# Demolition of a Structure Permit Application

If you or the property owner owes real estate or personal property taxes or user charges on any property within the City, payment arrangements must be made before permits of any kind are accepted.

Location/Address of Construction:	MERRICC ST.		
Total Square Footage of Proposed Structure	Square Footage of Lot: 23394		
Tax Assessor's Chart, Block & Lot: Chart# Block# Lot#	Owner: MERRICI ST. RESTORATION 207 653 8216		
Lessee/Buyer's Name (If Applicable)	Applicant name, address & telephone:  Cost Of Work: \$ 7,000 —  Work: \$ 7,000 —  Work: \$ 7,000 —  Fee: \$  207 712 9147		
Current legal use: (i.e. garage, warehouse)  If vacant, what was the previous use?  How long has it been vacant?  SINCE FAU 70/1  Project description:			
Contractor's name, address & telephone: The MERRILL ST. RESTORATIONS LICE			
Who should we contact when the permit is ready: WHIRTUVE  Mailing address: 40 FORTIALD PIER Telephone: 207-653 8216-  PORTIALD ME SAIO			

Electronic files in pdf format are also required

Please submit all of the information outlined in the Demolition call list. Failure to do so will result in the automatic denial of your permit.

In order to be sure the City fully understands the full scope of the project, the Planning and Development Department may request additional information prior to the issuance of a permit. For further information or to download copies of this form and other applications visit the Inspections Division on-line at <a href="https://www.portlandmaine.gov">www.portlandmaine.gov</a>, or stop by the Inspections Division office, room 315 City Hall or call 874-8703.

I hereby certify that I am the Owner of record of the named property, or that the owner of record authorizes the proposed work and that I have been authorized by the owner to make this application as his/her authorized agent. I agree to conform to all applicable laws of this jurisdiction. In addition, if a permit for work described in this application is issued, I certify that the Code Official's authorized representative shall have the authority to enter all areas covered by this permit at any reasonable hour to enforce the provisions of the codes applicable to this permit.

Signature of applicant: Date: 1928 14

This is not a permit; you may not commence ANY work until the permit is issued.

Revised 06-21-2011

JOH SAMPSON PROCOMPRY COM



## Demolition Call List & Requirements

LLC

Site Address: 67 MERULU ST.	Ov	vner: MERRILL STREET RESTORATIONS	
Structure Type: SINGLE FAMILY	Со	Contractor:	
<b>Utility Approvals</b>	Number	Contact Name/Date	
Central Maine Power	1-800-750-4000	TRACY 8/18	
Unitil	1-207-541-2533	BARBARA MONTI 8/18	
Portland Water District	761-8310	DONNA BARNES 8/18	
Dig Safe	1-888-344-7233	TRISHA 8/18	
After calling Dig Safe, you must wait 7	2 business hours befo	re digging can begin.	
DPW/ Traffic Division	874-8891	JEREMIAH BARTUSTT	
DPW/ Sealed Drain Permit	874-8822	CAROL MERIT 8/19	
Historic Preservation	874-8726	DEB ANDROWS	
DEP – Environmental (Augusta)	287-2651	SANDY MOODY 8/18	
A 3 3:4: 1 D			

### **Additional Requirements**

- 1) Written notice to adjoining owners
- 2) A photo of the structure(s) to be demolished
- 3) A plot plan or site plan of the property
- 4) Certification from an asbestos abatement company

Permit Fee: \$30.00 for the first \$1000.00 construction cost, \$10.00 per additional \$1000.00 cost

All construction and demolition debris generated in Portland must be delivered to Riverside Recycling Facility at 910 Riverside Street. Source separated salvage materials placed in specifically designated containers are exempt from this provision. For more information call @ 874-8467.

U.S. EPA Region 1 – No Phone call required. Just mail copy of State notification to:

Demo / Reno Clerk US EPA Region I (SEA) JFK Federal Building Boston, MA 02203

I have contacted all of the necessary companies/departments as indicated above and attached all required documentation.

Signed O

Date: 10/28//4

For more information or to download this form and other permit applications visit the Inspections Division on our website at www.portlandmaine.gov



#### ASBESTOS BUILDING DEMOLITION NOTIFICATION

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Lead & Asbestos Hazard Prevention Program
17 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333



Maine law requires the filing of the ASBESTOS BUILDING DEMOLITION NOTIFICATION with the Department prior to demolition of any building except a single-family home.

