

City of Portland, Maine - Building or Use Permit Application

389 Congress Street, 04101 Tel: (207) 874-8703, Fax: (207) 874-8716

Permit No: 10-1226	Issue Date:	CBL: 016 J017001
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Location of Construction: 29 Waterville St	Owner Name: Waterville Triad Llc	Owner Address: 17 Chestnut St	Phone:
Business Name:	Contractor Name: Grover Contracting	Contractor Address: 51 Burnham Drive Naples	Phone: 2075777282
Lessee/Buyer's Name	Phone:	Permit Type: HVAC	Zone: R-6

Past Use: Residential - 3 condominium DU	Proposed Use: Residential/ 3 condominium DU/ Install three (3) vented Renew Aire range hoods on the first, second and third floors	Permit Fee: \$190.00	Cost of Work: \$16,500.00	CEO District: 1	Small lot
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FIRE DEPT: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Denied * See Condition	INSPECTION: Use Group R-2 Type: HOME IMC-2003
Signature: <i>KG</i>	Signature: <i>JMB 10/18/10</i>

Proposed Project Description:
Install three (3) vented Renew Aire range hoods on the first, second and third floors

PEDESTRIAN ACTIVITIES DISTRICT (P.A.D.)

Action: Approved Approved w/Conditions Denied

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Permit Taken By: <i>EG</i>	Date Applied For: 09/30/2010	Zoning Approval	
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<p>1. This permit application does not preclude the Applicant(s) from meeting applicable State and Federal Rules.</p> <p>2. Building permits do not include plumbing, septic or electrical work.</p> <p>3. Building permits are void if work is not started within six (6) months of the date of issuance. False information may invalidate a building permit and stop all work.</p>	<p>Special Zone or Reviews</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Shoreland</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Wetland</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Flood Zone</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Subdivision</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Site Plan</p> <p>Maj <input type="checkbox"/> Minor <input type="checkbox"/> MM <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Date: <i>10/1/10</i></p>	<p>Zoning Appeal</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Variance</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Conditional Use</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Interpretation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Approved</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Denied</p> <p>Date: _____</p>	<p>Historic Preservation</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not in District or Landmark</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Does Not Require Review</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Requires Review</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Approved</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Approved w/Conditions</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Denied</p> <p>Date: <i>S</i></p>
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PERMIT ISSUED

OCT 18 2010

City of Portland

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that I am the owner of record of the named property, or that the proposed work is authorized by the owner of record and that I have been authorized by the owner to make this application as his authorized agent and I agree to conform to all applicable laws of this jurisdiction. In addition, if a permit for work described in the application is issued, I certify that the code official's authorized representative shall have the authority to enter all areas covered by such permit at any reasonable hour to enforce the provision of the code(s) applicable to such permit.

City of Portland, Maine - Building or Use Permit

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Permit No: 10-1226	Date Applied For: 09/30/2010	CBL: 016 J017001
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Location of Construction: 29 Waterville St	Owner Name: Waterville Triad Llc	Owner Address: 17 Chestnut St	Phone:
Business Name:	Contractor Name: Grover Contracting	Contractor Address: 51 Burnham Drive Naples	Phone: (207) 577-7282
Lessee/Buyer's Name	Phone:	Permit Type: HVAC	

Proposed Use: Residential/ 3 condominium DU/ Install three (3) vented Renew Aire range hoods and 3 ERV units on the first, second and third floors	Proposed Project Description: Install three (3) vented Renew Aire range hoods and 3 ERV units on the first, second and third floors
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Dept: Zoning	Status: Approved with Conditions	Reviewer: Marge Schmuckal	Approval Date: 10/01/2010
Note:	Ok to Issue: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
<p>1) Separate permits shall be required for future decks, sheds, pools, and/or garages.</p> <p>2) This is NOT an approval for an additional dwelling unit. You SHALL NOT add any additional kitchen equipment including, but not limited to items such as stoves, microwaves, refrigerators, or kitchen sinks, etc. Without special approvals.</p> <p>3) This property shall remain a three family condominium building. Any change of use shall require a separate permit application for review and approval.</p> <p>4) This permit is being approved on the basis of plans submitted. Any deviations shall require a separate approval before starting that work.</p>			

Dept: Building	Status: Approved with Conditions	Reviewer: Jeanine Bourke	Approval Date: 10/18/2010
Note:	Ok to Issue: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
<p>1) All penetrations through rated assemblies must be protected by an approved firestop system installed in accordance with ASTM 814 or UL 1479, per IBC 2003 Section 712.</p> <p>2) Installation shall comply with the 2003 International Mechanical Code Section 607 for smoke or fire dampers.</p> <p>3) The appliance and venting shall be installed in accordance with the UL listing and IMC 2003</p>			

Dept: Fire	Status: Approved with Conditions	Reviewer: Capt Keith Gautreau	Approval Date: 10/06/2010
Note:	Ok to Issue: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
<p>1) Install shall comply with all manufacture's specifications.</p>			

PERMIT ISSUED

OCT 18 2010

City of Portland



016 3017

FILL IN AND SIGN WITH INK

PERMIT ISSUED
OCT 18 2010

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT HEATING OR POWER EQUIPMENT

10 1226

Jeffrey Grover
P.O. Box 917 City of Portland
Raymond ME 04071

To the INSPECTOR OF BUILDINGS, PORTLAND, ME.

The undersigned hereby applies for a permit to install the following heating, cooking or power equipment in accordance with the Laws of Maine, the Building Code of the City of Portland, and the following specifications:

Location / CBL 29 WATERVILLE Use of Building RESIDENTIAL Date 9-30-10

Name and address of owner of appliance _____

Installer's name and address Jeffrey M Grover
GROVER CONTRACTING Telephone 207-577-7282

Location of appliance:

- Basement
- Floor Suspended
- Attic
- Roof IN closet

With Duct in ~~floor~~ ceilings

Type of Fuel:

- Gas
- Oil
- Solid 23rd floor

Appliance Name:

RENEWAIR

U.L. Approved Yes No

AIR EXCHANGE SYSTEM

Will appliance be installed in accordance with the manufacture's installation instructions? Yes No

3 VENTED RANGE HOODS

IF NO Explain: EXHAUST

The Type of License of Installer:

- Master Plumber # _____
- Solid Fuel # _____
- Oil # _____
- Gas # _____
- Other HVAC

Type of Chimney:

- Masonry Lined
- Factory built _____

- Metal
- Factory Built U.L. Listing # _____

Direct Vent FAN POWER BY UNIT
Type _____ UL# _____

EXHAUST OUT FRESH AIR IN SPACE

Type of Fuel Tank

- Oil
- Gas

RECEIVED

SEP 30 2010

Size of Tank

Dept. of Building Inspections
City of Portland Maine

Number of Tanks

Distance from Tank to Center of Flame _____ feet.

Cost of Work: \$ 16,500

Permit Fee: \$ 90.00

Approved

Fire: _____

Ele.: _____

Bldg.: _____

Approved with Conditions

See attached letter or requirement

Inspector's Signature

Date Approved

Signature of Installer

Jeffrey M Grover

White - Inspection

Yellow - File

Pink - Applicant's

Gold - Assessor's Copy

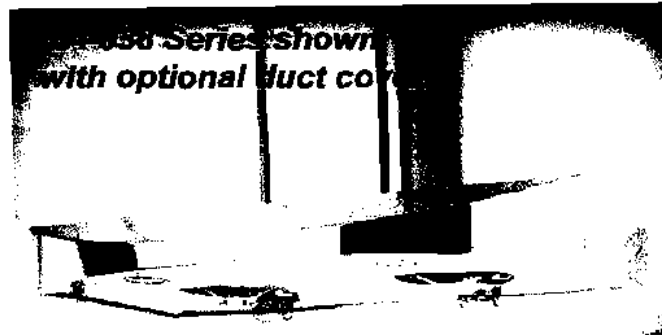
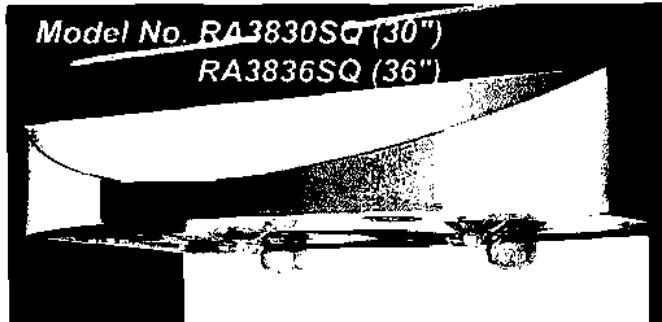
KOBE®

So Quiet...

You Won't Believe It's On!

