## STRUCTURAL GENERAL NOTES

International Building Code; IBC 2009 Edition, except as noted Occupancy Category, Table 1604.5

Standard Roofs: 60 psf (used for drifting calculations) Ground Snow, Snow Exposure Factor Ce Table 1608.3.1 1.0 Snow importance Factor. Is Table 1604.5 Snow Thermal Factor, Ct Table 1608.3.2 1.0 Residential Lateral Wind IBC 1603.1.4, ASCE 7-05

Analytic Method 3 Second Gust Velocity 100 mph Importance Factor Building Category and Internal Pressure Coefficient IBC 1609.2, ASCE Figure 6-5 Enclosed Exposure

\* Foundations are designed without an engineer's soil investigation. Foundation design criteria was assumed for purposes of foundation design and shall be confirmed by a soils engineer, at owner's expense, prior to construction. (This procedure may require revisions to foundation design, at additional expense to the owner, if soils engineer determines that such design criteria are inappropriate for this

\* Footings shall be placed on undisturbed natural soil or compacted fill tested and approved by soils engineer.

\* Maximum design soil pressure: 1,500 psf

## REINFORCED CONCRETE:

We encourage the use of blast furnace slag.

Design is based on "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete" (ACI 318). Concrete work shall conform to "Standard Specifications for Structural Concrete" (ACI 3019).

Structural concrete shall have the following properties:												
Intended Use	f'c, psi	Max	Maximum Slump Entrained		Entrained Air	Cement	Admixtures,					
	28day	W/C	Aggregate	inches	Percent	Туре	Comments					
		Ratio			$\pm 1.5\%$							
footings	3,500	.6	3/4" Stone	4		I/II						
walls	4,000	.45	³/₄'' Stone	4	6%	I/II						
struct slab on deck	4,000	.5	3/4" Stone	4		I/II	6x6 – W2.1xW2.1 W.F.F.					
formed struct slab	4,000	.45	³/₄'' Stone	4	3%	I/II						
exterior slab on grade	4,500	.45	³/₄" Stone	4	6%	I/II						
interior slabs on grade	3,500	.5	³/₄°° Stone	4		I/II	Fibermesh					
beams, columns	4,000	.45	³/₄" Stone	4	6%	I/II						

Detailing, fabrication, and placement of reinforcing steel shall be in accordance with the Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Reinforced Concrete Structures (ACI 315).

Welded wire fabric shall conform to ASTM A185.

Reinforcing bars shall conform to ASTM A615, Grade 60,

except ties or bars shown to be field-bent, which shall be Grade 40.

Epoxy coated reinforcing bars shall conform to ASTM 775.

Zinc coated (galvanized) reinforcing bars shall conform to ASTM 767.

Bars to be welded shall conform to ASTM 706.

At splices, lap bars 50 diameters unless noted otherwise.

At corners and intersections, make horizontal bars continuous or provide matching corner bars. Around openings in walls and slabs, provide 2-#5, extending 2'-0 beyond edge of opening.

In continuous members, splice top bars at mid-span and splice bottom bars over supports.

Provide intermittent shear keys at all construction joints and elsewhere as shown on the drawings.

Except as noted on the drawings, concrete protection for reinforcement in cast-in-place concrete shall be as follows:

a. Cast against and permanently exposed to earth 3"

b. Exposed to earth or weather: #6 through #18 bars 1-1/2" #5 bar, W31 or D31 wire, and smaller c. Not exposed to weather or in contact with ground: 3/4" Slabs, walls, joists: #11 bar and smaller Beams, columns: 1-1/2" Primary reinforcement

Stirrups, ties, spirals Fibremesh admixture shall be 100% virgin polypropylene, fibrillated fibers as manufactured by Fibremesh Co. per ASTM C-1116 type 111 4.1.3 and ASTM C-1116 performance level one, 1.5 lbs per cubic yard of concrete.

Anchor bolts and rods for beam and column-bearing plates shall be placed with setting templates. Permanent corrugated steel forms for concrete floor slabs shall be manufactured and erected according to the "Specifications and Code

1-1/2"

of Standard Practice" of the Steel Deck Institute. All concrete work is subject to inspection by a qualified special inspector employed by the owner in accordance with IBC Section STRUCTURAL STEEL:

Structural steel shall be detailed, fabricated, and erected in accordance with latest AISC Specifications, and Code of Standard Practice. Structural steel wide flange beams shall conform to ASTM A992.

Except as noted, framed beam connections shall be bearing-type with 3/4" diameter, snug tight, A325-N bolts, detailed in conformance

with Part 4, Tables II and III, for 0.6 times the allowable uniform loads tabulated in Part 2 of the AISC Manual, 9th Edition. Install bolts in accordance with AISC "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts".

All beams shall have full depth web stiffeners each side of webs above and below columns -typ. Anchor rods shall conform to ASTM F1554, Grade 55), with weldability supplement S1.

Headed anchor studs (HAS) shall be attached to structural steel with equipment approved by the stud manufacturer according to the stud manufacturer's recommendations.

