Code of Standard Practice" of the Steel Deck Institute. All concrete work is subject to inspection by a qualified special inspector employed by the owner in accordance with IBC Section

STRUCTURAL WOOD FRAMING:

In-Grade Base Values have been used for design. 2x framing shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better unless noted. All lumber shall be 19% maximum moisture content, unless noted. Solid timber beams and posts shall be Douglas Fir-Larch No. 1.

Studs shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better.

Columns must have a continuous load path to foundation.

Top and bottom plates shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better. Wood in contact with concrete shall be pressure-treated Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 or Southern Yellow Pine.

Conventional light framing shall comply with IBC Section 2308.

Except as noted otherwise, minimum nailing shall be provided as specified in IBC Table 2304.9.1 "Fastening Schedule." All plywood and oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing shall be engineered grades with APA grade stamp indicating appropriate

Roof sheathing: minimum 5/8" CDX plywood, or 5/8" OSB, APA 32/16, nailed. Wall sheathing: 1/2" CDX plywood or 7/16" OSB, APA 24/16, blocked and nailed.

Floor sheathing: nominal 3/4", APA Sturd-i-floor @ 24 inch o.c. tongue & groove glued and nailed.

Nail wall sheathing with 8d commons at 4" o.c. at panel edges, and 12" o.c. at intermediate framing except as noted. Sheath all exterior walls. Sheath interior walls as shown on the drawings. Block and nail all sheathing panel edges between studs. Sheathing shall be continuous from bottom plate to top plate. Cut in "L" and "T" shapes around openings. Lap sheathing over rim

joists min. 4" at all floors to tie upper and lower stud walls together. Minimum height of sheathing panels shall be 16" to assure that plates are tied to studs.

Minimum 3-8d per stud and nail plates with "edge nail" spacing.

Sole plate at all perimeter walls and at designated shear walls shall be nailed as for braced panels with 3-16d x 3 1/2" long box nails (coated or deformed shank) per 16". 12d nails are not acceptable.

Provide solid blocking between joists under jamb studs of openings. Pre-engineered, prefabricated trusses shall be designed for the fabricator by a Professional Engineer Registered in the State of construction, and shall comply with Code Requirements.

Truss to truss connections specified shall be by truss supplier, unless specifically noted on the drawings. Lower chord of gable end trusses shall be anchored to wall plate with framing anchors at 4'-0 spacing and laterally braced to roof framing at 8'-0 spacing.

Truss supplier shall specify all floor and roof truss bracing and bridging. All roof rafters, joists, trusses, and beams shall be anchored to supports with metal framing anchors.

Light gage framing anchors shown or required, shall be Simpson "Strong Tie" or equal Code approved connectors and installed with the number and type of nails recommended by the manufacturer to develop the rated capacity.

Note that heavy-duty hangers and skewed hangers may not be stocked locally and require special order from the factory. All beams and trusses shall be braced against rotation at points of bearing. Unless otherwise indicated, install two lengths of solid blocking x joist depth x 12 inches long in floor framing under column loads.

Lead holes for lag screws shall be drilled in accordance with Table 6.23 of the AITC Timber Construction Manual, 3rd edition.

STRUCTURAL STEEL: Structural steel shall be detailed, fabricated, and erected in accordance with latest AISC Specifications, and Code of Standard Practice.

Structural steel wide flange beams shall conform to ASTM A992. Except as noted, framed beam connections shall be bearing-type with 3/4" diameter, snug tight, A490-N bolts, detailed in conformance with Part 4, Tables II and III, for 0.6 times the allowable uniform loads tabulated in Part 2 of the AISC Manual, 9th Edition. Install

bolts in accordance with AISC "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts". All beams shall have full depth web stiffeners each side of webs above and below columns

Anchor rods shall conform to ASTM F1554, Grade 55), with weldability supplement S1. Headed anchor studs (HAS) shall be attached to structural steel with equipment approved by the stud manufacturer according to the stud manufacturer's recommendations

Welding shall be done by a certified welder in accordance with AISC and AWS specifications and recommendations using E70electrodes. Where not specifically noted, minimum weld shall be 3/16" fillet by length of contact edge.

All post-installed anchors shall have current National Evaluation Report, and shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements. Expansion anchors shall be approved "wedge" type unless specifically noted to be "sleeve" type.

Chemical anchors shall be approved epoxy or similar adhesive type and shall have current National Evaluation Report. Where base material is not solid, approved screen tubes shall be used. Grout beneath column base and beam-bearing plates shall be

minimum 28-day compressive strength of 7,500 psi, approved pre-bagged, non-metallic, non-gaseous, bleed free, non-shrink, when tested in accordance with ASTM C1107 Grade B or C at a flow cone fluid consistency of 20 to 30 seconds STRUCTURAL MASONRY:

Design is based on Unit Strength Method MSJC, Section SC-1.4 B.2. Compressive strength of masonry assembly used for design is 1500 psi, based on net-bedded area. Hollow load-bearing concrete masonry (CMU) shall be medium-weight units conforming to ASTM C90,

Grade N1, minimum compressive strength 1,900 psi based on average net area. Mortar shall be Type S conforming to ASTM C270.