Under Cabinet or Wall Mount

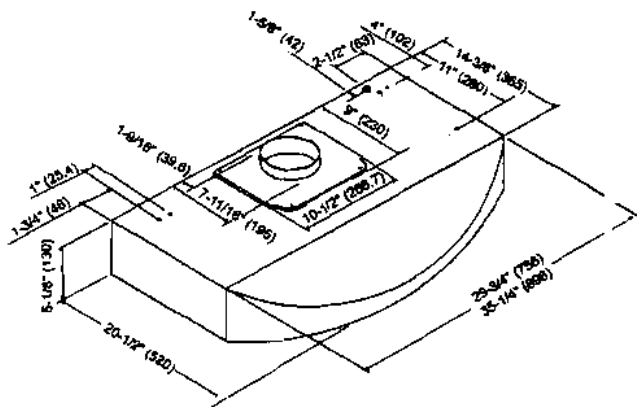
RA-038 Series (RA-038-SQ)



Appearance	
Stainless Steel	●
Seamless	●
Performance	
CFM	330 to 720
Sone / Decibel	1.0 to 4.8 / 40dB to 63dB
QuietMode™	1.0 Sones / 40dB
Features	
Halogen Light	12V 20W x 2
Power Supply / Consumption	120V 60Hz / 198W 1.71A
No. of Speed	3 (Rocker Switch)
Fan Type	Twin Vertical Turbine Impeller
Ducting	Top 8" Round
Filter	Safety Screen
Optional Accessories	
Duct Cover	RA1020DC
Stainless Steel Back Splash	SSP30 (30" x 32"), SSP36 (36" x 32")

Under Cabinet

(30", 36")



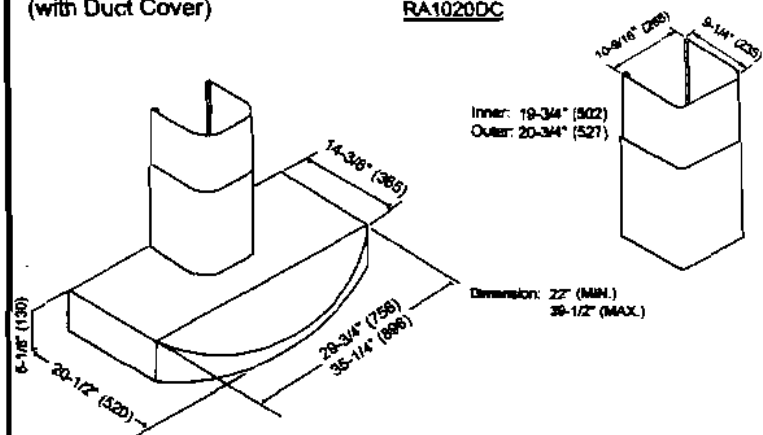
Optional Accessories

Wall Mount

(with Duct Cover)

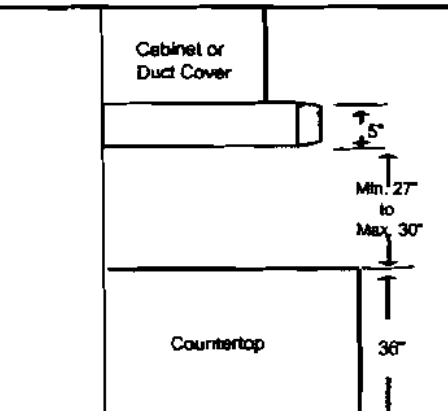
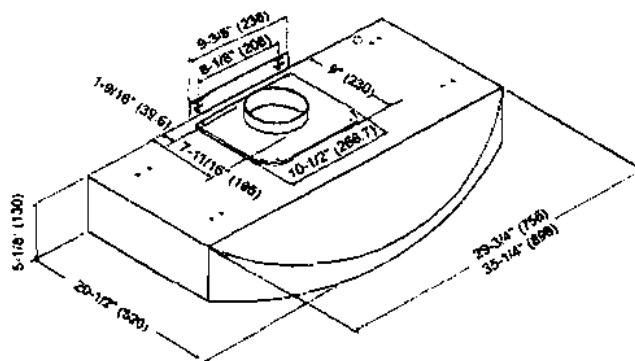
Duct Cover

RA1020DC



Wall Mount

(30", 36")



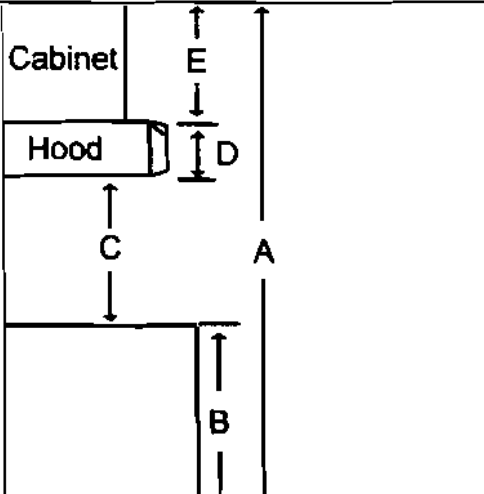
INSTALLATION

PLEASE READ ENTIRE INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE PROCEEDING

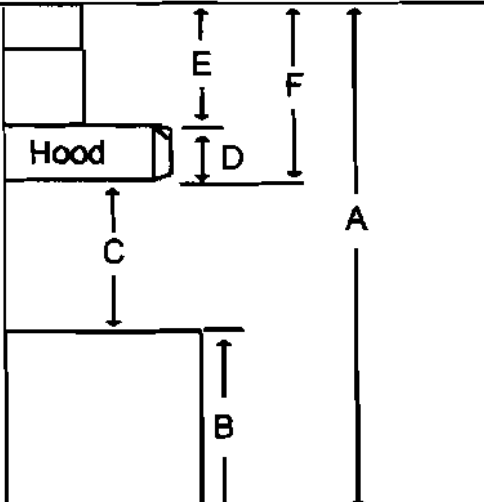
Calculation before Installation

To calculate installation, please refer to TABLE 1. (All calculation in inches.)

- FOR UNDER THE CABINET -

<p>TABLE 1</p> <p>A = Height of Floor to Ceiling B = Height of Floor to Counter Top (Standard: 36") C = Preferred Height of Counter Top to Hood Bottom (Recommended 27" to 30") D = Height of Hood E = Height of the Cabinet</p>	 <p>The diagram illustrates the vertical dimensions for an under-cabinet hood installation. A vertical line on the right represents the total height from the floor to the ceiling, labeled 'A'. A horizontal line represents the counter top, with the height from the floor to this line labeled 'B'. The distance from the counter top to the bottom of the hood is labeled 'C'. The hood itself has a height labeled 'D'. Above the hood is a cabinet, with its height labeled 'E'. The total height from the floor to the top of the cabinet is also labeled 'A'.</p>
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- FOR STAND ALONE (WITH OPTIONAL DUCT COVER) -

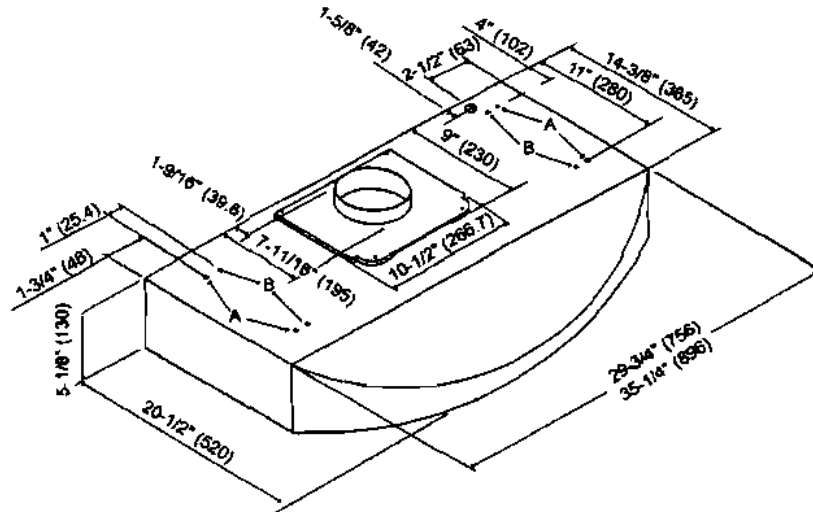
<p>TABLE 2</p> <p>A = Height of Floor to Ceiling B = Height of Floor to Counter Top (Standard: 36") C = Preferred Height of Counter Top to Hood Bottom (Recommended 27" to 30") D = Height of Hood E = Height of Duct Cover [F - D] F = Height of the Hood Installation [A - (B+C)]</p>	 <p>The diagram illustrates the vertical dimensions for a stand-alone hood installation with an optional duct cover. A vertical line on the right represents the total height from the floor to the ceiling, labeled 'A'. A horizontal line represents the counter top, with the height from the floor to this line labeled 'B'. The distance from the counter top to the bottom of the hood is labeled 'C'. The hood has a height labeled 'D'. Above the hood is a duct cover, with its height labeled 'E'. The total height from the floor to the top of the duct cover is labeled 'F'. The total height from the floor to the ceiling is also labeled 'A'.</p>
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MEASUREMENTS & DIAGRAMS

***All inch measurements are converted from millimeter. Inch measurements are estimated.

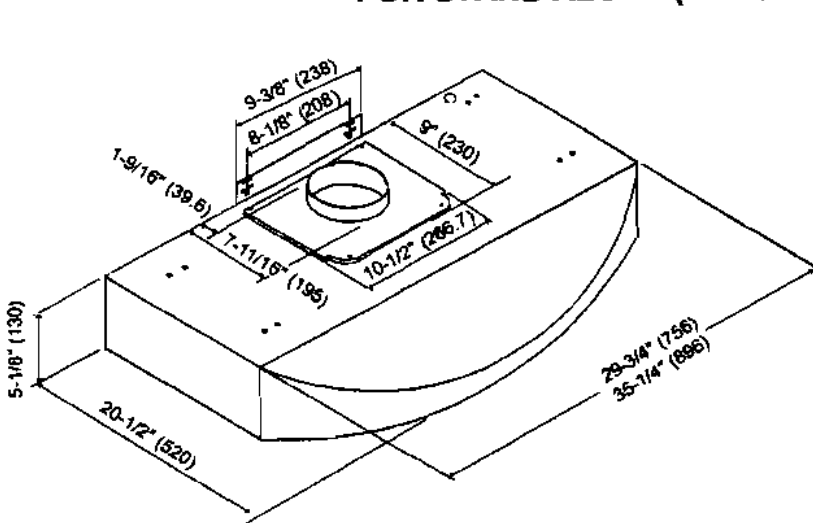
***All measurements in () are millimeters.