Welding shall be done by a certified welder in accordance with AISC and AWS specifications and recommendations using E70electrodes. Where not specifically noted, minimum weld shall be 3/16" fillet by length of contact edge. All post-installed anchors shall have current National Evaluation Report, and shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's

requirements.

Expansion anchors shall be approved "wedge" type unless specifically noted to be "sleeve" type. Chemical anchors shall be approved epoxy or similar adhesive type and shall have current National Evaluation Report. Where base material is not solid, approved screen tubes shall be used.

Grout beneath column base and beam-bearing plates shall be minimum 28-day compressive strength of 7,500 psi, approved pre-bagged, non-metallic, non-gaseous, bleed free, non-shrink, when tested in accordance with ASTM C1107

Grade B or C at a flow cone fluid consistency of 20 to 30 seconds

STRUCTURAL WOOD FRAMING:

In-Grade Base Values have been used for design.

2x framing shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better unless noted. All lumber shall be 19% maximum moisture content, unless noted.

Solid timber beams and posts shall be Douglas Fir-Larch No. 1.

Studs shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better.

Top and bottom plates shall be Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 and better. Wood in contact with concrete shall be pressure-treated Spruce-Pine-Fir S4S No. 2 or Southern Yellow Pine.

Conventional light framing shall comply with IBC Section 2308.

Except as noted otherwise, minimum nailing shall be provided as specified in IBC Table 2304.9.1 "Fastening Schedule."

ALL PLYWOOD SHEATHING SHALL BE OSB SHEATHING AND SHALL BE APA GRADED WITH PANEL IDENTIFICATION INDEX, THICKNESS, AND NAILING AS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS,

Nail wall sheathing with 8d commons at 4" o.c. at panel edges, and 12" o.c. at intermediate framing except as noted. SHEATH ALL EXTERIOR WALLS. SHEATH INTERIOR WALLS AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. BLOCK AND NAIL

ALL EDGES BETWEEN STUDS. Sheathing shall be continuous from bottom plate to top plate. Cut in "L" and "T" shapes around openings. Lap sheathing over rim

joists min. 4" at all floors to tie upper and lower stud walls together. Minimum height of sheathing panels shall be 16" to assure that plates are tied to studs. Minimum 3-8d per stud and nail plates with "edge nail" spacing.

Sole plate at all perimeter walls and at designated shear walls shall be nailed as for braced panels with 3-16d x 3 1/2" long box nails (coated or deformed shank) per 16". 12d nails are not acceptable.

Provide solid blocking between joists under jamb studs of openings. Pre-engineered, prefabricated trusses shall be designed for the fabricator by a Professional Engineer Registered in the State of construction, and shall comply with Code Requirements.

Truss to truss connections specified shall be by truss supplier, unless specifically noted on the drawings. Lower chord of gable end trusses shall be anchored to wall plate with framing anchors at 4'-0 spacing and laterally braced to roof framing at 8'-0 spacing.

Truss supplier shall specify all floor and roof truss bracing and bridging. All roof rafters, joists, trusses, and beams shall be anchored to supports with metal framing anchors.

Light gage framing anchors shown or required, shall be Simpson "Strong Tie" or equal Code approved connectors and installed with the number and type of nails recommended by the manufacturer to develop the rated capacity.

Note that heavy-duty hangers and skewed hangers may not be stocked locally and require special order from the factory.

All beams and trusses shall be braced against rotation at points of bearing. Unless otherwise indicated, install two lengths of solid blocking x joist depth x 12 inches long in floor framing under column loads.

Columns must have a continuous load path to foundation. Lead holes for lag screws shall be drilled in accordance with Table 6.23 of the AITC Timber Construction Manual, 3rd edition.