Building owners are required to provide this notification of the demolition of a building to the DEP at least 5 working days prior to the demolition. This notification is not required before the demolition of a single-family residence or related structure (e.g., garage, shed, barn). It is also not required if previous notification of the demolition has been provided to the DEP as part of an asbestos abatement project notification. *Demolition* means the tearing down or intentional burning of a building or part of a building.

Prior to demolition, building owners must determine if there is any asbestos-containing material(s) (ACM) in the building. An "asbestos inspection" by a DEP-licensed Asbestos Consultant is required for all buildings except single-family homes and residential buildings with 2-4 units built after 1980. In lieu of an asbestos inspection, pre-1981 residential buildings with 2-4 units can be <u>surveyed</u> to identify possible ACM by someone knowledgeable about ACM, such as a code enforcement officer or building inspector. If materials that may contain asbestos are found, then you can either assume they are ACM or hire a DEP-licensed Asbestos Consultant to test the materials.

Whenever more than 3 square feet or 3 linear feet of ACM is identified, the ACM must be abated in accordance with the *Maine Asbestos Management Regulations* by a DEP-licensed Asbestos Abatement Contractor. This includes materials presumed to be ACM. Check www.maine.gov for a listing of asbestos contractors.

Prior to issuing a local demolition permit, the DEP requests that municipalities have applicants for municipal demolition permits complete this form and fax it to the DEP at 207-287-7826. Municipalities should not issue local demolition permits if the required asbestos inspection or survey has not been performed and identified ACM removed.

## Were regulated asbestos-containing building materials found? ☐ yes □ x no

property address: 67 MERRILL STREET PORTLAND, ME, 0401	building description:  □ pre-1981 residential with 2-4 units □ post-1980 residential with 2-4 units □ other: SINGUE FAMILY
asbestos survey/inspection performed by: (name & address)  TON SAMPSON  73 MERRILL STREET  PORTLAND ME OU 01	asbestos abatement contractor
telephone:  property owner: (name & address)  MERRILL STREET RESTORATIONS LLC  LHO PORTLAND PIER #11  PORTLAND ME 04101  telephone:	telephone:  demolition contractor: (name & address)  SMITH & SON EXCAVATING  8 PLEASANT HILL ROAD  SCARBOROUGH, ME. 04074  telephone: (207) 883 1513
demolition start date:	demotition end date:

This demolition notification does not take the place of the Asbestos Project Notification if applicable

I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS CORRECT				
JOHATHAN SAMPSON	SUB CONTRACTOR			
Priht Name: Owner/Agent	Title	Signature		
207-712-9147		10/28/14		
Telephone #	FAX#	Date		

#### What is asbestos?

Asbestos is a general term for several kinds of natural mineral fibers that have been used to strengthen and fireproof materials for nearly 4,000 years. The fibers are recovered from asbestos ore mined primarily in Canada, Russia, and South Africa. In addition to being good insulators, asbestos fibers are strong, flexible, fireproof, and very resistant to chemical attack.

#### What products contain asbestos?

Asbestos is found in a wide a variety of products. It has been used to manufacture nearly 3,500 products such as pipe insulation, boiler covering, sprayed-on acoustical plaster, vinyl floor products, rigid siding, cement pipe, gaskets, paints, paper, textiles, and friction materials like disc brakes. Buildings constructed before 1980 are very likely to contain some asbestos products.

#### Is asbestos a health or environmental problem?

The presence of asbestos in such a wide variety of consumer products means that most Americans have been exposed, over time, to this mineral to one degree or another.

For the vast majority of Americans who have never worked with asbestos, the exposure received in their lifetime should have no significant health effects. However, for those exposed to large amounts of asbestos for significant periods of time, there may be serious health consequences.

Prolonged high exposure to asbestos fibers has been shown to cause asbestosis (lung scarring), lung cancer, mesothelioma, and several internal cancers such as cancers of the stomach and larynx. People who have been exposed to asbestos who also smoke have a much greater chance of disease than nonsmokers.

#### Is all asbestos potentially dangerous?

Asbestos products are potentially dangerous if they release asbestos fibers to the air where the fibers can enter the body through the lungs.