-FOR UNDER THE CABINET-

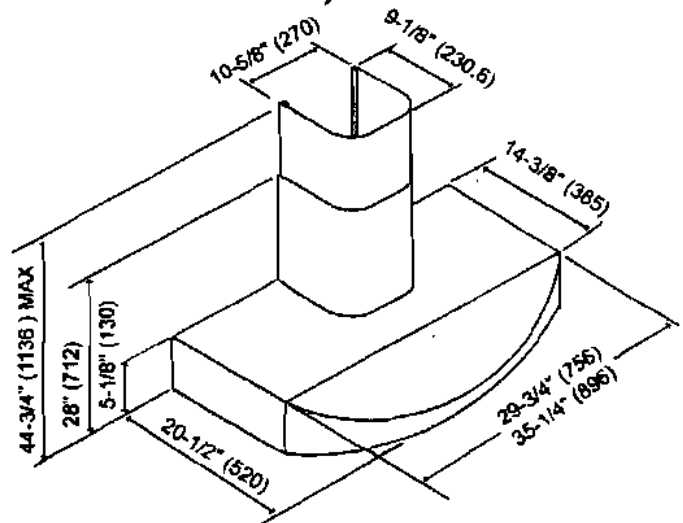


30" = Knockout Holes "A"
 36" = Knockout Holes "A" & "B"

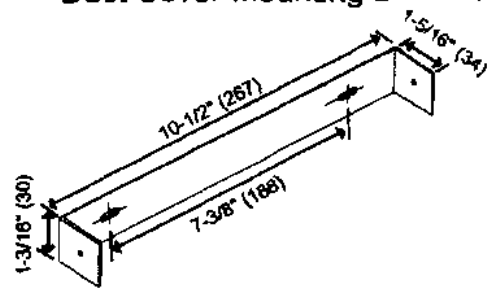
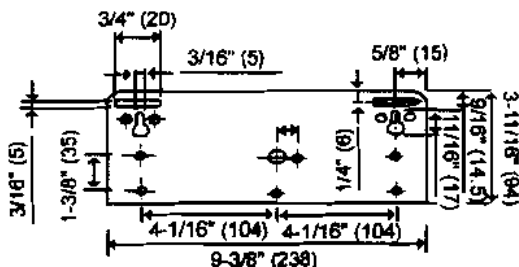
-FOR STAND ALONE (WITH OPTIONAL DUCT COVER)-

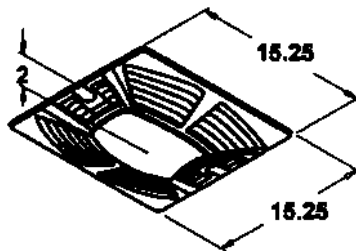
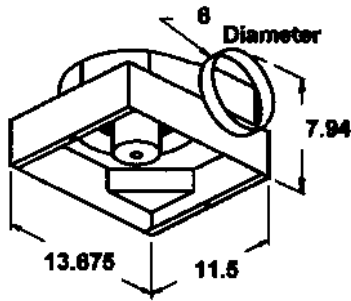


Hood-Mounting Bracket



Duct Cover-Mounting Bracket





SP

Ceiling Exhaust Fan

Tag FAN-LIGHT

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION FEATURES

- Corrosion resistant galvanized steel scroll and housing - White designer non-yellowing grille - Round outlet duct collar with Integral backdraft damper - Single inlet forward curved wheel - Plug type disconnect - Adjustable mounting...

SELECTED OPTIONS & ACCESSORIES

- Ceiling Radiation Damper (Model CRD-320L) - Shipped Loose
- Energy Star Rated
- Fluorescent Dual 13 Watt bulbs included with Frosted Lens
- Motor w/ Thermal Overloads
- Solid State Speed Control - 5WSSC, Shipped Loose
- UL/cUL-507 - "Electric Fans"
- Time Delay Switch - Model GTD

NOTES: All dimensions shown are in units of inches
Fan weight is without accessories

DIMENSIONS

Approx. Fan Weight (lb)
10

PERFORMANCE (Elevation ft = 0, Airstream Temperature F = 70)

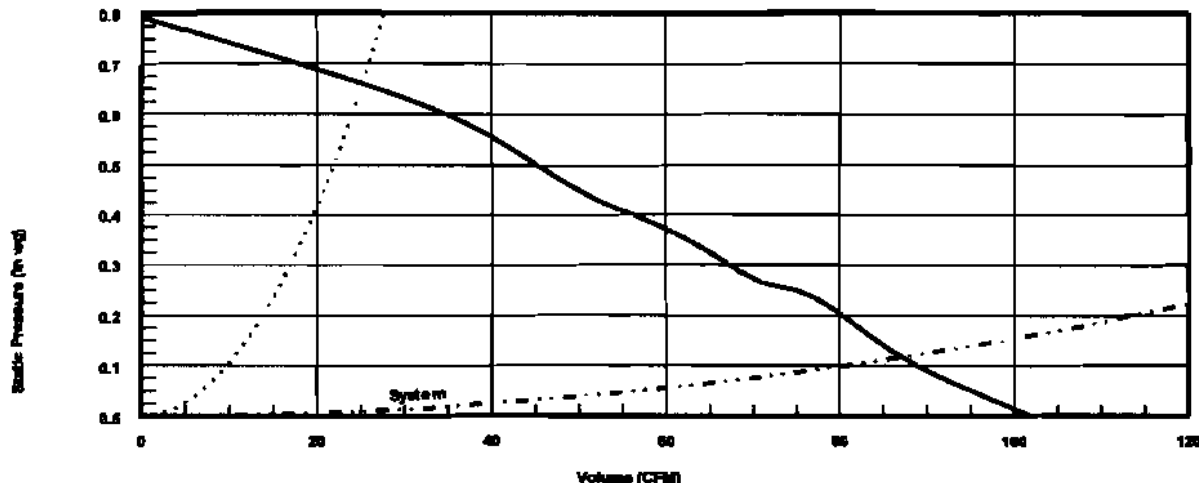
Qty	Model	Volume (CFM)	SP (in wg)	FRPM	Watts (W)	Amps (A)	Motor Information		
							V/C/F	Enc:	RPM
1	SP-B90	86	0.125	700	50	0.7	115/60/1	ODP	700

SOUND

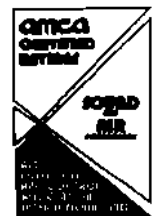
Inlet Sound Power by Octave Band								Lwa	dBA	Spherical Sones	HVI Sones
62.5	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000				
53	63	52	52	46	39	33	30	53	42	2.0	2.0

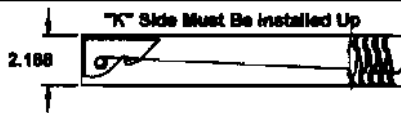
LWA - A weighted sound power level, based on ANSI S1.4.
Sones calculated using AMCA 301 at 5.0 ft in a spherical field.
dBA - A weighted sound pressure level, based on 11.5 dB attenuation per octave band at 5.0 ft.

HVI Sones are at 0.1 inches of wg dBA levels are not licensed by AMCA International.



--- RPM Curve
--- System Curve
--- Static Pressure Curve
... Do not select to the left of this surge curve



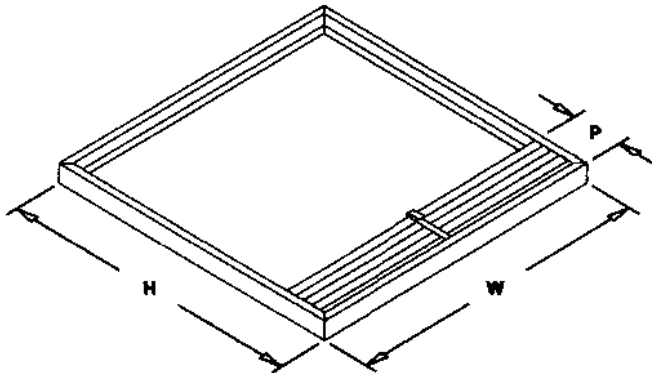


FD-110

Static Rated Fire Damper

Application & Design

Model FD-110 with narrowline construction is approved for use in walls, floors, and partitions with fire resistance ratings less than 3 hours. This model carries a 1 1/2 hour UL fire damper label. UL 555 classifies static rated fire dampers for use in HVAC systems that are automatically shut down in the event of fire. All damper installations require the use of sleeves, angles, and methods described in Greenheck Fire Damper Installation Instructions #452763, included with every damper shipment.