Masonry cement shall not be used. Provide full shoved mortar in all head and bed joints.

Admixtures shall not be added for any reason unless approved by the Architect.

Except for lintels, bond beam units shall be produced from standard vertically voided units with pre-cut knockout cross walls. Grout used in masonry walls and block cells shall be:

coarse grout, as defined by ASTM C476, with a minimum cube strength = 2,000 psi. 3000 psi concrete using 3/8" diameter aggregate. placed by vibrating unless an approved self consolidating mix is used Lifts shall not exceed five feet in height

If grout pour height exceeds 5 feet, clean-out holes shall be provided. Space continuous horizontal joint reinforcing at 16" maximum in all CMU walls.

Joint reinforcing shall be welded type with 9 gage side-wires and 9 gage trussed or ladder cross wires. Reinforcing bars shall be as for reinforced concrete except as noted.

At splices, lap bars 48 diameters. Provide reinforced grouted vertical cells

at corners, ends of walls, jambs of openings, each side of vertical control joints, and

by wire bar locators or other suitable devices at intervals not exceeding 200 bar diameters or 10 feet.

Where noted on the drawings, provide clearance between masonry and structural elements, or

wrap steel with polyethylene film. Provide vertical control joints in all masonry walls

at 25'-0 maximum spacing.

at both jambs of openings wider than six feet.

Certificates for materials used in masonry construction indicating compliance with the contract documents Special Inspection is required by design. See Special Inspection Notes.

MSJC Level 2 Quality Assurance, MSJC Table 1.14.2 Prism and grout tests will be required prior to the start of masonry work shall consist of five (5) masonry prisms.

Test specimens shall be made by the masons, at the direction of the owner's representative,

with materials and techniques currently being used in the wall. Specimens shall be protected and field cured for 48 hours before being transported to a testing agency.

The testing agent will be hired by the owner and shall be responsible for laboratory care and curing of specimens, testing, and reporting results to the owner, contractor, architect, and engineer in accordance with ASTM E447-92

LOOSE LINTELS:

Unless noted otherwise, provide galvanized loose lintels as follows: (One angle for each 4" of wall thickness to bear 6" min each end). Angle 3-1/2 x 3-1/2 x 1/4

Openings 4'-1 to 5'-4: Angle 5 x 3-1/2 x 1/4 Openings 5'-5 to 6'-6: Angle 6 x 3-1/2 x 5/16 Openings 6'-7 to 12'-0 1/2": Angle 7 x 4 x 3/8

SHOP DRAWINGS: Construction Documents are copyrighted and shall not be copied for use as erection plans or shop details. Use of SI Inc.'s electronic files as base for shop drawings requires prior approval by SI Inc,

signed release of liability by subcontractor, payment of an administration fee of \$100 per drawing sheet to SI Inc. and deletion of SI Inc's name and Logo from all sheets so used.

The General Contractor and his subcontractors shall submit in writing any requests to modify the plans or specifications. All shop and erection drawings shall be checked and stamped by the General Contractor prior to submission for Engineer's review. Submittals not reviewed by the contract submittals will be returned without review.

Furnish one (1) reproducible and two (2) prints of shop and erection drawings to the Structural Engineer for review prior to fabrication for concrete reinforcing steel, masonry reinforcing steel, structural steel and wood trusses. Submit in a timely manner to permit ten (10) working days for review.

Shop drawings submitted for review do not constitute "in writing" unless specific suggested changes are clearly marked. In any event, such changes by means of the shop drawing submittal process become the responsibility of the one initiating such change.

Contractor shall thoroughly inspect and survey existing structure to verify conditions that affect the work shown on the drawings. Contractor shall report any variations or discrepancies to the Architect before proceeding.

STRUCTURAL ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS:

The structural drawings illustrate the completed structure with elements in their final positions, properly supported and braced. These construction documents contain typical and representative details to assist the contractor. Details shown apply at all similar conditions unless otherwise indicated.

Although due diligence has been applied to make the drawings as complete as possible, not every detail is illustrated, nor is every exceptional condition addressed. All proprietary connections shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations.

The general contractor is responsible for coordination of all work, including layout and dimension verification, materials coordination, shop drawing review, and the work of subcontractors. Any discrepancies or omissions discovered in the course of the work shall be immediately reported to the architect for resolution.

All work shall be accomplished in a workmanlike manner and in accordance with the applicable code and local ordinances.