Friable asbestos, such as pipe and boiler covering and spray-on insulation, is the asbestos of primary concern. It easily releases asbestos fibers into the air when crushed, handled or disturbed. Asbestos that is in good condition or in a form that does not easily release fibers is much less of a hazard. This means that well-maintained asbestos or asbestos tightly bound into materials like vinyl or cement is much less likely to release asbestos fibers.

#### What are the laws regarding asbestos?

In Maine, the asbestos regulations apply to any work that impacts greater than 3 square feet or 3 linear feet of asbestos. The Maine "Asbestos Management Regulations" require that the Department be notified prior to removal or repair of asbestos that companies performing inspection, monitoring, design, training, asbestos analysis or abatement be licensed with the Department, and that certain work practices be followed to protect employees and the public. Also, individuals working for the licensed companies must be trained and certified with the Department.

Engineering controls, such as polyethylene "containments", negative pressure ventilation, and wet methods, are basic requirements in the asbestos regulations of both the Maine DEP and the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). Engineering controls minimize the potential for asbestos fiber release in and out of the asbestos work area. The importance of utilizing proper engineering controls on an asbestos project can not be overemphasized.

Maximum allowable employee exposures are regulated by OSHA and personal protective equipment (suits, respirators, etc.) and hygiene standards are prescribed. Protective equipment is to be used only in conjunction with engineering controls and not as a "stand-alone" defense against inhalation of asbestos fibers.

#### Who regulates asbestos?

Several state and federal agencies regulate asbestos in Maine including:

- Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP): Primary asbestos contact in Maine. Responsibilities include regulating licensing, notification, training, storage, transportation, disposal and work practices for removal, inspection, design, monitoring, and analysis of asbestos. Telephone number: 287-2651.

#### **Pre-Abatement Requirements:**

A. Renovation and Demolition Inspections. Prior to conducting a renovation or demolition activity that impacts any building material likely to contain asbestos (such as those used in roofing, flooring, siding, ceiling, and wall systems) or any component likely to contain asbestos (such as heating, ventilation, air conditioning, and plumbing systems), the owner or operator must have an inspection conducted for the presence of asbestos-containing materials. In lieu of inspection, the owner or operator may presume that building materials and components contain asbestos that requires that these materials be abated in accordance with these rules.

A DEP-certified Asbestos Inspector must perform the inspection. The inspection must identify all asbestos-containing materials that could be impacted during the renovation or demolition activity, must be completed prior to submission of notification to the Department, must be in writing, and must be on-site and made immediately available to the Department upon request.

Residential dwellings constructed before 1981 that consist of two (2) to four (4) units must be evaluated for building materials and components that are likely to contain asbestos. This evaluation may be performed by a DEP-certified Asbestos Inspector or by a person familiar with asbestos-containing building materials. If building materials and/or components likely to contain asbestos are found, these must be removed in accordance with these regulations prior to demolition except as allowed in section 7.B of this rule or must be tested by a DEP-certified Asbestos Inspector to demonstrate that they are not ACM.

Single family residences and residences constructed after 1980 that consist of two (2) to four (4) units, are exempt from the inspection provisions of this section.

Specific building materials that do not require inspection, sampling, and analysis for asbestos include: wood, fiberglass, glass, plastic, metal, laminates, and gypsum board when joint compound was used only as filler and not as a layered component, and exterior caulking and glazing. Also, building materials do not need to be inspected when written documents exist confirming that no asbestos was used in the materials that will be impacted, or that the materials were previously inspected by a DEP-certified Asbestos Inspector and affirmatively determined through sampling and analysis to not be ACM .

NOTE: To maintain compliance with Maine law, if more than 3 square feet or 3 linear feet of ACM is present, this ACM must be removed prior to the demolition, except that intact packing, gaskets, roofing, and flooring may be left in place when the demolition is performed by large equipment in accordance with these rules. Homeowners are encouraged to conduct a walk-through of their single family homes to identify suspect asbestos-containing materials, such as thermal system insulation, ceiling tile, exterior cementitious siding, rigid panels, and resilient floor covering, and hire a consultant or contractor if suspect materials are observed. The Department can provide, upon request, more information regarding common asbestos-containing materials in buildings.