Notes: All dimensions shown are in units of inches.
W & H furnished approximately 0.25 in undersized. (sleeve thickness is NOT included)

Codes Approved

This model meets the requirements for fire dampers established by:
National Fire Protection Association
NFPA Standards 90A & 101
Underwriters Laboratories
UL Classified to U.S. and Canadian safety standards
Standard 555 (Listing #R13317)
BOCA, ICBO, SBCCI (Building Codes)
CSFM California State Fire Marshall
Listing (#3225-981:102 for use in walls)
New York City (MEA listing #260-91-M)

CONSTRUCTION FEATURES

Transition: A
Mounting: Horizontal
Closure Device: Fusible Link
Closure Temp. (F): 165
Frame Thickness (ga):
Axle Bearings:
Sizing: Nominal

ID #	Tag	Qty	W (in)	H (In)	Sections Wide	Sections High	P-Dim (In)
1-1		8	8.000	8.000	1	1	1.2

Tags:



Fire Damper - Round Butterfly Blade

1 1/2 Hour Rated

For Use in Static Systems

Models 5600F Submittal

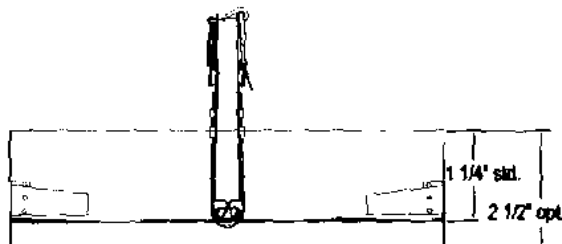
Filename: Prefco Submittal 5600F Rev 03/12/04

Application

The 5600F fire damper is UL Classified for installation in walls, floors, and partitions with a fire rating of less than 3 hours. This damper may be installed vertically or horizontally in static HVAC systems that automatically shut down in the event of fire.

Standard Construction

- **Frame**
21 GA Galvanized Steel
- **Blades - Full Length Hinge**
21 GA Galvanized Steel
- **Closure Springs**
Stainless Steel
- **Fuelble Link - UL-33**
UL Listed 165F (standard) 212 F (optional)
McCabe Link (optional)



Standard Sizes (duct)

	Minimum	Maximum
5" Diameter	5" Diameter	5" Diameter
30" Diameter		12" Diameter

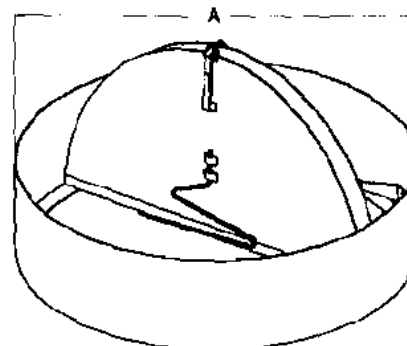
NOTES:

- Dampers are fabricated 3/16" under ordered diameter for clearance

Model 5600F meets or complies with the following as a ceiling static fire damper.

- **NFPA Standards**
- **All major building codes, including BOCA, ICBO/IBC, SBCCI & ICC International Code**
- UL 555 Listing 1 1/2 Hour - File #R6189
- CA State Fire Marshall - #3225-1518-102
- True-round
- High Free Area Design
- No Square to Round Transitions Required
- Factory Mounted Sleeve Optional
- Rolled-ring Mounting Angles Optional
- Quick, Easy, Economical Installation

Note: For 3 Hour Rating, see Model 5600F3



Project: _____

Location: _____

Architect: _____

Engineer: _____

Contractor: _____

PO Number: _____

Date: _____

"In the interest of product development, Prefco reserves the right to make changes without notice."



CITY OF PORTLAND, MAINE
 Department of Building Inspections

Original Receipt

Sept 30 2010

Received from Jeffrey S. Moore
 Location of Work 100 Water St

Cost of Construction \$ _____ Building Fee: _____

Permit Fee \$ _____ Site Fee: _____

Certificate of Occupancy Fee: _____

Total: 190.00

Building (E) Plumbing (P) _____ Electrical (Z) _____ Site Plan (SZ) _____

Other NVAC

CR: SN

Check #: 016 5017 Total Collected \$ 190.00

No work is to be started until permit issued.
 Please keep original receipt for your records.

Taken by: Sheep

WHITE - Applicant's Copy
 YELLOW - Office Copy
 PINK - Permit Copy

USE & MAINTENANCE

Maintenance Requirements

Keep your ERV performing at its best by cleaning it as described below:

⚠ WARNING

RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR INJURY.

- ◆ Before servicing or cleaning the unit, unplug the unit line cord.
- ◆ Make sure unit is not running before opening its door. Blower wheels are sharp and can cut.
- ◆ Do not disable the interlock switch: it is there for your safety.

Service filters regularly:

Service filters every three months when the unit is in regular use or as needed to keep them reasonably clean.

1. Release cam latches and carefully swing access door open. Remove the door by sliding to one side.
2. In EV130/200/300, remove filter clips.
3. Pull the filters out.
4. Vacuum with a hose attachment.
5. Re-install filters and filter clips, (see illustrations, page 7).
6. Re-install door, and fasten cam latches.

NOTE: The filters should be replaced after they have been cleaned several times. The primary contact for replacement filters for your RenewAire unit is the installing contractor. As an alternative, you may wish to produce your own filters. Please follow these instructions:

Filters may be cut from a sheet or roll of ¼" - 1" firm, spun polyester filter "hog hair" media or material, similar to the existing filter in the residential unit.

The size of each filter (2 required per unit) is as follows:

EV70	7" x 10 ½"
EV130	10 ½" x 10 ½"
EV200/EV300	10 ½" x 21 ¼"

Call your HVAC contractor or RenewAire for further information.

NOTE: Filters must be used or the face of the energy exchange core will become blocked by dust. The filters supplied in the unit are usually able to keep the energy exchange core clear for many months. Finer filters can be used but must be cleaned more often.

Clean the face of the energy exchange core yearly:

1. Remove the filters (see above).
2. Vacuum the exposed faces of the energy exchange core with a soft brush attachment.
3. After servicing the filters, re-install them (see above).
4. Vacuum out dust from the rest of the unit case.

Dust collects only on the entering faces of the energy exchange core. The interior of the energy exchange core stays clean even if the core faces are dust covered.

CAUTION

DO NOT WASH THE ENERGY EXCHANGE CORE.

Clean only as described above. The energy exchange core can be replaced but is expensive.

The blower/motor package needs no lubrication:

Vacuum clean the blower wheels at the same time you clean the face of the energy exchange core.

Purpose of an Energy Recovery Ventilation (ERV) System

Many modern homes are built air-tight for energy efficiency and comfort. The result is that natural air infiltration rates are often too low to provide acceptable indoor air quality. The solution is to use an ERV to remove gaseous pollutants such as odors, winter-time excess humidity, formaldehyde, smoke, radon, vapors from cleaning products, and other chemicals. The removal of dust and other small particles from your home is not the function of an ERV.

When should you use your ERV?

Use your ERV when windows are closed and you need to ventilate. When the outdoor air is warmer or cooler than comfortable, the ERV will allow a quieter, more secure home with the windows closed and will also save energy.

Using an ERV with air-conditioning:

An ERV works very well with air-conditioning, because its "enthalpy-transfer" energy-exchange core will reduce the amount of moisture in the outside air that is brought in. ERVs are the preferred way to ventilate while air-conditioning because it brings in less moisture than any other ventilation method.

Controlling excess humidity during cold weather:

When the ERV is first turned on at the beginning of the heating season (or when first installed), it will have to run full-time for several days to reduce indoor humidity levels. A properly set dehumidistat will do this automatically. If your control is the proportional timer type (PT or FM), it should be set to "100%" for several days whenever you have a problem with excess humidity during cold weather.

(Continued on page 9)

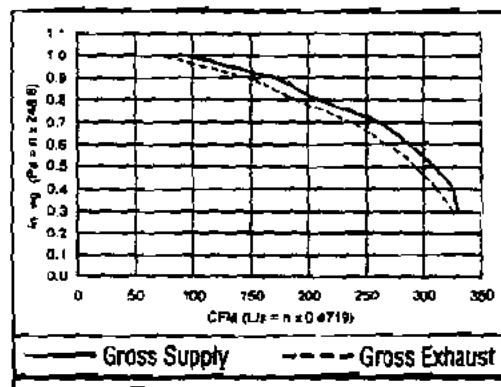
CERTIFIED RATINGS

EV300 Ventilation Performance							
Ext. Static Pressure		Net Supply Airflow		Gross Airflow			
				Supply		Exhaust	
Pa	in. wg	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM
100	0.4	146	315	153	325	146	311
125	0.5	141	299	145	309	138	293
150	0.6	131	279	135	287	126	268
175	0.7	119	259	123	261	111	237
200	0.8	95	202	98	209	89	189
225	0.9	77	163	79	159	69	147
250	1.0	44	93	45	95	34	72

Electrical Requirements: Volts 120 Amps 3.3

Exhaust Air Transfer Ratio = 3% @ 0.4 in. wg (50 PA)

EV300 Supply Performance						
Supply Temperature		Net Airflow		Average Power	Sensible Recovery	Apparent Sensible
				Watts	Efficiency %	Effectiveness %
C°	F°	L/S	CFM			
Heating						
0°	32°	139	295	317	70	78
Cooling						
35°	95°	134	285	311	Total Recovery Efficiency %: 43	



Purpose of your Energy Recovery Ventilation (ERV) System

(continued from page 12)

How much ventilation is right for you?

Different households require different rates of ventilation, depending on the pollutants found in each home. Most people use one of two methods to control the operation of their ventilation systems:

1. Provide a daily average of 0.35 Air changes per hour (ACH) for your entire home. A proportional timer is the primary operating control that allows you to reliably achieve this ventilation rate. According to the American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE), this ventilation rate will provide good air quality in most homes for most people. At this rate, you will be changing the air in your home over eight times per day. Most ERV systems are generally designed to provide at least this ventilation rate. Be sure to provide at least 15 CFM per person in the home. In small homes this may mean more than nine air changes per day.

