

*(B) notes*

# CITY OF PORTLAND, MAINE

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## ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

*Judy George  
David Klenicki*

### "Practical Difficulty" Variance Appeal in R-6 Residential Zone

#### DECISION

Date of public hearing: August 20, 2015

Name and address of applicant:      Legacy 18 Development Corporation  
    223 Smith Rd.  
    Windham, ME 04062

Location of property under appeal:    5-9 Romasco Lane

#### For the Record:

Names and addresses of witnesses (proponents, opponents and others):

Exhibits admitted (e.g. renderings, reports, etc.):

Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

Applicants intend to build a four story building with five residential condominiums on the property. The property is presently vacant. Section 14-139 requires a minimum lot area of 725 square feet per dwelling unit, thus to permit five condominiums, the lot would need to be 3,635<sup>sf</sup>. This lot is approximately 3,342 square feet. Applicants seek relief from section 14-139 by to permit them to build five residential condominiums on a lot that is approximately 3,342 square feet.

“Practical Difficulty” Variance standard pursuant to Portland City Code §14-473(c)(3):

1. The application is for a variance from dimensional standards of the zoning ordinance (lot area, lot coverage, frontage, or setback requirements).

Satisfied 4-0 Not Satisfied \_\_\_\_\_

Reason and supporting facts:

*type of request falls w/in parameter*

2. Strict application of the provisions of the ordinance would create a practical difficulty, meaning it would both preclude a use of the property which is permitted in the zone in which it is located and also would result in significant economic injury to the applicant. “Significant economic injury” means the value of the property if the variance were denied would be substantially lower than its value if the variance were granted. To satisfy this standard, the applicant need not prove that denial of the variance would mean the practical loss of all beneficial use of the land.

Satisfied 1 Not Satisfied 3

Reason and supporting facts:

unique situation / good component -  
not gen condition of neighborhood

3. The need for a variance is due to the unique circumstances of the property and not to the general conditions in the neighborhood.

Satisfied 4 Not Satisfied 0

Reason and supporting facts:

- distinguish use -  
observed need for variance not related to  
general condition of next - issue to  
property

4. The granting of the variance will not produce an undesirable change in the character of the neighborhood and will not have an unreasonably detrimental effect on either the use or fair market value of abutting properties.

Satisfied 4 Not Satisfied 0

Reason and supporting facts:

other multi-units in neighborhood -  
no testimony from public comment  
- testimony to show or

5. The practical difficulty is not the result of action taken by the applicant or a prior owner.

Satisfied 4 Not Satisfied 0

Reason and supporting facts:

Standard due diligence + no testimony  
Otherwise - not a retroactive  
request

6. No other feasible alternative is available to the applicant, except a variance.

Satisfied 1 Not Satisfied 3

Reason and supporting facts:

— No alt to std 5<sup>th</sup> unit w/o variance

7. The granting of a variance will not have an unreasonably adverse effect on the natural environment.

Satisfied 4 Not Satisfied 0

Reason and supporting facts:

no testimony of adverse effects

8. The property is not located, in whole or in part, within a shoreland area, as defined in 38 M.R.S.A. § 435, nor within a shoreland zone or flood hazard zone.

Satisfied 4 Not Satisfied 0

Reason and supporting facts:

not us in shoreland or flood hazard

**Conclusion:** (check one)

Option 1: The Board finds that the standards described above (1 through 8) have been satisfied and therefore GRANTS the application.

Option 2: The Board finds that while the standards described above (1 through 8) have been satisfied, certain additional conditions must be imposed to minimize adverse effects on other property in the neighborhood, and therefore GRANTS the application SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

DK  
3 - 1 EV  
CG

Option 3: The Board finds that the standards described above (1 through 8) have NOT all been satisfied and therefore DENIES the application.

Dated:

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Board Chair

- Quidy

- good faith - based on Assessment
  - Class 3D - Boundary survey
  - 
  - enough for R-6 -
  - proceeded w/ plans

- Practical variance

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Business profita-

- extra protection -
- 1<sup>st</sup> & 5<sup>th</sup> - profit
- margin to show

Square footage

- made units smaller

275' || given up + sized down condos -

- giving up 5<sup>th</sup> unit -

Ramsey - not prime - location  
not as -

- Margie's lots

- 5<sup>th</sup> family - if you  
will grant - thought we  
were buying

- Lot line dimensions - precisely same  
as tax map - no reason to

the square footage would be off

- not asking for all the sq -

same height  
less footprint  
smaller units -

- Class D - Deed + title -

\$5200 - Class A -

- turned over every stone  
that's is typical -

- had it designed 1,000/unit -

850<sup>+</sup> - stay w/in allotted  
area -

- not going to redesign  
- not asking for extra sq ft

'f worse cushion - risky  
investment

- 2 condos under contract

to get financing  
5<sup>th</sup> would sell -

- nontradition - 11%

- \$200,000 / difference in price -

- set above 1,000<sup>+</sup> - can't get  
price need -

- don't want to be in exposure  
unit vs others - of a lot less
- large unit risky

~~Realtor~~

- trying to keep similar in size
- + for equal votes -

Actual diligence + typical diligence

- city maps
- 3398 -

40% from what it: 463% - narrow margin

- if you can't build 5
- can't build 4 units -
- single family - (no one bought)
- financer - wanted condo net apt -
- cost of const - cash flow -

### Public Comment

- Robert Hains

- financing contingent - on selling 2 units - C of O issued
- regular survey - good (good)

- Judy - go under contract C of O @ closing  
have to 2 under contract - commitment to C of O

Marquis Hoff -

- brought in set of drawings

can still be used 4 unit -

draws a f value

- financial - economic injury -
- ~~set~~ unit is profit -

#1

Craig - try to come to right decision

- difficult

- not judging a good or bad

- <sup>only</sup> have to apply standards

#2

totality of P + Urban Dev.

no further testimony -

QL - facts of letter - opinion -

- not offering anything in addition

R. good pts for lot + neigh

- affordable - bsg - not  
w specific standards

Chs

I struggle -

- economic injury

- use is not excluded by  
quantify -

- find it hard to

- single family - > 4-family

El - reviewed law courts -

5 units vs 4 unit - distinction  
in use -

- not clearly

- what is a significant injury -

- we have a lot -

- seems like a significant amt of \$

- 200,000 of our \$ in it - minimal

- come out even -

Applic

other practical use - we would  
lose \$ - no interest for  
masonry -

F

Some economic injury  
not so significant

DK - not denying property  
is a significant econ impact

Loss -- break even -- a better  
- not a case - worse off -  
- substantially lower value

DK. Value land - 4 vs 5 -  
- 1 in profit -

EL - 4 units - if can add 5<sup>th</sup>  
- subd more -  
- don't know what that it is  
- \$1 invested - carry # of calculations  
- question of use - not taking away use  
4 vs 5 - is a different use

Chg - use is matter of degree not  
kind - used - matter of  
degree - 1<sup>st</sup> is more

Kent - 4<sup>th</sup> some TI - 5<sup>th</sup> more  
- weighs against 4 -

- short several hundred feet  
- hard to run -  
- not likely to get funding  
- met w/ bank - before brought  
- short of being here now

173 - perceived lot size -

which is final lot size

4% threshold

- less germane - original  
perceived -  
- new -

chip no.

- feasible alternatives -  
kurt - risk