Continuation of work without notification of discrepancies relieves the architect and engineer from all consequences. Unless otherwise specifically indicated, the drawings do not describe methods of construction. The contractor, in the proper sequence, shall perform or supervise all work necessary to achieve the final completed structure, and to protect the structure, workmen, and others during construction.

Such work shall include, but not be limited to, bracing, shoring for construction equipment, shoring for excavation, formwork, scaffolding, safety devices and programs of all kinds, support and bracing for cranes and other erection equipment. Do not backfill against basement or retaining walls until supporting slabs and floor framing are in place and securely anchored, unless

Temporary bracing shall remain in place until all floors, walls, roofs and any other supporting elements are in place. The architect and engineer bear no responsibility for the above items, and observation visits to the site do not in any way include

inspection of them. PLANT FABRICATED / PRE-ENGINEERED WOOD FRAMING:

Trussed floor joists and roof joists shall be designed and stamped by a registered engineer to support the full dead loads and the superimposed design loads noted on the drawings. Stresses shall not exceed those listed in the NDS. 15% stress increase may not be used.

Web arrangement and member forces shall be determined by the fabricator. Manufacture and installation of trusses shall comply with ANSI/TPI 1 "National Design Standard for Metal-Plate-Connected Wood Truss Construction", TPI HIB "Commentary and Recommendations for Handling Installing and Bracing Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses",

TPI DSB "Recommended Design Specification for Temporary Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses". Calculations and shop drawings, including member sizes, lumber species and grades, and substantiating data for connector capacities, shall be submitted to the Architect and Engineer for review prior to fabrication.

E = 1900 ksi

Manufactured "I"-series roof and floor joists shall be by TJI/ILevel, LPI, BCI, NJI, OJ with structural wood flanges and webs, and carry Code approval for the composite section. Bridging and blocking shall be installed according to the fabricator's requirements. Shop drawings shall be submitted to the Architect for review prior to fabrication.

Beams noted as LVL on plan shall be 1-3/4" wide Laminated Veneer Lumber beams of the depth noted on plan Shall be plant-fabricated and manufactured by I Level, Shall have the following minimum allowable design stresses: Fb = 2600 psi Fv = 285 psi Fc (||) = 2460 psi Fc(\perp) = 750 psi

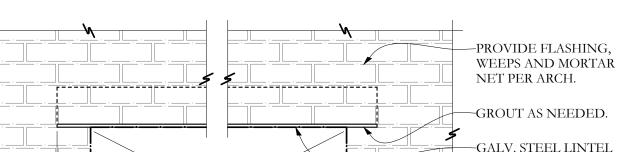
Beams noted as PSL on plan shall be plant-fabricated Manufactured by I Level, and have the following minimum allowable design stresses: Fb = 2900 psi Fv = 290 psi Fc ($\|$) = 2900 psi Fc(\bot) = 750 psi E = 2000 ksi

FACE OF SEMBED P ∕3/4"Ø BOLTS IN SHORT SLOTTED HOLES PER SCHEDULE AND GENERAL NOTES EMBED P CONC. OR CMU WALL 3/4" Ø BOLTS PER SCHEDULE AND 3/8" CAP WELDED GEN NOTES. TO TOP OF COLS <u>√</u> 3/8" ₽ WIDE FLANGE BEAMS SEE PLAN FOR SIZE TS COLUMN, SEE AND ELEVATION PLAN FOR SIZE [3/8" TAB W/ A325N] STD. HOOK-

SINGLE-PLATE SHEAR CONNECTION SCHEDULE							
BM. SIZE	# OF 3/4"Ø BOLTS	L (in.)	CONN CAP. (kips)				
W8, W10	2	6	16.3				
W12, W14	3	9	25.6				
W16	4	12	34.8				
W18	5	15	43.5				
W21	6	18	51.6				
W24	7	21	59.7				
TYPICAL SINGLE PLATE SHEAR CONNECTION							

(PROVIDE SIMILAR BOLTING AT BEAM-TO-BEAM CONNECTION) *STEEL FABRICATOR TO PROVIDE DESIGN AND CALCS FOR COPES ETC.

PER SCHEDULE



@ 16" O.C. -TYP UNO ON PLAN.

AMB EXTENSION

4'-1 TO 5'-4 L5x 3 1/2 x 1/4 5'-5 TO 6'-6 L6x 3 1/2 x 5/16 * FOR OPENINGS GREATER THAN LISTED, SEE PLAN.

LINTEL PER WYTHE

- JAMB EXT.