Or, during the heating season in cold climates:

2. Ventilate enough in the winter to keep indoor humidity low. A dehumidistat is the primary operating control that allows you to maintain low winter humidity. In the winter, water vapor inside your home mostly comes from people breathing, showering, and cooking. When the outside air is 40°F or less, an ERV will reduce indoor humidity. This helps to prevent condensation on windows. High wintertime humidity generally means you need more ventilation to control other indoor-air pollutants, like cooking odors.

Use your judgment:

These guidelines are a starting point. As long as the pollutants you are concerned with are detectable (like water vapor or odors) your nose can be a good guide, and you may find that fewer hours of operation will be sufficient.

For households with smokers:

Smokers will need at least double the usual ventilation rate to satisfy non-smokers in the same household.

⚠ WARNING

There is no known safe level of cigarette smoke. Any ventilation system may provide noticeable improvement in spaces where cigarettes are smoked, but it cannot be expected to protect against the severe long-term health hazards of exposure to cigarette smoke.

CERTIFIED RATINGS

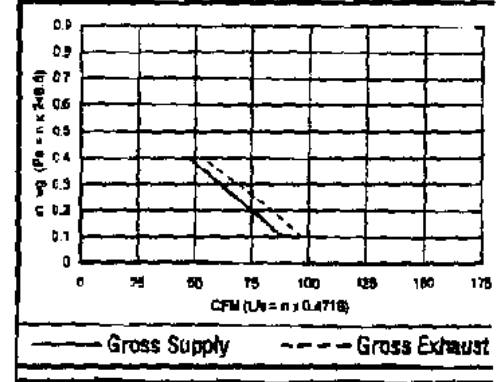


Ext. Static Pressure		Net Supply Airflow		Gross Airflow			
				Supply		Exhaust	
Pa	in. wg	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM
25	0.1	41	86	47	89	46	97
50	0.2	34	73	36	75	39	84
75	0.3	28	59	29	61	32	69
100	0.4	21	45	22	47	25	53

Electrical Requirements Volts 120 Amps 1.0

Exhaust Air Transfer Ratio = 4% @ 0.2 in. wg (50 PA)

Supply Temperature		Net Airflow		Average Power		Sensible Recovery Efficiency %		Minimum Sensible Effectiveness %		Exhaust Air Transfer %	
C°	F°	L/S	CFM	Watts							
Heating											
0°	32°	32	69	94		66		77		53	
Cooling											
35°	95°	30	64	94				42			

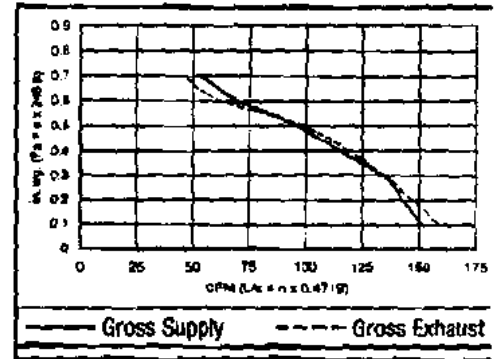


Ext. Static Pressure		Net Supply Airflow		Gross Airflow			
				Supply		Exhaust	
Pa	in. wg	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM
25	0.1	70	148	71	151	75	159
50	0.2	66	141	67	143	69	147
75	0.3	62	132	63	134	64	136
100	0.4	53	113	54	115	56	119
125	0.5	44	94	45	96	47	99
150	0.6	37	79	38	80	39	82
175	0.7	24	52	25	53	21	45

Electrical Requirements Volts 120 Amps 1.3

Exhaust Air Transfer Ratio = 2% @ 0.2 in. wg (50 PA) and 2% @ 0.4 in. wg (100 PA)

Supply Temperature		Net Airflow		Average Power		Sensible Recovery Efficiency %		Minimum Sensible Effectiveness %		Exhaust Air Transfer %	
C°	F°	L/S	CFM	Watts							
Heating											
0°	32°	58	124	121		72		80		55	
Cooling											
35°	95°	59	126	121				46			

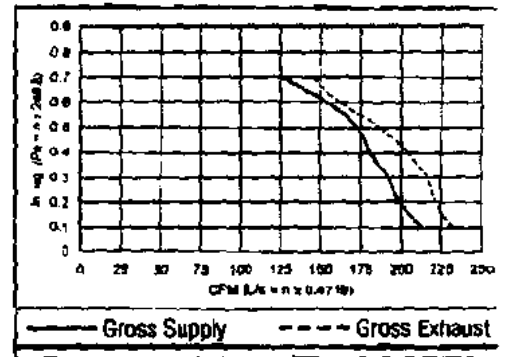


Ext. Static Pressure		Net Supply Airflow		Gross Airflow			
				Supply		Exhaust	
Pa	in. wg	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM	L/S	CFM
25	0.1	97	207	100	213	109	232
50	0.2	90	192	93	199	104	227
75	0.3	84	180	87	187	101	216
100	0.4	80	170	85	181	96	204
125	0.5	73	158	81	173	88	187
150	0.6	67	144	77	164	84	180
175	0.7	57	122	59	126	68	145

Electrical Requirements Volts 120 Amps 1.5

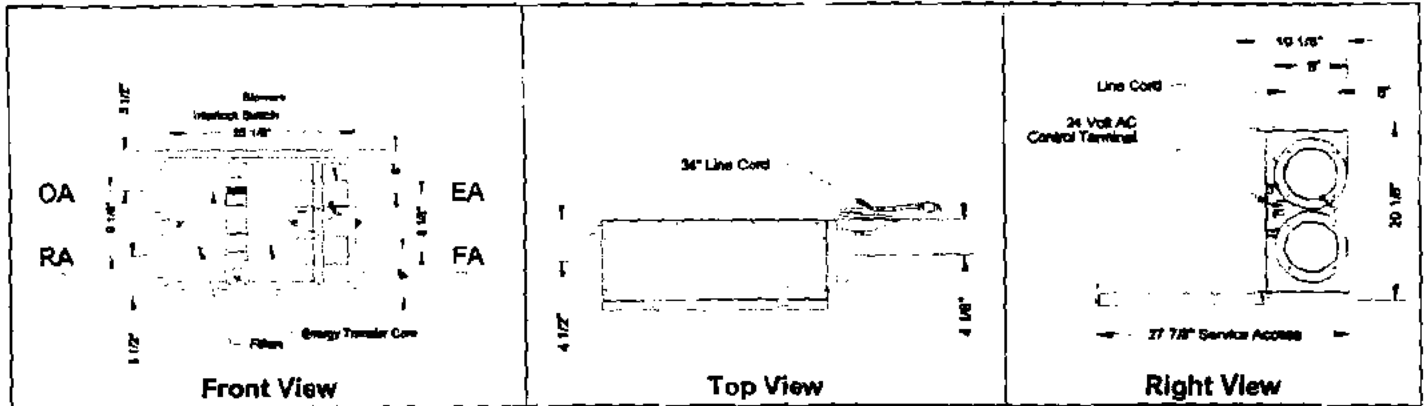
Exhaust Air Transfer Ratio = 3% @ 0.2 in. wg (50 PA) and 3% @ 0.4 in. wg (100 PA)

Supply Temperature		Net Airflow		Average Power		Sensible Recovery Efficiency %		Minimum Sensible Effectiveness %		Exhaust Air Transfer %	
C°	F°	L/S	CFM	Watts							
Heating											
0°	32°	85	181	157		78		85		62	
Cooling											
35°	95°	85	180	155				52			