			ABBREVIA	TION	S KEY		
AB	Anchor Rod (Bolt)	EF	Each Face	MACH	Machine	SC	Slip Critical
ADDL	Additional	EJ	Expansion Joint	MASY	Masonry	SCH	Schedule
ADJ	Adjustable	ELEV	Elevation	MATL	Material	SDST	Self Drilling Self Tappir
AFF	Above Finished Floor	ELEC	Electric (Electrical)	MAX	Maximum	SECT	Section
ALT	Alternate	ENGR	Engineer	MB	Machine bolt	SF	Square Feet
AMT	Amount	EQ	Equal	MECH	Mechanical	SHT	Sheet
ANCH	Anchor, Anchorage	EQUIP	Equipment	MEZZ	Mezzanine	SHTG	Sheathing
APPROX	Approximate	EQUIV	Equivalent	MFR	Manufacture, -er, -ed	SIM	Similar
ARCH	Architect, -ural	ES	Each Side	MIN	Minimum	SLH	Short Leg Horizontal
ATR	All Thread Rod	EST	Estimate	ML	Microllam	SLV	Short Leg Vertical
AVG	Average	E-W	East to West		(Trus-joist brand LVL)	SOG	Slab on Grade
BC	Bottom of Concrete	EXC	Excavate	МО	Masonry Opening	SP	Spaces
BL	Brick Ledge	EXP	Expansion	MTL	Metal	SPEC	Specifications
BLK	Block	EXT	Exterior	NF	Near Face	SQ	Square
BLKG	Blocking	FND	Foundation	NIC	Not In Contract	ST	Snug Tight
BM	Beam	FF	Far Face, Finished Floor	NS	Near Side	STD	Standard
ВОТ	Bottom	F-F	Face to Face	N-S	North to South	STIFF	Stiffener
BRG	Bearing	FIG	Figure	NTS	Not to Scale	STL	Steel
BW	Bottom of Wall	FL	Flush	OCJ	OSHA Column Joist	STRUCT	Structure, -al
СВ	Counterbore	FLG	Flange	OD	Outside Diameter	SUPT	Support
CF	Cubic Foot	FLR	Floor	OF	Outside Face	SY	Square Yard
CG	Center of Gravity	FO	Face of	ОН	Opposite Hand	SYM	Symmetrical
CIP	Cast in Place	FP	Full Penetration	OPNG	Opening	T&B	Top and Bottom
CJ	Construction Joint	FS	Far Side	OPP	Opposite	T&G	Tongue and Groove
	(Control Joint)	FTG	Footing	OSB	Oriented Strand Board	ТВ	Top of Beam
CLG	Ceiling	GA	Gage (Gauge)	PAF	Powder Actuated Fast'n	TC	Top of Concrete
CLR	Clear	GALV	Galvanized	PC	Precast	TD	Top of Deck
CM	Construction Manager	GC	General Contractor	PCF	Pounds Per Cubic Foot	THD	Thread
	(Management)	GEN	General	PEN	Penetration	THK	Thick, -ness
CMU	Concrete Masonry Unit	GL	Glue laminated (Glulam)	PERP	Perpendicular	TJ	Top of Joist
COL	Column	GND	Ground	PL	Property Line	TL	Total Load
COM	Common	GR	Grade	PLF	Pounds per Linear Foot	TPG	Topping
COMB	Combination	GT	Girder Truss	PNL	Panel	TRANS	Transverse
CONC	Concrete	GYP BD	Gypsum Board	PP	Panel Point	TW	Top of Wall
CONN	Connection	HAS	Headed Anchor Stud	PS	Prestressed	TYP	Typical
CONT	Continue (Continuous)	HORIZ	Horizontal	PSF	Pounds per Square Foo	ULT	Ultimate
COORD	Coordinate, -tion	НТ	Height	PSI	Pounds per Square Inch	UNO	Unless Noted Otherw
CS	Countersink	ID	Inside Diameter	PSL	Parallel Strand Lumber	VERT	Vertical
CTR	Center	IF	Inside Face		(generic term)	VIF	Verify in Field
CY	Cubic Yard	INT	Interior (Intermediate)	PT (1)	Post Tensioned	WA	Wedge Anchor
DAB	Deformed Anchor Bar	JB	Joist Bearing	PT (2)	Pressure Treated	WP	Work Point
DET	Detail	JST	Joist	PTN	Partition	WT	Weight
DEV	Develop	JT	Joint	PWD	Plywood	WWF	Welded Wire Fabric
DIAG	Diagonal	K	Kip (1,000 lbs.)	QTY	Quantity	XS	Extra Strong
DIM	Dimension	LD	Load	R	Radius	XSECT	Cross-section
DL	Dead Load	LL	Live Load	RE	Reference (refer to)	XXS	Double Extra Strong
DN	Down	LLH	Long Leg Horizontal	RECT	Rectangle		
DP	Drilled Pier	LLV	Long Leg Vertical	REINF	Reinforce, -ed, -ing	(E)	Existing
DT	Double Tee	LOC	Location	REQ	Required	(N)	New
DWG	Drawing	LSL	Laminated Strand	<u> </u>	Requirement	(R)	Remove
DWL	Dowel		Lumber (generic term)	RET	Retaining	1	
EA	Each	LT	Light	RM	Room	1	
ECC	Eccentric	LVL	Laminated Veneer	RMO	Rough Masonry Opening		
		1 1	Lumber (generic term)	I	permis	4 H	+

TREE1 MAINE N N ORTALND, I SIDE 5 9 207-650-6414 senatorearchitecture.com CONSULTANTS: STRUCTURAL:



© 2015 RYAN SENATORE

ARCHITECTURE

Structural Integrity 77 Oak Street Portland, ME 04101 207-774-4614

**REVISIONS:** 

PERMIT SET DATE: 5 Febuary, 2016

PROJECT No. DRAWN BY:

CHECKED BY: SCALE:

SHEET TITLE:

77 Oak Street

Portland, ME, 04101 p. 207-774-4614 f. 866-793-7835 www.structuralinteg.com BUILD WITH CONFIDENCE  $\hbox{@ 2012}$  Structural Integrity Consulting Engineers, Inc.

AARON C. **JONES** SI # 15-0242

AS NOTE GENERAL NOTES ETC.