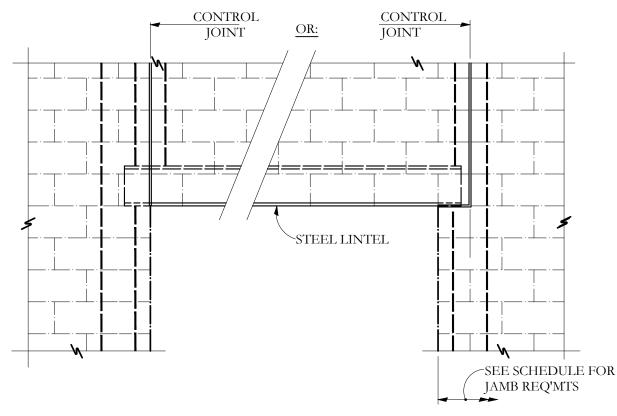
DPENING SIZE*

ER SCHEDULE

LESS THAN 4'-0 | L3 1/2x 3 1/2x 1/4

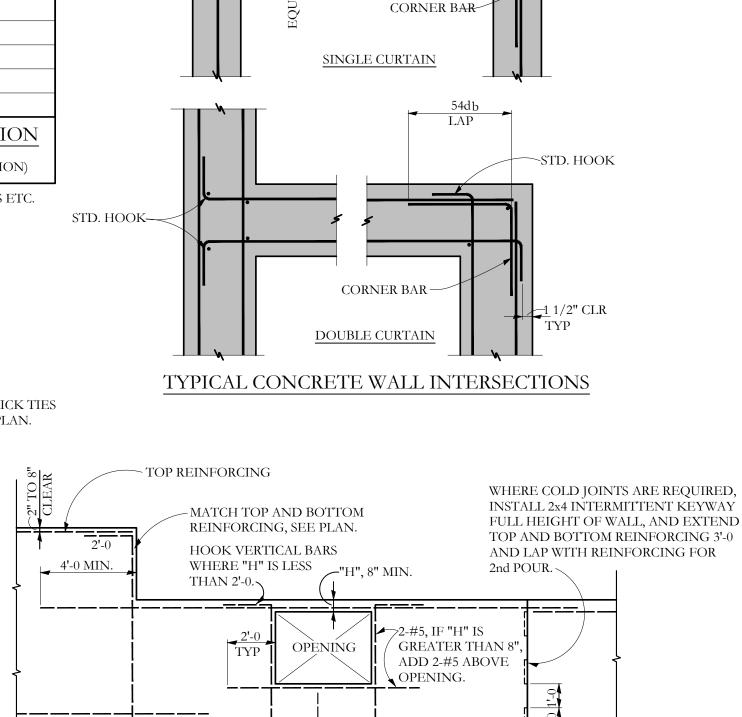
** ALL TEMPORARY SHORING BY G.C. -TYP.

LINTEL INSTALLATION IN BRICK VENEER



	OPENING SIZE	LINTEL SIZE	GROUTED JAMB WIDTH
	LESS THAN 4'-0	L 3-1/2" x 3-1/2" x 1/4"	8"
	4'-0" TO 5'-4"	L 5" x 3-1/2" x 1/4"	8"
	5'-5" TO 6'-6"	L 6" x 3-1/2" x 5/16"	1'-4"
* Mir	nimum lintel except as	noted, one angle for each 4" of	f wall thickness to bear 6" each er

TYPICAL LOOSE LINTEL INSTALLATION



SUGGESTED GYPCRETE PROCEDURE TO REDUCE GYPSOM

. HABG GYP AS DESIRED WITHOUT TAPING AND MUDDING

JOINT LOCATION

CONTROL JOINT

CONSTRUCTION IOINT

TYPICAL IOINTS AT INTERIOR SLAB-ON-GRADE

*SAW CUT JOINTS W/ GREEN SAW WITHIN 18 to 24 HRS -TYP UNO

SEE PLAN

SAWCUT JOINT 1/3 DEPTH +/-

CONCRETE SLAB-ON-GRADE

AS REQUIRED IN SOILS REPORT, SEE PLAN

ON PREPARED SUB-GRADE

SEE PLAN

SEE PLAN

CRACKS DUE TO DEFLECTION

. POUR GYPCRETE TOP FLOOR DOWN.

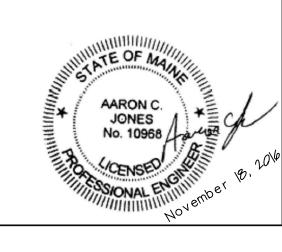
CONTINUOUS FORMED

2x4 KEY AT MID-DEPTH

. MUD AND TAPE ONCE COMPLETE

BOTTOM REINFORCING DOWELS - SEE PLANS -FOOTING - SEE PLANS FOR REINFORCING. TYPICAL REINFORCING AT STEPS AND OPENINGS

Structural Drawing Index			
S-1.0	General Notes, Etc.		
S-1.1	Foundation/First Floor Plan		
S-1.1D	Foundation Dimension Plan		
S-1.2	Second Floor Framing Plan		
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S-1.5	Roof Framing Plan		
S-2.1	Sections		
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S-2.3	Sections		
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S-2.6	Sections		



PROJECT NO. 16-0022