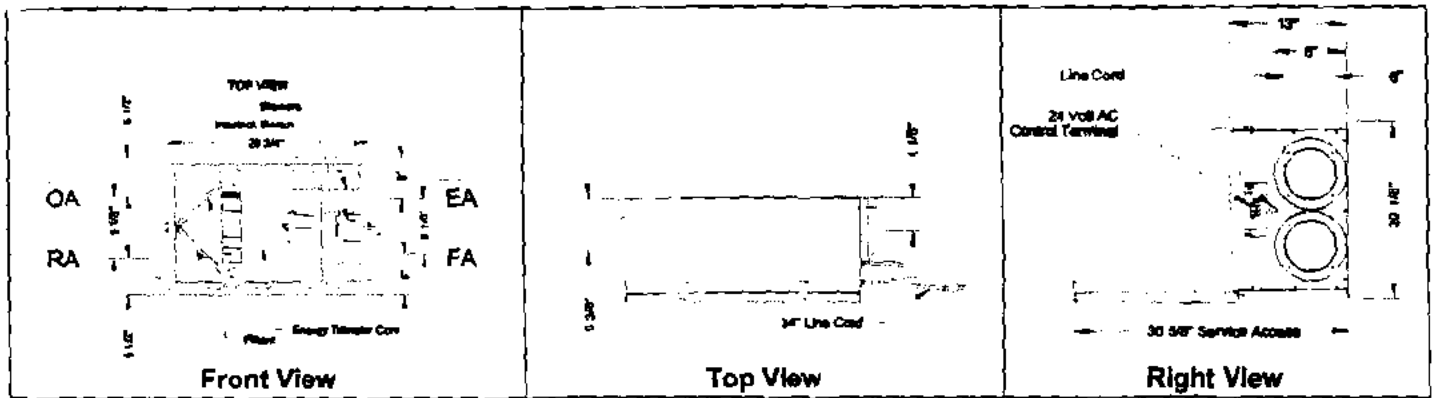


PRODUCT DATA

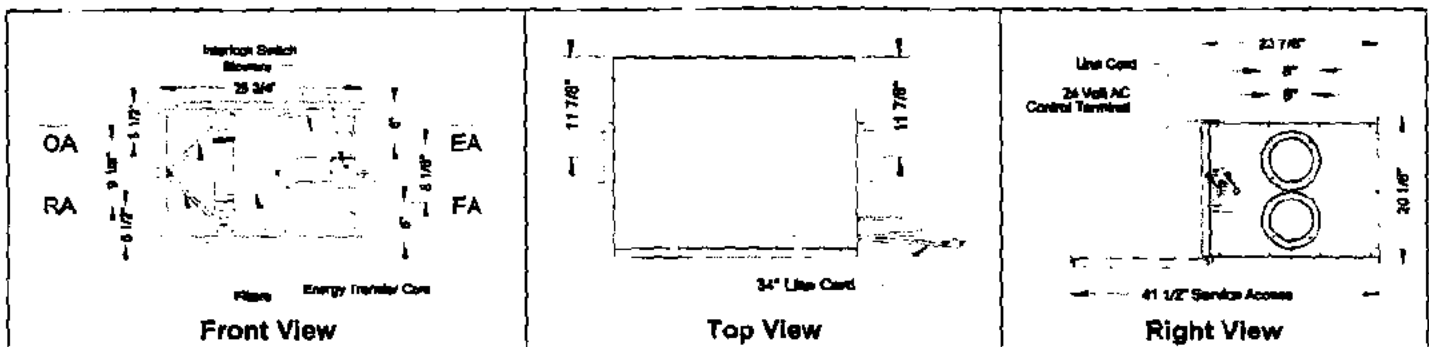
EV70



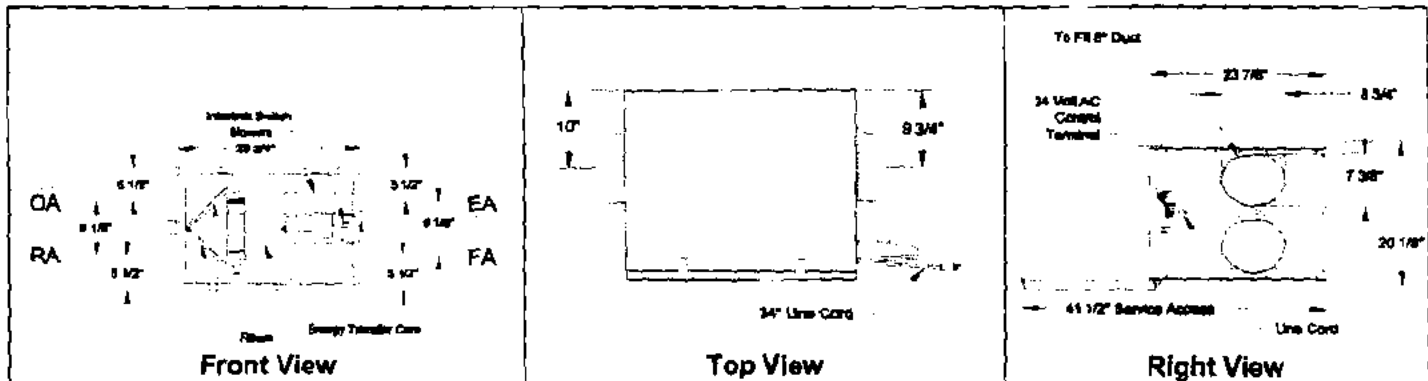
EV130



EV200



EV300



PRODUCT DATA

EV70/130/EV200/EV300

Energy Exchange System:	◆ Cross flow fixed-plate enthalpic energy exchange core: engineered, proprietary resin-media composite. Provides both sensible and latent heat transfer.
Certified Performance:	◆ See HVI Certified Ratings
Access Door:	◆ Front panel opens to provide access to filters, blowers, and heat exchanger. Snap latches and hinges provided for easy service.
Insulation:	◆ One inch foil-faced fiberglass throughout.
Mounting Options:	◆ Unit may be mounted to wall or floor joists using integral mounting flange with hanging bracket kit provided.
Blower/Motor:	◆ A single high efficiency PSC motor directly drives two large diameter centrifugal blowers for quiet operation.
Filters	◆ Cleanable polyester air filters for both exhaust and fresh air streams.
Defrost:	◆ Passive frost-free design under most residential conditions. Optional defrost accessory available for severe applications and climate zones.
Warranty:	◆ Ten year limited warranty on energy exchange core; two year limited warranty against defects in material and workmanship on all other components.

	EV70	EV130	EV200	EV300
Airflow Range:	◆ 40-85 CFM for each air stream.	50-140 CFM for each air stream.	100-200 CFM each air stream.	150-300 CFM each air stream.
Rated Airflow:	◆ 70 CFM for each air stream at 0.2 external static pressure (ESP).	130 CFM for each air stream at 0.2" external static pressure (ESP).	200 CFM for each air stream at 0.2" external static pressure (ESP).	300 CFM for each air stream at 0.4" external static pressure (ESP).
Dimension:	◆ 27 1/8" long x 18 1/4" wide x 10 5/8" deep (Not including duct collars).	28 3/4" wide x 20 1/8" high x 13" deep (not including duct collars).	28 3/4" wide x 20 1/8" high x 24" deep (Not including duct collars).	28 3/4" wide x 20 1/8" high x 24" deep (Not including duct collars).
Unit Weight:	◆ 44 lbs.	58 lbs.	80 lbs.	88 lbs.
Duct Connections:	◆ Insulating double collars with six-inch/eight-inch round connections for flexible or rigid duct work.	Insulating double collars with six-inch/eight-inch round connections for flexible or rigid duct work.	Insulating double collars with six-inch/eight-inch round connections for flexible or rigid duct work.	Insulating double collars with 8-inch oval connections for flexible or rigid duct work.
Electrical:	◆ Power: 0.1 HP, 120 Volt, 60 Cycle, single phase, 1.0 FLA, 94 watts at 70 CFM. Control: On-board 24 volt transformer and relay.	Power: 0.1 HP, 120 Volt, 60 Cycle, single phase, 1.3 FLA, 124 watts at 121 CFM. Control: On-board 24 volt transformer and relay.	Power: 0.1 HP, 120 Volt, 60 Cycle, single phase, 1.5 FLA, 157 watts at 181 CFM. Control: On-board 24 volt transformer and relay.	Power: 0.2 HP, 120 Volt, 60 Cycle, single phase, 3.3 amps, 313 watts at 300 CFM. Control: On-board 24 volt transformer and relay.

INSTALLATION

allow the air to move freely and easily through the ducts. See chart under System Layout to size your ductwork:

If duct runs are very long (over 25 feet of flex duct for 130 CFM or over 10 feet for 200 CFM each run) or have excessive bends or elbows or if maximum air flow rates are required, eight inch insulated flexible duct should be used. The outer flange of the duct collar can be used for both the inner and outer jacket of the flexible duct. Care must be taken to insure that the duct is securely fastened and sealed to the duct collar.

Do not use more flex duct than necessary!
Flex duct is much more resistant to airflow than rigid duct; longer runs of flex duct will reduce the ventilation performance of your system. Stretch flex duct and avoid sharp bends.

⚠ CAUTION

- ◆ Do not connect Dryers directly to the unit.
- ◆ Do not connect Range Hoods to the unit.

Installing Fresh Air (FA) ducts:

Use a five foot section of flexible insulated duct to connect the unit to the ducts at the port labeled *Fresh Air to the Inside*. This will cut noise transmitted from the unit. Stretch the flex duct tightly in order to maintain good airflow.

Installing Controls

⚠ WARNING

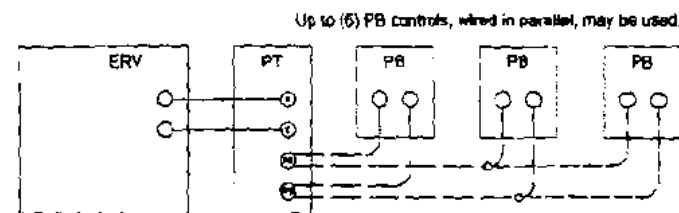
DANGER OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK WHEN SERVICING AN INSTALLED UNIT. ALWAYS UNPLUG UNIT BEFORE CONNECTING OR SERVICING CONTROLS.

Optional controls:

RenewAire offers a variety of controls specifically designed to work with the EV70/130/200/300 products. These include: PT (a two wire proportional timer), FM (a six wire proportional timer that will interconnect with the furnace blower), and PB (point of use push button control). Other controls that throw an unpowered switch may also be used.

Typical control schematic:

Various wiring designs can be used to properly control the unit and meet safety and code concerns. Consult your electrician for an electrical design to meet your needs. The schematic below shows a typical control system: a PT proportional timer plus two PB push-button controls.



(2) PB controls can be directly connected to the PT control.

See installation manuals for the control(s) you select for wiring diagrams and specific instructions.

If NOT connecting controls to the ERV:

Make a jumper out of a short piece of wire. ERV will run full-time once its power cord is plugged in.

Starting Up the Unit

- ◆ Inspect your installation to be sure all duct work is correctly installed and sealed, that filters are in place, and controls (if any) are connected.
- ◆ Shut and latch the door to the unit.
- ◆ Plug unit into 115 VAC outlet. It may start immediately.
- ◆ Use control to turn on the unit. Check operation of the control(s).
- ◆ Check that the unit's safety interlock switch turns off the unit when the door is opened.

INSTALLATION

Mounting the Unit

Unit may be installed in any orientation:

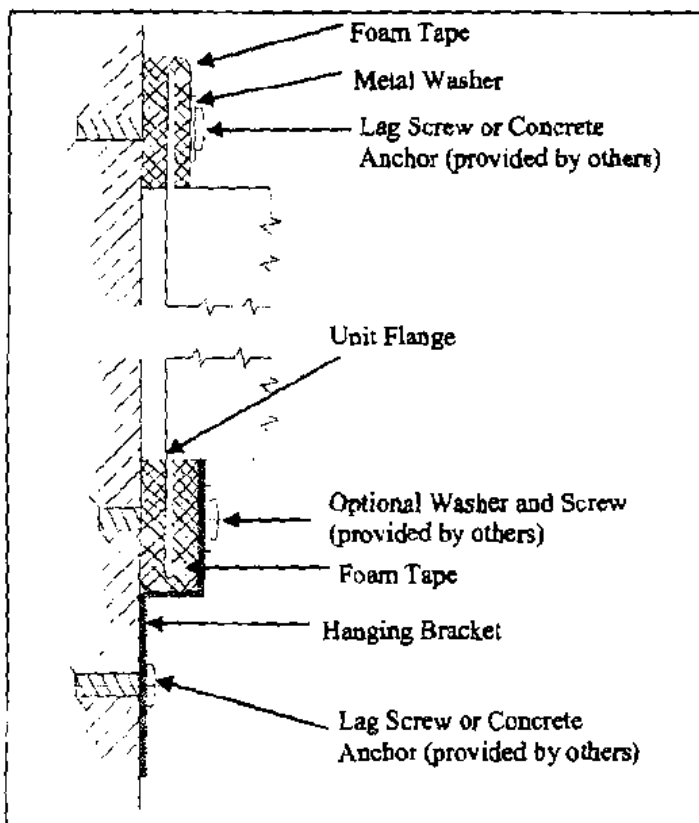
Orient the unit for the simplest duct layout and connections. Note however that the door is equipped with slide-off hinges. For the homeowner's convenience it is helpful to orient the unit so that the door does not drop off when it is unlatched.

Mounting the ERV on a concrete foundation wall:

Mount hanging bracket to the wall with appropriate concrete anchors. Use pre-cut foam tape from small parts bag. Remove backing and apply two pieces of foam tape equally spaced along the unit's mounting flange to be held by the hanging bracket. Apply the other two pieces of foam tape over two holes that will be used for fastening, on the other flange. The tape should be applied in a "U" shape to cushion both the front and back of the integral flanges. Lift unit and slide unit flange into the hanging bracket. Using metal flat washers, fasten flange opposite hanging bracket to structure. Safety screws should similarly be installed passing through the hanging bracket and flange. Make sure the screws, which you must supply, are properly selected for the loads and substrate involved.

Mounting the ERV to a stud wall:

Mount unit using supplied hanging bracket kit as described for mounting to concrete foundation wall. Note that the hole layout on the integral mounting flanges and the hanging bracket are spaced for 16" or 24" on-center framing patterns.



Suspending the ERV from floor joists or trusses:

The unit may be screwed directly to joists or trusses using the hanging bracket and integral flange. Mount as described for mounting to concrete foundation wall. Note that the hole layout on the hanging bracket is spaced for 16", 19.2" and 24" on-center layouts.

▲ CAUTION

RISK OF INJURY WHEN LIFTING UNIT AND INSTALLING IT OVERHEAD. GET A HELPER AND WEAR EYE PROTECTION.

Installing Outside Air and Exhaust Air Ducts:

Ducts connecting the unit to the outside must be well-insulated. Vapor barrier is required on both inside and outside of the insulation.

Band or tape inner duct liner to inner flange of appropriate collar. Drive a sheet metal screw through liner to secure duct spiral wire to collar. Straighten insulation, and slide outer duct jacket onto the outer flange of the duct collar. Secure with band or tape.

CAUTION

The vapor barrier should be continuous and sealed against air and moisture leakage! If not, condensation or ice may form in cold weather on the duct surface or in its insulation!

The inlets and outlets should be screened against insects and vermin and shielded from the weather to prevent the entry of rain or snow.

▲ CAUTION

INSTALL FRESH AIR INLET AWAY FROM SOURCES OF CONTAMINANTS.

- Do not locate the fresh air inlet where vehicles may be serviced or left idling.
- The fresh air inlet should be at least ten feet away from any exhaust such as dryer vents, chimneys, furnace, and water heater exhausts or other sources of contamination or carbon monoxide.
- Never locate the fresh air inlet inside a structure.

Installing Return Air (RA) ducts:

All the stale air returns are connected by ducts to the unit. Generally, empty stud cavities are used for returns as is often done with cold air returns for the furnace, using standard duct boots to connect to six inch pipe at the bottom or top of the wall cavity. Always be sure to seal all joints with duct sealant or tape. Some local codes may require metal ducting all the way from the hoods to the stale air grilles. Use rigid ducts to

SYSTEM LAYOUT

Exhaust & Outside Air Ducts

The Exhaust Air Duct and the Outside Air Duct connect the unit to the outside. Flexible insulated duct is typically used. See Table under "Duct Sizes", below

Inside Ductwork System

For houses without ducted heating or cooling systems – see Schematic (B):

In most houses one or two fresh air grilles in a central part of the house provide effective distribution of the fresh air into the home, particularly when the stale exhaust air is picked up at several points. Because the fresh air is usually somewhat cooler than the household air, the fresh air supply grilles should be located in a traffic area like a hallway or stairway rather than in a sitting area.

If you want to get fresh air into specific rooms with high occupancy, you can split up the fresh air supply.

For houses with forced-air heating and cooling systems – see Schematics (A), (C) and (D):

Most units are installed with the fresh air duct connected directly to a return duct for the main heating and cooling system. Be careful to connect the fresh air duct at least three feet from the return plenum to minimize suction from the furnace blower. A connection closer to the furnace may result in unbalanced flow and associated problems.

For installations that collect stale air from specific rooms in the home – for example, Schematics (A) and (B):

Locate stale air return grills (RA) in rooms where moisture and odors are generated: bathrooms, the kitchen, and perhaps other areas where contaminants are generated such as in the home workshop. Return grills in these other areas may be dampered so that they can be shut off when not in use. A central location such as a hallway is also acceptable but won't clear humidity and odors from baths and kitchens as rapidly.

Locate stale air return grills (RA) near the ceiling on inside walls. Stale air returns are usually easiest to install in interior partitions. Put them in the ceiling if that is easier.

Stale Air Return Grill Sizes (8" round on EV300)	
Bathroom	4" X 10" or 6" X 10" - 40 to 60 sq. in.
Kitchen	6" X 10" or 60 sq. in.

CAUTION

DO NOT PLACE ANY STALE AIR RETURNS IN GARAGES.

Can an ERV be used to ventilate bathrooms?

A RenewAire ERV can be used as a central exhaust system in place of bathroom exhaust fans. Tie a grill in each bathroom

directly back to the ERV – see Schematic (A). A successful installation should provide at least 50 CFM of exhaust per moisture producing bathroom. When used for bathroom exhaust, the EV70 should be used for only one bathroom, the EV130 should be used for no more than two bathrooms, the EV200 for up to four bathrooms and the EV300 for up to six bathrooms. Install a control in each bathroom ventilated by the ERV (see Secondary Operating Controls, below).

For houses where radon is a concern:

The first line of defense against radon should always be techniques that prevent the entry of radon into the home, such as under-slab suction, vented perimeter drainage, and crack sealing. However, if moderate levels of radon continue to be present, it is important that the unit slightly pressurize the basement, *not de-pressurize the basement*.

Installation of this unit for radon mitigation is beyond the scope of this manual.

Consult a radon mitigation professional.

Duct Sizes

Duct Minimum Sizes and Type	
Exhaust Air & Outside Air (EA & OA)	6" round insulated duct (8" round for EV300) 8" round insulated duct may be used to maintain maximum airflow
Fresh Air & Stale Air (FA & RA)	6" round or 8" oval rigid un-insulated
All ducts from unit to house in unconditioned spaces like attics and crawl spaces MUST BE INSULATED.	

Controls

For an installation in which the ERV should run continuously in order to provide the required ventilation rate for the home, no controls are needed. However, in most installations, control over the unit operation is desired and this is best provided by a Proportional Timer.

A Dehumidistat is another option but works properly only during the heating season. If the ERV is used during the summer, a Proportional Timer should also be installed.

Proportional timers (PT or FM controls) may be located anywhere that is convenient, but Dehumidistats (DH24) must be located in the primary living area. A typical location for either control is next to the home's thermostat. Proportional timers operate the ERV to provide regular background ventilation of the home.

ERV installations that pull stale air from specific rooms, such as bathrooms, should have Push-button (PB) Controls in those rooms. The secondary operating controls allow the system to be turned on from various locations in the house.

SYSTEM LAYOUT

Before you begin

Read all instructions before installing the unit. Also review supplemental instructions included with any controls that will be installed. Carefully unpack and inspect the unit for shipping damage. Open the access door and inspect inside the unit. Attach the four duct collars to the unit with the screws provided in the plastic small-parts bag.

Location of the Unit

Select a location so that:

- The fresh air intake vent from the outside is placed a minimum of ten feet from any other exhaust vent, and is at least 30" long.
- The two ducts to the outside are as short and straight as possible, for the best performance from the system. Shorter duct runs help assure that the system is balanced: the amount of air brought in is equal to the amount of air exhausted.
- The power cord reaches an electrical outlet.
- The door can be opened to allow cleaning the core and filters. Provide at least 24" of clearance at front of unit for service access to the blowers, filters and energy

exchange core.

- The exhaust outlet and fresh air inlet on the outside of the building should be at least ten feet apart to avoid cross-contamination. The exhaust duct should be about the same length as the fresh air duct.
- The exhaust outlet should not dump air into an enclosed space or into any other structure.
- Do not install the exhaust outlet and fresh air inlet through the roof or roof soffit. If these are the only available options call RenewAir technical support for help.

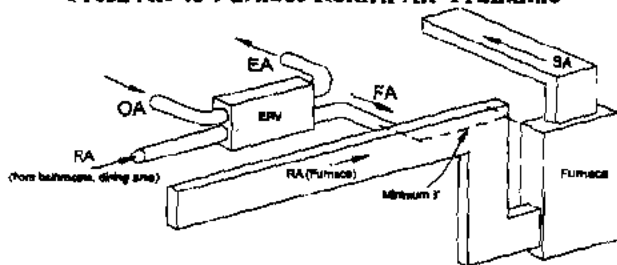
The preferred mounting location for the unit is on a concrete foundation wall because the foundation wall will isolate any blower vibration.

If a basement area is not available or practical, use other mechanical room space such as a closet, garage, storage, or accessible attic or crawl space.

NOTE: If you wish to install the unit in an attic or other unconditioned space, you must insulate all of the unit's ductwork that is located in the attic. Use at least R-6 insulation.

(A)

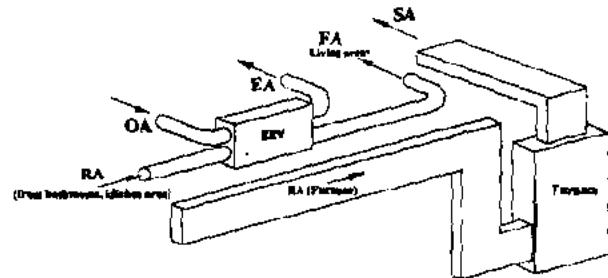
Separate Room Air Pick-up -
Fresh Air to Furnace Return Air Trunkline



Note: ERV Blower may be operated separate from Furnace Blower

(B)

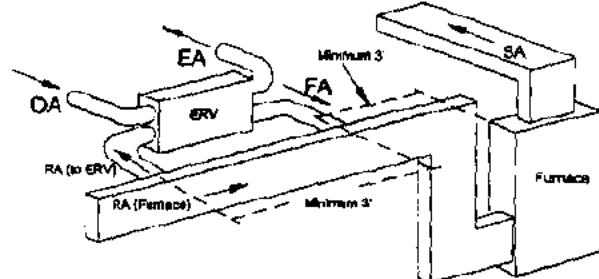
Separate Return Air and Fresh Air Supply



Note: ERV Blower may be operated separate from Furnace Blower
*Use caution to introduce FA at low velocity and where good mixing will occur to minimize discomfort from drafts

(C)

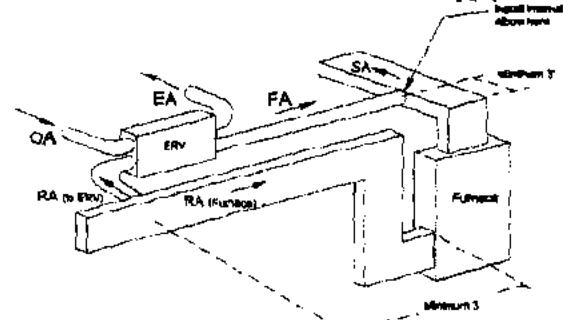
Furnace Return Air Back Into Return Air



Note: The Furnace Blower must be operated any time the ERV is operated. Use furnace fan "on" continuous low speed or optional FM control to cycle furnace fan on with ERV

(D)

Furnace Return Air Into Furnace Supply Air



Note: ERV Blower may be operated separate from Furnace Blower

RA: Room Air
EA: Exhaust Air

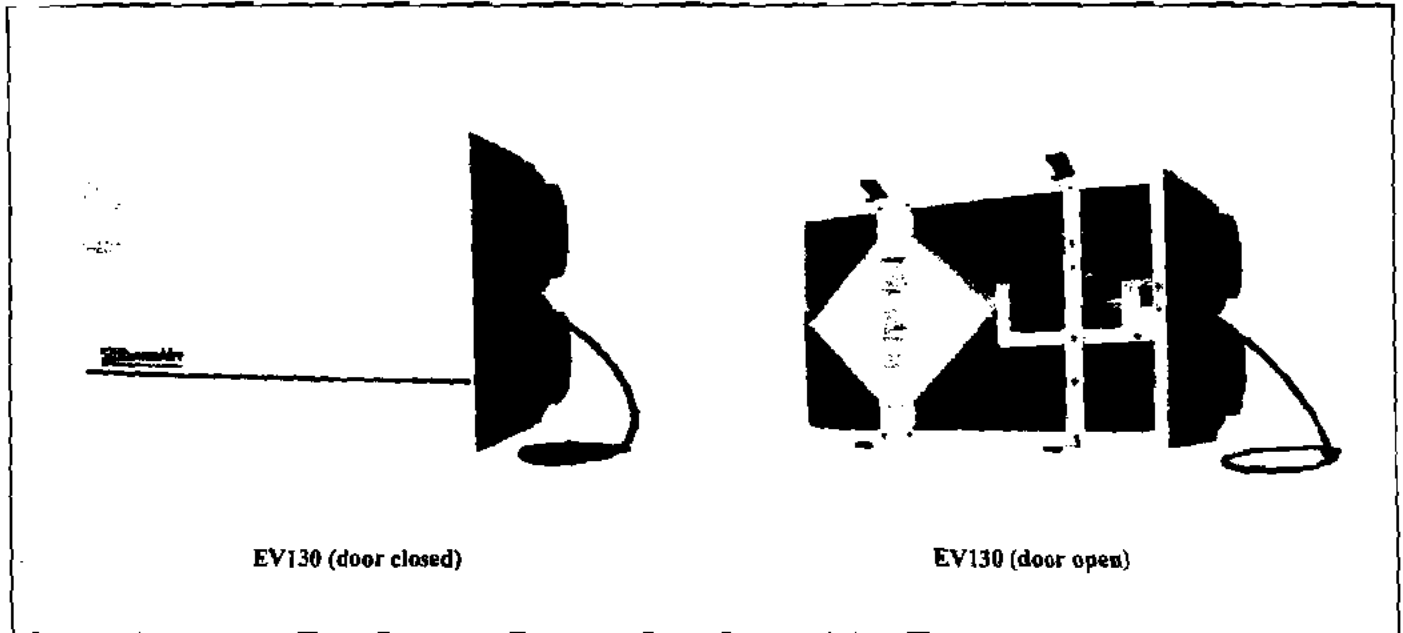
OA: Outside Air
SA: Supply Air (furnace)

FA: Fresh Air

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL

MODEL EV70\EV130\EV200\EV300

ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR (ERV)



WARNING

RISK OF FIRE, ELECTRIC SHOCK, OR INJURY.

OBSERVE ALL CODES AND THE FOLLOWING:

1. Before servicing or cleaning the unit, unplug the unit line cord. Make sure unit is not running before opening its door.
2. This installation manual shows the suggested installation method. Additional measures may be required by local codes and standards.
3. Installation work and electrical wiring must be done by qualified professional(s) in accordance with all applicable codes, standards and licensing requirements.
4. Any structural alterations necessary for installation must comply with all applicable building, health, and safety code requirements.
5. Connect this unit only to a 120VAC grounded receptacle protected by a 15 or 20 amp circuit breaker. Do not remove the unit's line cord.
6. Do not install unit or controls where they can be reached from a tub or shower.
7. This unit must be properly ducted to the outdoors.
8. Outside air inlet for this unit must be located away from sources of hazardous air such as auto exhausts.
9. Sufficient air is needed for proper combustion and exhausting of gases through the flue (chimney) of fuel burning equipment that might be installed in the area affected by this equipment. If this unit is exhausting air

- from a space in which chimney-vented fuel burning equipment is located, take steps to assure that combustion air supply is not affected. Follow the heating equipment manufacturer's requirements and the combustion air supply requirements of applicable codes and standards.
10. This unit is intended for general ventilating only. Do not use to exhaust hazardous or explosive materials and vapors. Do not connect this unit to range hoods, fume hoods or collection systems for toxics.
11. When cutting or drilling into wall or ceiling, do not damage electrical wiring and other hidden utilities.
12. Use the unit only in the manner intended by the manufacturer. If you have questions, contact the manufacturer.

CAUTION

1. To avoid motor bearing damage and noisy and/or unbalanced impellers, keep drywall spray, construction dust, etc., out of the unit.
2. Do not connect power to the units external control terminals: this will damage the unit. The external terminals are for use only with un-powered controls designed for low-voltage operation.